

ILS LAW COLLEGE, PUNE







Welcome to ILS

- Founded on June 20th, 1924 as the Law College, Poona when the University of Bombay gave its sanction for a college of law in Poona.
- Graded A+ by National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC), Bangalore, in 2004.
- Ranked 1st amongst the Top Ten Law Colleges in the country by the India Today, ORG-MARG poll survey in 2005, and by the 'Week' in 2006.
- Awarded 'SILF-MILAT Institutional Excellence Award 2013' by Society of Indian Law Firms and Menon Institute of Legal Advocacy Training, Delhi.
- Awarded 'Best Private Education Institute 2012-13' in the Law School Category by WCRC Leaders Asia.
- Spread over a 195 acres campus in the heart of the city of Pune
- A faculty comprising of highly qualified & committed people.
- A library rated one amongst the best in India, with over 57820 books and bound volumes of periodicals along with national and international, journals and magazines.
- A boys' hostel with a capacity of over 190 male students.
- Girls' hostel, to accommodate 110 lady students.
- An enormous range of student clubs and societies, particularly the Mooting, Debate and Drama societies, besides the sports, trekking and other extra curricular clubs.
- Funded by the Ford Foundation, USA during 1996-2000 to sustain our tradition of innovation in teaching techniques and methods of learning.
- 1" volume of ILS Law Review released, March 2008.
- LL.M. Pragramme started at ILS in 2010-11
- Women's Studies Centre established 2011
- International Collaboration between the VU University, Amsterdam, Netherlands and ILS, comprising of Ph.D. programs and setting up of Law and Policy Action Lab at ILS Launched in December 2012.
- Selected by Government of India as one of the Premier Institutions eligible for Central Sector Scholarship Scheme of Top Class Education for Scheduled Tribe (ST) and Scheduled Caste (SC).

Disclaimer

The Prospectus is a guide for applicants who intend to enter the coilege in 2014 and it has been produced as carefully as possible for this purpose. Although every effort is made to ensure that information is accurate and up to date, the matters covered by the prospectus are subject to change from time to time.

This college reserves the right to alter or withdraw any course or parts of courses. All offers of admission to pursue a course of studies as a registered student of the college are made by the Principal. No promise or purported offer made otherwise than in accordance with this regulation has any validity.

On implementation of Legal Education Rules 2008 of Bar Council of India by University of Pune the Curriculum and Eligibility (Age) criterion of admission, may change.

Price of Prospectus with application Form: Rs. 1000/-By Post: Rs. 1150/-

90 Years of Nation Building - Our Contribution...

- Justice P.B. Gajendragadkar
 Chief Justice, Supreme court of India (1964-66)
- Justice Y.V. Chandrachud

 Chief Justice, Supreme court of India (1977-85)
- Justice E.S. Venkataramaih
 Chief Justice, Supreme court of India (1987-89)
- Shri K. M. Reddy
 Former Governor of Maharashtra
- Shri Y.B. Chavan
 Former Deputy Prime Minister of India
- Shri Mohan Dharia
 Former Minister of Commerce
- Shri Sushilkumar Shinde
 Home Minister, Govt. of India & Former Chief Minister of
 Maharashtra
- Shri Vilasrao Deshmukh
 Former Chief Minister of Maharashtra
- Shri Arun Kirloskar Industrialist
- Dr. Prabha Atre Indian Classical Vocalist
- Prof. S.P. Sathe
 Former Dir. Institute of
 Advanced Legal Studies (IALS) and
 Ex-Principal, ILS Law College
- Dr. Alice Jacob
 Former Director of Indian Law Institute and
 Ex-Member, Law Commission of India
- Dr. A.T. Markose
 First Director of Indian Law Institute

 Former Professor, Cochin University

ILS Law College

Address : Chiplunkar Road (Law College Road),

Pune - 411 004

Information: Tel.: (+) 91-20-25656775, Ext. 121

(+) 91-20-25656775, Ext. 140 Fax: (+) 91-20-25658665 E-mail: ilslaw@vsnl.com Website: www.ilslaw.edu

College Office Working Hours:

Monday to Saturday: 9.00 am. - 4.00 pm.

College Timings

Morning Session : 7.15 am onwards Day Session : 10.05 am onwards

Our Mission

" कृण्वन्तो विश्वमार्यम् ।" - Rigveda, Mandala-9, Sukta-63, R.ca-5

We will make the whole world "Aaryam". The word "Aaryam" refers to moral, cultural and spiritual excellence leading to eternal bappiness. It shall be the ideal of this Society, for accomplishment of which, its efforts will always be directed towards an all round elevation of the entire population of this vast country. It should be raised to a level of equality on a higher plane ensuring everlasting peace, prosperity and higher mentality. The Society looks forward to a period of time when as a result of advancement of the people in their morals and outlook on life, the distinctions on the ground of birth will disappear by reason of all reaching a higher level of mental and moral excellence. The prayer of the Society will be to taise the nation to that ideal and its efforts will always be directed with that end in view:

" कृण्वन्तो विश्वमार्यम् ।"

From The President's Chair



I feel privileged and proud to be associated with ILS Law College for a long time, first as student and then as Member of the Governing Body, its Vice-President and President. I joined the ILS Law College in 1951 following my elder brother Annasaheb Shinde (Former Central Minister) who completed Law from this College. I was involved in the 1942 freedom movement and other social struggles and incidentally, many great leaders who made a deep impact on my mind like Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Dr. Ambedkar, were from the legal profession - Barristers or Advocates.

Our College has an enviable campus, the best hostel, probably the best mess that used to be managed by Shri Vyankatrao Pai and above all, a wonderful team of teachers under the leadership of Principal Pandit whom I still consider as my 'Idol'.

I feel proud of the glorious past of the Indian Law Society and the Law College. The mantle of quality legal education with high dedication and commitment to the profession has passed through generations and still being carried on by the present day faculty members. I welcome the students to enjoy the serene beauty of the sprawling campus, take part in all enrichment activities, hone their professional skills and become enlightened citizens of a 'better tomorrow'.

Shri Raosaheb Shinde President, Indian Law Society (Class of 51)



Life is a better experience with a touch of legality. Since you've decided to pursue a career in legal studies, I welcome you to the fraternity of people for whom life is law.

What should be the essential requirements for a person to be a good lawyer-discipline to follow the law, restraint and courage to speak the truth. Compounded with this, a lawyer must also realize his commitment to the society - justice, equity and good conscience must rule his philosophy of law.

Only a good legal education, one that allows you to understand the framing of laws and also their correct implementation can promote such qualities. ILS Law College provides you with all this and more. ILS has always been instrumental in producing lawyers par excellence and has been at the forefront of education, research and innovations in the field of law.

It is due to the pure dedication and sincerity of its flag bearers, that ILS is, where it is today. I consider myself fortunate to have been a student and the Principal of this college - a part of its 80 year old glorious tradition.

I wish ILS and its students all success in their onward march.

• **Late Dr. S.P. Sathe** Former Principal, ILS Law College (Class of '54)





I congratulate you for making a right choice to select ILS Law College for studies of law. Today, ILS is a prestigious name in legal education. A+ ranking by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council - an autonomous body of the University Grants Commission and No. 1 ranking by media fortifies our claim for quality legal education. Generations of our students since the establishment of the ILS College in 1924 have strengthened its reputation. The College has strived to impart socially relevant and professionally designed legal education for last 90 years. ILS Law College was selected for the 'Institutional Excellence Awared 2013' by the Society of Indian Law Firms (SILF) and Menon Institute of Legal Advocacy Training (MILAT), and Asian 'Best Private Education Institute 2012-13' award by World Consulting and Research Organisation in 2013. Law, according to us, is not an activity of the State, but part of our life. There is no activity of human life with which law is not concerned. Law is the foundation of the Universe and everything is centered in law. This belief is expressed in our motto धर्मे सर्वं प्रतिष्ठितम्। (Everything is centered in law). Guided by this philosophy of law, ILS has nurtured its own educational culture. Law and legal profession have acquired a central place in the global economy. Along the legal complexities, it has become necessary to study impact of globalization on social and political institutions. To facilitate such study, we have made efforts to effectively combine the theory and practice of law. The classroom teaching is supported by moot courts, legal aid, legal literacy and legal research. This will introduce you to court crafts and expose you to social realities.

You will enjoy learning law among the multi-cultural and multi-lingual student body, in the beautiful surroundings and free but disciplined ambience.

Join our mission on the path of Justice, Liberty and Equality.

I look forward to meeting you at the ILS

V & V. Vaijayanti Joshi

S Law College, Pune is an equal opportunity institution. It does not discriminate on the grounds of race, age, religion, caste, sex, disability, colour and origin.

It observes the principle of equality as guaranteed under the constitution of India and other Statutes.



भारत सरकार मॅट्रीकोत्तर शिष्यवृत्ती / फ्रीशीप योजनेअंतर्गत अ.जाती, भ.जा. व वि.जाती, इ.मा.वर्ग, वि.मा. प्रवर्गातील विद्यार्थ्यांनी

https://mahaeschol.maharashtra.gov.in या वेबसाईटवर व अ.जमातीच्या विद्यार्थ्यांनी https://etribal.maharashtra.gov.in या वेबसाईटवर ऑनलाईन पध्दतीने अर्ज भरुन त्याची हार्डकॉपी महाविद्यालयात आवश्यक कागदपत्रांसहित सादर करावी.

आवश्यक कागदपत्रे *

- अ. भारत सरकार मॅट्रीकोत्तर शिष्यवृत्ती योजना
 - १. पासपोर्टआकाराचा १ फोटो.
 - उत्पन्नाचा दाखला (मूळ प्रत)
 उत्पन्नाचा दाखला सक्षम अधिकाऱ्याचा असावा. विद्यार्थ्याचे पालक नोकरीत असल्यास तेथील एकूण
 उत्पन्नाचा दाखला (उदा. मूळ वेतन + महागाई भत्ता + इतर भत्ते मिळून मिळणारे उत्पन्न) तसेच इतर
 मार्गांनी मिळणारे उत्पन्ना. वडील हयात नसल्यास विडलांचा मृत्यू दाखला आवश्यक. विवाहित
 विद्यार्थींनींच्या बाबतीत पतीच्या उत्पन्नाचा दाखला जोडणे आवश्यक आहे.
 - ३. जातीचा सक्षम अधिकाऱ्यांचा दाखला व अ.जमाती साठी जात वैधता प्रमाणपत्र (साक्षांकित प्रत).
 - प्रवेशीत अभ्यासक्रमासाठी पात्रता परीक्षा ते मागील वर्षी उत्तीर्ण झाल्याचे गुणपत्रके (साक्षांकित प्रत).
 शिक्षणात खंडपडलेला असल्यास सक्षम अधिकाऱ्याचे गॅप प्रमाणपत्र व शपथपत्र (मूळ प्रत).
 - ५. विद्यार्थी दुसऱ्या जिल्ह्यातून शिक्षणासाठी आला असल्यास जिल्हा बदल प्रमाणपत्र. विद्यार्थ्यांने त्याच जिल्ह्यातून महाविद्यालय बदलल्यास मागील वर्षी शिष्यवृत्ती मिळाल्याच्या आदेश क्रमांकाचे प्रमाणपत्र (मूळ प्रत).
 - ६. विद्यार्थी खाजगी किंवा महाविद्यालयाच्या वसतिगृहात राहात असल्यास वसतिगृह प्रमाणपत्र (मूळ प्रत).
 - ७. शाळा / कॉलेज सोडल्याचा दाखला (साक्षांकित प्रत).

ब. भारत सरकार मॅट्रीकोत्तर शिक्षण शुल्क व परीक्षा शुल्क (फ्रीशीप) योजना

- ९. उत्पन्नाचा दाखला (मूळ प्रत) उत्पन्नाचा दाखला सक्षम अधिकाऱ्याचा असावा. विद्यार्थ्यांचे पालक नोकरीत असल्यास तेथील एकूण उत्पन्नाचा दाखला (उदा. मूळ वेतन + महागाई भत्ता + इतर भत्ते मिळून मिळणारे उत्पन्न) तसेच इतर मार्गांनी मिळणारे उत्पन्न. वडील ह्यात नसल्यास वडिलांचा मृत्यू दाखला आवश्यक. विवाहित विद्यार्थीनींच्या बाबतीत पतीच्या उत्पन्नाचा दाखला जोडणे आवश्यक आहे.
- २. जातीचा सक्षम अधिकाऱ्यांचा दाखला व अ.जमाती साठी जात वैधता प्रमाणपत्र (साक्षांकित प्रत).
- प्रवेशीत अभ्यासक्रमासाठी पात्रता परीक्षा ते मागील वर्षी उत्तीर्ण झाल्याचे गुणपत्रके (साक्षांकित प्रत).
 शिक्षणात खंडपडलेला असल्यास सक्षम अधिकाऱ्याचे गॅप प्रमाणपत्र व शपथपत्र (मूळ प्रत).
- ४. नॉन क्रिमीलेअर प्रमाणपत्र (फक्त भ.जा. व वि.जा., इ.मा.व., वि.मा.वर्ग जातीसाठी) (साक्षांकित प्रत) (उत्पन्नाची मर्यादा रु. ४,५०,०००/–).
- ५. शाळा / कॉलेज सोडल्याचा दाखला (साक्षांकित प्रत).

^{*} या कागदापत्राव्यतिरिक्त शासन नियमामध्ये बदल झाल्यास त्याप्रमाणे आवश्यक कागदपत्रे आणावी लागतील.











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Why Law

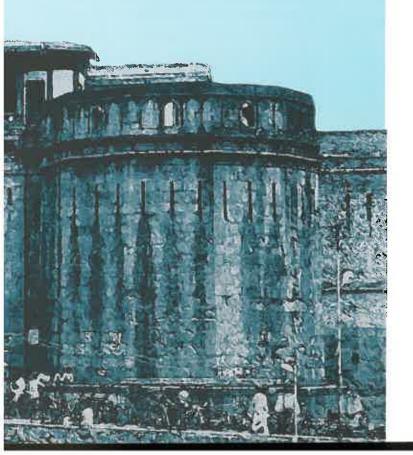
Over the last two decades Law has established itself as one of the most popular subject of study. A simple explanation for this would be that the legal professions' expansion of services, especially in the financial and commercial sectors and in the field of the Internet and E-Commerce, has created an apparently insatiable demand for good young lawyers. In India, as in much of the world, a Law degree has long been recognized as the mark of an educated person; a basis not only for legal practice but also for careers in national and local government, commerce and industry and many other fields. What has the study of Law to offer to the modern student, irrespective of his or her intentions? Law touches every aspect of life and its study generates an awareness of issues of all kinds. Law is about problem-solving; it therefore requires an understanding of situations. with appreciation interrelationships, as well as an awareness of the ramifications of possible courses of action. These are useful in every social role and context. What may come as a surprise to the novice is that Law is also a creative study in which, from the earliest stages, students make, and are expected to make, positive contributions. The issues they are expected to grasp are those which

are fundamental to organized society - and over which there are real disputes. Thinking through a problem to reach a fair and practicable solution is a major challenge and requires special training. The student who wants merely to learn things, who is content to become possessed of a body of abstract knowledge, would do well to select some other course of study: the student who wants to be faced with problems which are to be solved not only in a narrow, technical manner but in the context of real social, political, moral and philosophical issues, should find a Law degree course an attractive and beneficial discipline.



Why ILS

students and staff dedicated to bringing out the best in all of its members. Our aim is to provide the finest opportunities and environment for teaching, learning and research. We have a long and distinguished record of academic excellence and innovation since the foundation of the college in 1924. The basic principle behind the foundation of ILS Law College was to establish a regularized system of imparting legal education. From 1924 to 2014 for over 90 years, we have endeavoured and achieved this ambition and maintained our standards of excellence. Ranked amongst the top Law Colleges in the country, we believe in creating a



relaxed and flexible environment to allow students to grow and develop at their own pace. The courses offered here are a product of critical thought and careful experiment over many productive years. We offer an education characterized by a mixture of theory and practice and a commitment to public service. This college has always been a firm believer in innovation, both in pedagogy and curriculum. In tune with the recent globalization of the profession, a new experiment in learning and teaching of law was proposed to the Ford Foundation at New Delhi for funds under their programme 'Rights & Social Justice' and was implemented. Striving further to harbour individuality of thought and expression and the stimulation to reach the acme of the legal profession, this college organizes a multitude of workshops, conferences and lectures. It has always been the foremost aim of this college to insist on giving students the independence to use the abounding opportunities available and carve out their own niche in college life.

At this college, we give special emphasis on perspectives and insights from other disciplines and encourage an integrated approach to law and an exploration of the legal profession's socio-economic role and ethical commitments.

Five Reasons to Choose Pune - the City & University



If you are looking for complete education - look no further. Students from all over the country and abroad are flocking to Pune, as apart from the academic infrastructure, the culture and ethos of the city too seems to have won the hearts of many a student.

RECOGNITION

Pune University is ranked among the top five in the country. Almost 30% of foreign students in India are at Pune. The University has over 40 engineering and

management institutes. Pune is also the fastest growing centre for studies in IT. Called the 'Oxford of the East', the city has an enormous student population and a number of renowned institutions



including the National Defence Academy, Film and Television Institute of India, Fergusson College, Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics and ILS Law College.

ACCESSIBILITY



Pune is an easily accessible city benefiting from excellent road, rail and air communications. It is well connected to all important cities by direct train services and also has a domestic airport.

AFFORDABLE LIVING

Pune has the charm of the small city with facilities expected from a bustling metro. Perfect for students, as almost everything is available at an affordable price - from eating joints to internet cases. Residential accommodation is easily available and is very economical. The city benefits

from an efficient public transport system and general cost of transportation is relatively low. Pune is one of the most preferred destinations for students in India, from South East Asia and Africa. It has a cosmopolitan population imparting it the character of a world city. With the same facilities one would expect from a busy metro, Pune retains the coziness of a small town. It is a very safe place to stay in, the low crime rates being a proof of that. The denizens of this city are helpful by nature, and to settle down in this place does not take much effort.

CULTURAL CAPITAL

Pune is the cultural capital of Maharashtra. Whatever be your area of interest - Pune's got a lot to offer. Be it theatre or films, dance or music, debating or elocution, yoga or sports - Pune is always abuzz with encouraging and entertaining activities. Associations like the SPIC-MACAY, AIESEC, Lalit Kala Academy, give students ample opportunities to hone their talents.

ENVIRONMENT

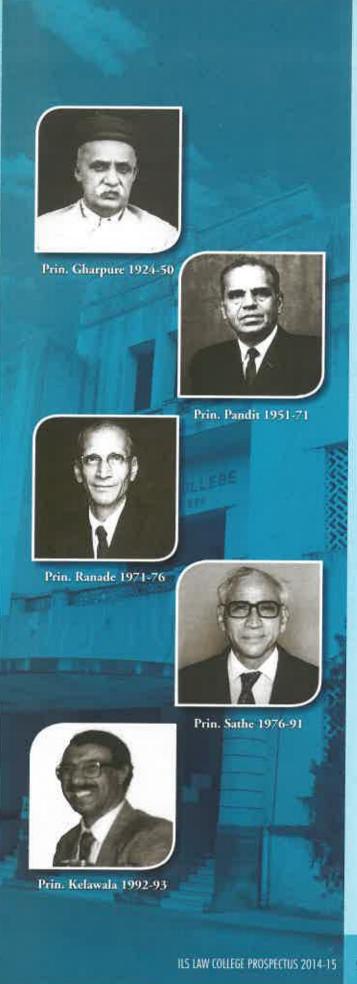
Pune is nature lover's paradise. Within a radius of 5 km from the heart of the city, you have numerous places to visit including the Sinhagad fort, the NDA, the Khadakwasla dam and the natural wonders like the Pashan lake and the hills surrounding the city add to its beauty. Pune has a salubrious climate conducive to work.



Our Roots - the early Days

The early days of the Indian Law Society's Law College te back as far as the year 1902, when Mr. J.R. Gharpure d Mr. P.B. Singhe decided to make a new beginning in e direction of a regularized system of imparting legal ucation. 'The New Law Class, Bombay' was therefore irted in 1903. After running this class for five years, it was ought desirable to start a regular law college, which ould be affiliated to a university. Accordingly, the rgusson College Law Class was started in 1908, and was nducted by Mr. Gharpure. More than 125 students were gistered on roll. However within a few weeks, this titution was disaffiliated from the University of mbay. After a period of more than fifteen years the above periment was still under trial. The scope for provement was recognised and on 4th March, 1923, a w society called the 'Indian Law Society' was ugurated, whose first President was Dr. Sir Narayan Rao Chandawarkar. It was proposed at this meeting that a vate law college be set up in Pune. After preliminary parations, the Law college formally commenced eration on the 20th of June 1924, under the banner of Indian Law Society. It was then known as the 'Poona w College'. The Society acquired 200 acres of land and first building called the Saraswati Building was built in 35. The foundation stone was laid down at the hands of Late Honourable Srinivas Shastri on 7th January 1935.

The Saraswati building was thoughtfully hitectured to look like a sage meditating in the 'lotus' ition. Subsequently the hostel for resident students, a mkhana and a pavilion were also built. The istruction of a swimming pool further enriched the lities. The Laxmi building was later added to meet the wing needs of the College. All this was done under the pices of the first principal of the college, Nana Saheb arpure - a man of great vision & foresight.



The Campus

Situated at the foot of the Law College hill, the college has a calm and picturesque surrounding encompassing a spacious 195 acres of land. Nature has endowed the campus with a unique aesthetic quality that helps to maintain a congenial environment for study and reflection.

The College facilities combine stately architecture and state-of-the-art resources. The campus stretches







from the Sarswati Building which houses the library, the reading room, the administrative office, the conference hall and the Principal's office, besides the chambers of other faculty members and computer facilities for research students, to the Laxmi Building that houses over fifteen halls for regular lectures, the legal aid centre and an auditorium with a capacity of 400 people, used for guest lectures, college functions and presentations.

Apart from the academic and administrative buildings, the College facilities are further enriched with a huge residential complex for male students; the newly constructed Ladies Hostel, a gymnasium, a sprawling cricket and football ground, a sports



The college campus is 8 kms. from the Railway Station and 16 kms. from the Airport. So, if you are at ILS Law College, you can be rest assured to experience law in a congenial environment compounded with an amiable atmosphere.

avilion housing the indoor sports facilities, tennis ourts and a swimming pool. With all this and more ne College facilities are unmatched by any other astitution for legal studies in the country.

ILS Law College is located in the academic hub f the city, with renowned institutions like the handarkar Oriental Research Institute, Symbiosis istitute, SNDT University and Fergusson College ist a stones throw away. It is also not very far from ite University of Pune.

The College stands facing the Law College oad, which links Senapati Bapat Road and Karve oad, both leading to important commercial as well educational zones like Deccan Gymkhana and the niversity Circle.





The Law Library

Keeping in mind the importance of a well equipped library in a law institution, the College has given the Library top priority in funding allocations. Housed at Saraswati Building, the College Library has an impressive collection of books dating back to 1865. New books are continuously added to the collection. The Library subscribes to around 102 Indian and foreign journals including American Journal of International Law, Cambridge Law Journal, Oxford Journal of Legal Studies, All India Reporter, Indian Bar Review, the Indian Journal of International Law etc. Along with an extensive collection of text books, reference books - international and Indian, on all subjects, the Library collection includes volumes of American Jurisprudence and Halsbury's Laws and Statutes of England.

Keeping pace with the revolution in Information and Communication technology, ILS has facilitated Seamless Access of students to the world of legal knowledge. The computer lab, set up for students, is functional since 2006. The students have access to well known Indian Legal databases like AIR, Criminal Law Journal, SCC online and Corporate Law Adviser online service. Campus license for





Manupatra online and renowned International database service - LexisNexis have also been obtained. Membership of UGC sponsored INFLIBNET programme provides access to 9000 e-journals and 57000 e-books published be renowned international publishers like Oxford, Cambridge, Wilson, Thomson Reuter etc.

During the year 2007-08, Fiber Optic cable was laid throughout the campus, connecting all buildings including Boys' and Girls' Hostels. Dedicated 24 hours 20 MBPS leased line has also been installed to provide faster connectivity. Wi-Fi connectivity has been provided in the Class Rooms, Girls' Hostel and the library. A great achievement of 2110-11 was the internal network cabling of the boys' hostel facilitating access of the students to internet and all the subscribed databases from their hostel rooms. Two additional floors measuring 14000 sq.ft. were added to the existing library during 2011-12. Lift and ramps have been provided for the convenience of physically challenged people. A video conferencing room and cubicles have also been provided for teachers and students. Infrastructure developments and improved facilities will help the budding professionals face the growing challenge of the profession and realize their fullest potential.

Student Activities

To strike a healthy balance between academic and on-academic activities, the College emphasizes on the articipation of each student in all the extra and co-arricular activities held, by encouraging them to organize and take part in various enriching activities.

EBATING ASSOCIATION

Keeping in mind the requirement for strong positive guing skills in Law, debate competitions are crucial for w students. The College has a Debating and Elocution ociety for this purpose. The Society organizes various bating, elocution & declamation competitions. It also inducts selections for various Inter College and niversity competitions. Students of ILS Law college, have inticipated and won prizes in many prestigious debates



cluding Mumbai British Parliamentary Debate, the ALSAR Hyderabad BP, the IIT Mumbai British reliamentary Debate, NLIU Bhopal Parliamentary ebate, Model United Nations Competitions like ambridge MUN, Symbhav MUN, GLC MUN, tumbai, and elocution competitions like N.G. Pandit, hane, Jijau elocution in Jejuri, Rambhau Mhalgi ompetition, Mumbai to name a few. They also won impetition on Client interviewing, Counselling etc. This ar Justic V.M. Tarkunde National Parliamentary Debate ompetition and a State Level Marathi Elocution ompetition were organised by the Debating Society.

ITERARY AND CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

Students of the College also take part in various other impetitions including Quiz, Dramatics, Creative riting, Mock UN Assembly etc. The last year saw the ollege winning various competitions in Pune as well as in her parts of the country. During the College Week held



in December various inter class and individual competitions were also organized. This year the College teams participated and won different prizes in Purushottom Karandak one act play competition, Suman Karandak, Sarpotdat Karandak Pu La Deshpande Karandak, Pratibimba and Firodiya Karandak competitions.

SPORTS

A sprawling cricket, football and volleyball ground, a gymnasium, a swimming pool, tennis courts and an indoor sports complex with table tennis, chess and carom facilities make sports an integral part of any student's life at the College. The College has a Gymkhana Managing Committee with a full time faculty member as the chairperson and representatives from all divisions to organize the activities. The College encourages students to participate in competitions organized by the University of Pune and other colleges. Athletics and inter-class competitions are held around December - January providing students with the requisite opportunity to interact with each other.



Clinical Legal Education

The ILS Legal Aid Programme was started in 1976. It has received grants from CILAS, UGC, State of Maharashtra and the Ford Foundation. While the Legal Aid Cell is devoted to dispensing free legal advice and litigational assistance to the economically underprivileged, the conciliation cell makes attempt to settle disputes amicably. The Centre works four days a week and inculcates in the students a sense of social responsibility. The programme is a compulsory part of the curriculum of Practical Training (skills of advocacy), incorporating client interviews and pre-litigational preparation.



The College Legal Aid Centre started its activities in July 2013 for the academic year 2013-14. The Centre in collaboration with other NGOs and voluntary organizations like Deepgriha, Saheli, Disha, Ashta-no-Kai, J.P. Naik Mahila Vikasani, Inner Wheel Club, Centre for Police Research, Pune and Police Training Center, Yerawada Prison organized various legal aid / legal literacy camps to create awareness among people about their legal rights and duties under various acts, thereby helping the poor and needy to have access to justice.

The Legal Aid center works under the guidance of a teacher-in-charge who is assisted by other full time faculty members. The student volunteers guided by teachers work in the Centre and receive cases for legal advice and litigational help. This year 12 legal literacy camps were organized at village Nane, Maval Taluka; Rajgurunagar, Pune; Undri, Pisoli village; Loni-Bhakar



village; Nav Bharat High School, Shivane; and schools in Tadiwala Road, Mangalwar Peth, Kothrud and BMCC Road, Pune. Students performed street plays and spoke on various issues like Rights of Women, Dowry, Consumer Protection Law, Right to Information etc.

Today, the centre has its legal aid clinics working in three different places: Deepgriha (NGO), Tadiwala Road, Deepgriha, Market Yard and Karve Institute of Social Service.

The Centre also undertakes publication of legal literacy material on various legal issues like environment, succession, jurisdiction of various courts, etc. A few booklets have already been published.



Justice Hidayamile Inauguraving Bal Memorial Lecture Series

Justice B.D. Bal Lecture Series

This was a lecture series instituted in the memory of the Late Justice B.D. Bal, Former Judge of the Bombay High Court and Senior Advocate in the Supreme Court of India. He was faculty member of ILS Law College for a number of years and a senior patron of the society. Shri. M. Hidayatullah, Former Vice-President of India, inaugurated the lecture series. The speakers at the lecture series include eminent people like:

- Justice Yacoob, Judge Constitutional Court, South Africa
- Mr. Arun Shourie, Minister in Central Cabinet
- Dr. Upendra Baxi, Visiting Professor at the Warwick University, UK
- Mr. Soli Sorabjee, Attorney General of India
- Dr. C. Subramaniam, Former Governor of Maharashtra
- Dr. Jayant Naralikar, Director, IUCAA
- Dr. Werner Menski, Professor at the School of Orsental and African Studies, University of London
- Mr. Nani Palkhiwala, Eminent Jurist & Former Ambassador to the USA
- Prof. Antony Blackshield, Macquaire University, Sydney
- Dr. Venkat lyer, Sensor Lectures in Law, University of Ulster
- Justice N. Chapalgaonkar
- Justice P. B. Sawant

Special Lectures & Visitors

In addition to the Justice B.D. Bal and G.V. Pandit Foundation Lecture Series, the College provides special lectures and minars conducted by visitors who have made distinguished contributions to the law, civil rights and public policy. These ents have included presentations by Shri P.M. Bakshi, member of the Law Commission of India; Mr. Leo Burnett, Professor of two at the Brandeis School of Law, Louisville; USA, Prof. Clarence Dias, Director of the International Centre for Law in evelopment, NewYork; Dr. Werner Menski, Professor at the School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London, r. Murli Manohar Joshi, Human Resource Development Minister, Mrs. Niloufer Bhagwat, Advocate, High Court of Bombay, tee Mr. P.R. Kumarmangalam, Minister for Power and Energy, Late Mr. V.N. Gadgil, Congress Spokesperson. The presentations abraced subjects such as Constitutional Law, Environmental Law, Cyber Law, Medical Jurisprudence, Human Rights and rious other topical issues.

The Principal Pandit Lecture Series

Principal G.V. Pandit took over the reigns of the College from Principal Gharpure in 1951. He was a scholar of great eminence and inspired generations of students with his originality of thought and lucid exposition of the law. He retired in 1971 after taking the College to its zenith during his tenure.

This lecture series started in 1979 with the inaugural lecture by Dr. Vasudha Dhagamwar, who was at that time, Reader in the Department of Law, University of Pune. The series were enriched by the speeches of the following eminent persons.

- Prof. M.S. Gore, former Director of Tata Institute of Social Sciences and Vice Chancellor of The University of Bombay;
- " Justice C.S. Dharmadhikari, Judge of the Bombay High Court
- Shri Ashok Desai, Former Solicitor General and Senior Advocate of the Supreme Court
- Prof. H.K. Paranjape, Leading economist, member of the MRTP Commission
- Prof Alice Jacob, Former Director of the Indian Law Institute, New Delhi
- Shri Dara P. Mehta, Senior Partner, Little & Company, Mumbai
- Justice Sujata Manohar, Former Judge of the Supreme Court of India
- Shri M.R. Pai, Consumer Activist
- Prof. Marc Galanter, Professor at the University of Wisconsin Law School, USA
- Dr. Gerard Quinn, Director, Centre for disability Law and Policy of National University of Ireland's School of Law.



Moot Court

Moot courts are simulated court competitions which involve the arguing of points of law by student 'advocates' before a bench of 'judges' usually comprised of members of the faculty and practicing advocates. Synonymous with the tradition of ILS Law College, moot courts were introduced by Principal J.R. Gharpure, in consonance with the movement started by Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the then Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court. The Bar Council of India has now included them in the curriculum. Mooting allows the students to practice the art of advocacy and the College lays emphasis on this activity to equip students for their future profession. To imbibe the 'mooting culture' in all the students, the College has four annual internal Moot Court Competitions. The prestigious Raghavendra Phadnis Moot Court Competition is held every year in the month of August and is the basis for selecting the students to represent the College in the national and international moot court competitions. The Novice Moot Court is a relatively recent addition to our repertoire of intramural moot courts. Every first year student is encouraged to participate in it and is ably guided by the senior students. This competition has become very popular with students and professors alike, as it has helped to discover the latent talent of the students. Another important event this year was Fouth ILS Intra College Trial Advocacy Moot Court Competition which is a unique team event.

The ILS Public International Law Moot Court Competition is held for students of first two years of three year and five year courses to encourage students to undertake Study and research in Public International Law. The International Students' Cell of the college, with a view to enable the foreign students join the mainstream organized the First International Students' Moot Court Competition in December 2008.

Among the National Moot Court Competitions, the college has been a regular participant at competitions held by the Bar Council of India Trust; the Kerala Law Academy; University Law College, Bangalore; University Law College, Dharwad; Government Law College, Mumbai; Raj Anand Intellectual Property Moot Court Competition. Our students have also represented India at Philip C. Jessup International Law Moot Court Competition at Washington D.C., the Stetson International Law Moot Court Competition, at Florida, International Commercial Arbitration Moot at Vienna and Oxford Intellectual Property Moot Court at Oxford, UK.

ILS Law College organized Surana & Surana International Moot Court Competition on Technology Laws from 2002-2007. The college is conducting Professor S.P. Sathe Memorial National Moot Court Competition since 2007. The Student Moot Court Society ensures smooth and co-ordinated running of all the intra-mural and extra-mural competitions giving exposure to mooting culture to as many students as possible. It also assists the selected students in their preparation to represent the College at various national and international moot court competitions.



Student Services

LACEMENT CELL AND CAREER SERVICES

Recognizing the requirement of the Corporate Sector d Law Firms for well trained graduates of law, the acement Cell acts as a liaison between the students of the ellege and the Corporate & Legal Sectors.

The Placement Cell promotes students' interests, oviding them opportunities to work with leading Law rms, Lawyers, Non Governmental Organizations and e Corporate World. The Placement Cell is instrumental attracting various firms and companies to recruit adents from the college. During this year, students have en placed all over the country. The Placement ogrammes also aim to provide the students of the college th internship during the Summer and Diwali vacations the prominent Advocates, Law Firms and Companies. udents who wish to participate in the Placement ogramme are required to fill in the prescribed form and

submit the same, along with their Curriculum Vitae, to the concerned professors. During the year 2013-14, students were recruited through the cell and placed in different firms and companies. The college also got students placed at various law firms and organizations for internship during 2013-14.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

With a history of over 90 years, ILS Law College can boast of an enviable alumnus. To maintain the bonds the College has an Alumni Association. Students leaving the college may register as members of the Association. The Alumni Association undertakes events and programmes from time to time to bring the Alumni and the College closer in terms of information sharing and networking. Annual Alumni meet is organised on 25th December every year as part of the Annual Day Celebration.

Ivocacy Skills Activities

nis year witnessed participation of more than 235 ILS students representing ILS Law College as speakers, researchers and participants in 14 Moot Court Competitions including two competition outside India, 4 Trial Competitions, 3 Client Counseling Competitions, 1 ternational Negotiation, 1 Mediation, 3 Drafting Competition, 4 Judgment Deliberation Competitions, 3 Law Fests. 94 students gave pport for research. The Law college teams representing ILS in Moot Court Competitions achieved prizes for 15 Wins, 7 Runners-up, 7 mi-finalists, 8 Best Speakers, - 4 Second Best Speaker, - 8 Best Memorials, - 4 Best Researchers, and -5 Other Prizes or Positions. Total izes in Cash: Rs. 2,78000.

me of the prestigious Competitions wherein ILS Teams have left its impressions are:

inners, Runners Up, Best Speaker and Best Memorial

International Negotiation Competition (International Rounds) organised by Chapman University, School of Law, in Orange, California, USA.

12th Annual Oxford International Intellectual Property Moot Court Competition, 2014.

Willem CVis International Commercial Arbitration Moot, Vienna organized by University of Vienna Faculty of Law, Vienna.

NALSAR - Gurcharan Singh Tulsi Memorial Criminal Law Moot Court organised at Hyderabad by NALSAR

Lex-Novitas organised at Goa by V.M. Salgaocar College of Law.

Late Justice P.B. Gajendragadkar Intercollegiate Moot Court Competition, 2013 organised at Pune by UOP15th D.M Harish Memorial Government Law College International Moot Court Competition 2014 organised at Mumbai By Government Law College, Mumbai.

Herbert Smith Freehills National Corporate Law Moot Court Competition, 2014 organised at Kolkatta by WB National University of Juridical Sciences.

Surana & Surana National Trial Advocacy Moot Court Competition organised at Kochi by National University of Advanced Legal Studies (NUALS), Kochi.

Prof. S.P. Sathe Memorial National Moot Court Competition organised at Pune by ILS Law College.

dividual Performances

MPLC XIV National Moot Court Competition organised at Aurangabad by MP Law College.

Justice P.B. Sawant First National Moot Court Competition 2013-14 organised at Pune by Marathwada Mitra Mandal's Shankarrao Chavan Law College.

Law Vision, 2014- Moot Court and law Quiz Competion organised at Nagpur by Dr. Ambedkar College.

Fifth All India Shivaji Univesity Moot Court Competition, 2014. organised at Kolhapur by Department of Law, Shivaji University.

The 13th Raj Anand Intellectual Property organised at Delhi by Jacaranda Hall, India Habitat Centre, Delhi.

7th Amity National Moot Court Competition 2014 organised at Lucknow by Amity Law School, Lucknow Campus.

Prudentia Conscientia Ingenium Occursus 2014 organised at Bangalore by Bishop Cotton Women's Christian Law College.

GNLU International moot court competition organised at Gandhinagar by GNLU.

Residential Accommodation

One of the main concerns for a prospective university student, coming from outside the city of Pune, is the availability of accommodation. The students of ILS Law College enjoy an advantage as, apart from the college hostel for both male and female students, there are a large number of hostels, paying-guest accommodations and student apartments available within a 3 k.m. radius of the college.



ILS HOSTEL FOR MALE STUDENTS

The Indian Law Society provides accommodation for male students of the college, at the Hostel, which is situated in the campus. Such accommodation is provided strictly on the basis of merit. The hostel offers a total of 154 rooms out of which 46 are double rooms and 108 are single occupancy rooms. S.C. and S.T. students can avail of the reservation quota solely on the basis of merit. The administration of the hostel is taken care of by the Rectors.



The Hostel has three wings. It is flanked by tennis court on one side and overlooks the picturesque Law College Hill on the other. Ample parking space is also available for the vehicles of residents and visitors.



MEDICAL FACILITIES

An Honorary Medical Officer is available to students twice a week in the Medical Room of the hostel. In case of emergencies, the Medical Officer can be contacted through the Rectors.



OTHER FACILITIES

The student is provided with basic furniture in the room which includes a study table, a chair and a bed. Hot water is available 24 hours a day. Water coolers, to provide safe drinking water, are present in each wing. STD / ISD facility is available in the campus. The college also has a Dining Hall for meals and a Canteen. Outside caterers also supply meals at nominal rates to the students.

Accommodation for Female Students

CCOMMODATION FOR FEMALE STUDENTS

Although Pune is a safe city and its extremely low ime rate boasts of this fact, the College believes that a stel within the premises will provide greater security to e female students, who come to Pune from various parts India and aborad. Recognizing their need the Society mmenced the construction of the ILS Ladies Hostel in e year 2001 and completed it in June 2002. The Hostel is ready for occupation by July 2002 and became nctional since then. It provides the basic furniture cluding a bed, chair, table and cupboard. There is a ining Hall, Study Room, and Sick Room and Telephone cilities. Recreational facilities also are provided.

HARGES

anual charges for Girls' Hostel (including food) are as llows:

- 1,25,000/-
- 1,50,000/- for NRI Students

anual charges for Boys' Hostel (excluding food) are as llows:

s. 30,000/- for all students

VITERNATIONAL STUDENTS' CELL

he International Students' Cell was established in the ademic year 2008-09 to provide a single window system help international students. The Cell receives foreign adents under the Student Exchange Programme and sists the aspirant students in obtaining information garding eligibility, fee structure, courses offered, commodation, etc. The College gets students from rutan, Nepal, Kenya, UAE, etc. The Cell aims to adertake faculty and student exchange programmes,



research projects, organize expert lecture series etc. It also plans to organize summer/winter schools.

WOMEN'S STUDIES CENTRE

The University Grants Commission (UGC) granted in 2012, a Women's Studies Centre (WSC) to ILS Law College. The College was running the Women and Law Centre for a long time and was handling legal issues connected to women. Acknowledging this work and the contribution of the College, the UGC granted the WSC for the first time to a law college.



Highlights of 2013-14

Remembering S.P. Sathe

Professor S.P. Sathe, former Principal of the ILS Law College and the Founder Director of the Institute of Advanced Legal Studies (IALS) was a renowned expert in



Constitutional and Administrative Law. A prolific writer with large number of books and articles to his credit, he was well known among the legal fraternity across the globe.

After his passing away in March 2006, to commemorate his contribution to Indian Jurisprudence and Social Action, Professor S.P. Sathe Foundation was set up by the Indian Law Society with a view to encourage academic pursuit of law students.

Like earlier years, this year also, three memorial events were organized to mark the 8th death anniversary of Professor S.P. Sathe. The events were Memorial Lecture, National Level Moot Court Competition and National Conference on Land Laws. The theme for this year's moot court and memorial lecture also was 'Current Issues on Land Laws'.



The National Conference on Land Laws was held on 8-9th February 2014. The Conference was attended by over 175 participants including students, faculty members from ILS and other law schools as well as officials concerned with Land and related issues.

The aim of the Conference was to stimulate active and broad based discussion and debate on certain issues like socio-legal implications of Land Acquisition, Right to Fair Compensation, Fraudulent Transfers, Rehabilitation and Resettlement and Land Record and Title Laws. The Conference was shaped by inputs from people like Mr. Mohan Parasaran, Solicitor General of India; Mr. Ganesh Patil, Addl. Collector, Pune; Mr. Tushar Thombre, Dy. Collector, Pune; Ms. Jyotsna Choubal Deshpande, Council Member, Institution of Engineers, India, and others.

The memorial lecture was delivered by Mr. Shreehari Aney, Senior Advocate, Bombay High Court, on 8th February 2014. The topic was 'The evolution and scope of Land



Laws in India'. His speech covered the historical aspect of land ownership, social and political changes the concept of land ownership has undergone, the purpose of land legislation and the current scenario in the country.

The S.P. Sathe Memorial National Moot Court Competition was held on 1-2nd February 2014. The problem was based on Land Laws and was drafted to encourage law students to develop an interest in this topic of immense practical relevance. 18 teams from all over India took part in the Competition. The final round was judged by a panel of practicing advocates including Shri V.P. Shintre, Shri Shrikant Kanetkar, Shri Bhalchandra Patwardhan and Shri Bhushan Panse.

he Competition was won by Christ University, ingalore, and ILS Law College team was the Runner-up. stice V.A. Naik Prize for the Best Team in Maharashtra as also bagged by ILS Law College, Pune.

oundation Day Celebration

he 92nd Foundation Day of the Indian Law Society was served on 4th March 2014. The ILS flag was hoisted by e Chief Guest Ms. K.D. Advani, Chairman, Governing ouncil, Indian Law Society. The Best Student award was ven away by the Chief Guest. The convocation of various



ploma courses conducted by the Indian Law Society was ald on the Foundation Day.

ternational Diploma in Mental Health Law & uman Rights

he Centre for Mental Health Law & Policy in ILS, in Illaboration with the World Health Organization WHO) continued 'International Diploma in Mental ealth Law & Human Rights' for the sixth batch of udents. The Course was taught by a faculty of renowned



international experts, actively involved in WHO's work to improve the Human Rights situation for people with mental disabilities. The faculty among others included Dr. Itzhak Levav, Consultant to WHO and Adviser to the Ministry of Health, Israel; Oliver Lewis, Executive Director, Mental Disability Advocacy Center (MDAC), Budapest, Hungary; Peter Bartlett, Professor of Mental Health Law, Faculty of Social Science, Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Trust, The University of Nottingham, UK; Sylvester Katontoka, President of Mental Health Users Network of Zambia (MHUNZA); Natalie Drew, Technical Officer, Mental Health Policy and Service Development, Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse, WHO Geneva; Dr Soumitra Pathare, Coordinator at CMHLP, ILS, Pune; Dr Jaya Sagade, Coordinator at CMHLP, ILS, Pune.

The Diploma is aimed at equipping students with knowledge and skills to support health laws in line with international human rights standards such as U.N. Convention on Rights of Persons with disability.

Include: An International Collaboration

An international collaboration between the VU University, Amsterdam, Netherlands; the Indian Law Soceity (ILS), Pune; the Tata Institute of Social Sciences (TISS), Mumbai; and the Banyan Academy of Leadership in Mental Health, Chennai was launched on 9th December 2012 at ILS, with a view to contributing to the development of research and training capacity in the field of mental health.

The network is comprised of Ph.D. programmes at ILS and TISS, and social action research laboratories – the Law & Policy Action Lab at the ILS in Pune and the Mental Health Social Action Lab at the Banyan in Chennai in collaboration with the Athena Institute, VU University, Amsterdam.

Alumni Meet

Like previous years, the Annual Alumni Meet was organized on 25th December 2013 as part of the Annual Day Celebration. An alumnus, former Vice-Principal of



the College and Chairman, Governing Council, Indian Law Society Ms. K.D. Advani graced the occasion. Large number of ex-students including part time and full time faculty members participated in the meet and promised to help and stand by the College in all its endeavours.

Seminars/Workshops/Conferences held

- Two days national seminar on 'Political and Judicial Perspective on Electoral Reforms in India' on 6-7th September 2013.
- Two days national seminar on 'Key Aspects of Taxation Laws' in January 2014.
- One day seminar on 'Oral Talaq' on 10th August 2013.
- Prof. S.P. Sathe Memorial national conference on 'Current issues in Land Laws' on 8-9th February 2014.
- Seminar on 'Labour Laws' on 24th August, 2013

Workshop on 'Sexuality and Human Rights' by Mr. Jasmir Thakur, Secretary, Samabhavana Society-NGO, on Human Rights Day i.e. 10th December 2013.

Guest Lectures

- Mr. Neeraj Jain, Director of Lokayat-NGO on 'Secularism in Indian Constitution', 31st July 2013.
- Mr. Dominic D'Souza, Deputy Vice- President-Legal at Zee Entertainment Enterprises Ltd., on 'Intellectual Property in Media and Entertainment Industry', 3rd August 2013.
- Ms Tejaswi Sevekari, Director of Saheli-NGO, on 'Sex Workers & Human Rights' on 13th August 2013.
- Mr. Ravindra Kedari, Deputy IGP (Retd.) and Training Manager, Centre for Police Research, Pune, on 'Police and Human Rights', 27th August 2013.
- Nine-day lecture series on 'Dimensions of Gender Equality' in August 2013.
- Mr. Ebe Chaney, Entrepreneur, on 'EQ and IQ', 3rd October 2013.
- Dr. Upendra Baxi on "Human Dignity with and since Naz 1 and after Naz 2" on 24th January 2014.
- Ms Chiteshri Devi, Advocate, on 'Environmental Law', 5th February 2014.
- Mr. Ram Jethmalani, Senior Advocate, Supreme Court and Member of Parliament, on Electoral Disqualifications under Indian constitution with special reference to Bal Thackeray's case on 7th September, 2013.



MOOT COURTS AND LAW FESTS

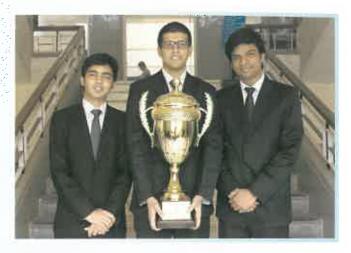
ILS teams participated regularly in many Moot Court and Client Counseling Competitions organized by various aw schools like Amity Law School, Delhi, Raisoni Law School, Nagpur, University Law College, Banglore, National university of Juridical Science, Kolkata, Government Law College of Mumbai, by professional podies like Bar council of India Trust, Indian Institute of Company Secretaries, Law firm like Anand and Anand advocates, Surana and Surana International Attorney, and organization like Indian Society for International Law, ndian Space Research Organization (ISRO) and nternational Institute of Space Law.

Students at ILS love moot-courts. They participate in competitions, research extensively in the library, assist college teams in research and help organize competitions. College teams are selected from the Raghavendra Phadnis



Samiha Dabholkar, Jeevita Pillai, Nilasha Mukherjee, Shahzar Hussain at The 12th Annual Oxford International Intellectual Property Moot Court Competition, 2014 organized at the University of Oxford, United Kingdom by the Oxford Intellectual Property Research Centre.

The team was amongst 24 teams that qualified to the World Rounds for the oral rounds of the competition. The qualification was on the basis of written arguments (memorial rounds)



Moot Court Competition held in the first term. Last year 329 participants vied for a place in the College teams. The Public International Law competition for students of first two years of the two law courses was held in September 2013 and Novice Moot Court for 1st B.S.L. and 1st LL.B. students was held in February 2014. There was tremendous response for both the Competitions and number of participants was 70 teams and 224 individuals respectively. Mooting enables development of essential advocacy skills, which require selection of facts, analysing them, study of provisions of law and their application, devising new arguments, writing briefs and memorials, citation and originality of argument and presentation, and most of all - the skill of arrangement and persuasiveness in the presentation of arguments. One has the benefit of an excellent Law library at the ILS.

ILS has excelled in Law Fests and Client Interviewing and Counselling Competitions organized at various places like Kerala, Nagpur, Goa, Mumbai and Bangalore. Students have won prizes in individual events like topic study, law-quiz, cross-word, debates, antakshari, advertisements, client-counselling, poster-making, street-plays.



Assessment and Accreditation

The National Assessment and Accreditation Council, Bangalore is an autonomous body set up by the University Grants Commission (UGC) to assess and accredit institutions of higher education in the country.

As per requirement, the College prepared and submitted the Self Study Report in prescribed format consisting of four volumes in February 2004. A three member Peer Committee appointed by the NAAC visited the College for three days in August 2004 and had interaction with the Principal, Faculty Members, Students and Alumni, Parents, Management and a number of organizations including NGOs associated with the College for various activities.





There was an overwhelming response from the past students, and their meeting with the Peer Committee was presided over by Justice Y.V. Chandrachud, our ex-student and former Chief Justice of India. Parents came from far off places like Delhi, Chandigarh, Karnataka and other parts of Maharashtra, and shared their experiences with the Peer Committee.

The NAAC announced the result of assessment in September 2004 and the College was awarded A+ grade. It is the only law college in the country to have received A+ grade so far.

The assessment was valid for five years and the College is preparing for reassessment. It is our responsibility not only to maintain the standards but also to achieve much more.



Admission Rules

- The duly completed admission forms must accompany all relevant documents i.e. mark sheets certificates etc. 1. Those desirous of getting admission in any of the reserved categories must provide supporting documents at the time of submission of forms. Else application will be considered for open category.
- 2. Students are required to pay fees the same day immediately after the interview.
- 3. All caste certificates must be issued by the competent authority. Non creamy layer certificates must be issued by sub-divisional officer and be valid on 15th June 2014.
- Those who have applied for and granted admission in NRI category, will not subsequently be accommodated in 4. any other category.
- Students who have applied for open category, will not subsequently be considered for any reserved category. 5.
- Percentage calculation will be based on marks obtained in all the subjects mentioned in the mark list and not 6. on selected few. If marksheet contains only grades, it should be accompanied with transcript of marks.
- Students seeking admission in any course must submit marksheets of S.S.C. or equivalent and H.S.C. or 7. equivalent examinations.
- Applicants who have obtained 10+2 or graduation/post graduation through open university system directly 8. without having any basic qualification for prosecuting such studies are not eligible for admission in law courses. (Bar council of India circular dt. 20.12.2010).

Strict Disciplinary Action will be taken against students indulging in any kind of Ragging activity (as defined by 'The Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act 1999') inside or outside the College.

Students passed out of Universities declared by UGC as 'Fake Universities' are not eligible for admission. Please refer UGC website in this connection.

Law courses taught in the college are Professional Courses and Students must dress appropriately for the same. Shorts, short tops, short skirts and Bermudas are not allowed.

Dress code for Girls

Dress code for Boys

- Full Jeans / Trousers and Tops
 Full Jeans / Trousers
- Salwar Kameez

- Shirts / T-Shirts

Sarees

It is mandatory for every student to attend at least 75% of total lectures held in each term in the College, as per Ordinance No. 63 of the University of Pune.

Cut off Percentage for admission in 2013-14

Three Year LL.B.

	Arts	Commerce	Science
Within Maharashtra	67.92	73.71	66.31
Out of Maharashtra	72.89	73.86	75.95

Five Year BSL LL.B.

	Arts	Commerce	Science
Within Maharashtra	77.17	80.33	79,80
Out of Maharashtra	94.00	94.40	94.20

Time Table for Admission

Diploma in Taxation Laws (DTL), Diploma in Labour Laws and Labour Weifare (DLL & LW) and Masters in Labour Laws and Labour Weifare (MLL & LW)

Date	Particulars
16 May 2014	Prospectus and Admission Form available
3-11 July 2014	Admissions to DTL, DLL & IW and MLL & IW begin on First Come First Served basis. Students to remain present for admissions with duly completed admission form, and all other relevant documents.
17 July 2014	Lectures of DTL, DLL & LW and MLL & LW begin.

I" LLB (Three Year Law Course)

Date	Particulars					
16 May 2014	Prospectus and Admission Form available					
27 June 2014	Last date for receipt of duly completed admission forms by post / by hand.					
1 July 2014 upto 4.00 p.m.	List of students in order of Merit for 1st LL.B. will be displayed on College notice board and website: www.ilslaw.edu					
3 July 2014 upto 4.00 p.m.	Last date for receiving written objections to the above complete List. Objections shall be restricted to category of admission and position in the Merit List. Objection must be in writing and may be sent by fax to 020-2565 8665 or by e-mail to ilslaw@vsnl.com (with subject as 'objection) and must have the form number, name, stream (Science, Commerce, Arts), telephone number, fax number and e-mail address of the sender.					
7 July 2014	1" Merit List of students and time table for interview, will be displayed on College notice board at 4.00 pm, and on website: www.ilslaw.edu at 6.00 pm					
9 July 2014	Interview and admission according to the time table displayed of students whose names appear in the 1st Merit List.					
11July 2014	2 nd Merit List and time table for interview will be displayed on College notice board at 4.00 pm, and on website :www.ilslaw.edu at 6.00 pm					
14 July 2014	Interviews and admission according to the time table displayed of students whose names appear in 2 nd Merit List.					
15 July 2014	3 rd Merit List and time table for interview will be displayed on College notice board at 4.00 pm, and on website: www.ilslaw.edu at 6.00 pm					
17 July 2014 Interviews and admission according to the time table displayed of students what appear in 3rd Merit List.						
17 July 2014	Lectures of 1" LLB begin.					

- Note: 1. If there is any change in the admission schedule, it will be notified on the College notice board and website: www.ilslaw.edu
 - Students appearing for interview must bring with them DD of any nationalized bank in the name of 'Principal, ILS Law College' payable at Pune.
 - 3. For DD amount (for fees), please see the College notice board / website on 7^{th} July 2014.

Time Table for Admission

1" B.A. LL.B. (Five Year Law Course)

Date	Particulars					
16 May 2014	Prospectus and Admission Form available					
16 June 2014	Last date for receipt of duly completed admission forms by post / by hand.					
21 June 2014 upto 4.00 p.m.	List of students in order of Merit for 1st B.A. LL.B. will be displayed on College notice board and website: www.ilslaw.edu					
23 June 2014 upto 12 noon	Last date for receiving written objections to the above complete List. Objections shall be restricted to category of admission and position in the Merit List. Objection must be in writing and may be sent by fax to 020-2565 8665 or by e-mail to ilslaw@vsnl.com (with subject as 'objection') and must have the form number, name, stream (Science, Commerce, Arts), telephone number, fax number and e-mail address of the sender.					
27 June 2014	1" Merit List of students and time table for interview, will be displayed on College notice board at 4.00 pm, and on website: www.ilslaw.edu at 6.00 pm					
30 June 2014	Interview and admission according to the time table displayed of students whose names appear in the 1st Merit List.					
2 July 2014	2 nd Merit List and time table for interview will be displayed on College notice board at 4.00 pm, and on website: www.ilslaw.edu at 6.00 pm					
4 July 2014	Interviews and admission according to the time table displayed of students whose names appear in 2 nd Merit List.					
5 July 2014	3 rd Merit List and time table for interview will be displayed on College notice board at 4.00 pm, and on website: www.ilslaw.edu at 6.00 pm					
7 July 2014	Interviews and admission according to the time table displayed of students whose names appear in 3 rd Merit List.					
7 July 2014	Lectures of 1st B.A. LL.B. begin.					

- Note: 1 If there is any change in the admission schedule, it will be notified on the College notice board and website: www.ilslaw.edu
 - 2. Students appearing for interview must bring with them DD of any nationalized bank in the name of 'Principal, ILS Law College' payable at Pune.
 - 3. For DD amount (for fees), please see the College notice board / website on 27th June 2014.



Fees for the Academic Year 2014-15

Fee Structure for I" B.A. LL.B. (Five Year Law) & I LL.B. (Three Year Law) 2014-15

Sr. No.	Head of Fees	I' B.A. LL.B.				l" LL.B.			
ebolis		Within State	Out of State	NRI - Bhutan, Nepal, Srilanka, Bangladesh	NRI	Within State	Out of State	NRI-Bhutan, Nepal, Srilanka, Bangladash	NRI
1	Tuition Fee	1500	3000	4500	7500	1500	3000	4500	750
2	Admission Fee	20	20	60	100	20	20	60	100
3	Library Fee	100	100	300	500	100	100	300	50
4	Gymkhena Fee	100	190	300	500	100	100	300	50
5	Medical Fee	30	30	0	0	30	30	0	
6	Student Welfare Fund	100	100	300	500	100	100	300	50
7	Computerization Fee	50	50	150	250	50	50	150	25
3	Pro Rata Contribution for Ashwameth	30	30	90	150	30	30	90	15
9	Disaster Management	20	20	60	100	20	20	60	10
10	Development Fee	250	250	750	1250	250	250	750	125
2 - 1	Student Safety Insurance	10	10	30	50	10	10	30	5
11		10	10	30	50	10	10	30	5
12	Student Aid Fund				125	25	25	75	12
3	Registration Fee	25	25	75		200	200	600	100
4	Gothering & Prize Distribution Fee	200	200	600	1000				
15	Terminal / Tutorial	150	150	450	750	150	150	450	75
16	Identity Card	150	150	450	750	150	150	450	75
17	Magazine Fee	200	200	600	1000	200	200	600	100
8	Eligibility Fee	200	300	0	0	200	300	0	
	Other Activities Fees	31855	31855	95565	159275	31855	31855	95565	15927
19	Debating Fee								
20	Seminar Fee								
21	Moot Court Fee								
22	Legal Aid								
23	Law Review Fee								
24	Physical Fitness (Swimming / Gymnasium)								
25	Abhiyayaktı Law Journal								
26	Cultural Activities								
27	Maintenance of Equipment								
28	Research Activities								
29	Training Placement & Skills Development								
30	Barcouncil Registration								
31	E-learning Equipments								
	1. Computer Lab								
	2. LCD (Classroom)								
32	Print Resources								
24	1. Text Books								
	2. Reference Book								
	3. Law Reports								
	4. Law Journal								
	5. Govt. Publications (gazettes)								
10									-
33	Eletronic Resources								
	1. E-books								
	2. E-journals								
	3. E-data bases legal								
34	Wi-fi access								
35	Email facility								
36	Games & Recreation	35000	36600	104310	173850	35000	36600	104310	17385

Note: Students belonging to reserved category should contact the Office in respect of concessions.

^{*} For instructions related to payment of Fees, Please refer Page no. 27

Fees for the Academic Year 2014-15

Fee Structure for D.T.L., D.L.L. & L.W., M.L.L. & L.W. 2014-15

Sr. No.	Head of Fens	D.T.L.		D.L.L. & L.W.		M.L.L. & L.W.	
		Within State	Out of State	Within State	Out of State	Within State	Out of State
1	Tuition Fees	5850	11700	5850	11700	9000	18000
2	Admission Fees	30	30	30	30	30	30
3	Library Fee	200	200	200	200	200	200
4	Gymkhana Fee	100	100	100	100	100	100
5	Student Welfare Fund	100	100	100	100	100	100
6	Computerization Fee	50	50	50	50	50	50
7	Pro-rata Contribution for Ashwamegh	30	30	30	30	30	30
3	Diaster Management	20	20	20	20	20	20
}	Development Fee	250	250	250	250	250	250
10	Student Safety Insurance	10	10	10	10	10	10
11	Student Aid Fund	25	25	25	25	25	25
12	Field Work Fee	0	0	400	400	400	400
13	Registration Fee	25	25	25	25	25	25
14	Eligibility	200	300	200	300	200	300
5	Gathering & Prize Distribution Fee	200	200	200	200	200	200
16	Terminal & Tutorial	150	150	150	150	150	150
17	Identity Card	150	150	150	150	150	150
18	Magazine Fee	200	200	200	200	200	200
9	Other Activities Fees	8900	8908	8900	8900	8900	8900
	Debating Fee						
	Seminar Fee						
	Legal Aid Fee						
	Law Journal						
	Maintenance of Equipment Fee						
	E Learning Equipments						
	Print Resources						
	E- Resources						
	Wi- Fi Access						
	E-mail Facility						
	Games & Recreation						
	TOTAL	16,490	22,440	16,890	22,840	20,040	29,140

Note: Students belonging to Reserved Category should contact the college office for Fee Concession.

^{*} For instructions related to payment of Fees, Please refer Page no. 27

PROUD MOMENTS INSTITUTIONAL EXCELLENCE AWARD 2013 INDIAN LAW SOCIETY (ILS) LAW COLLEGE PUNE



Principal Vaijayanti Joshi receiving Institutional Excellence Award 2013 at the hands of Shri Fali S. Nariman, President Emeritus, Bar Association of India on 1st September 2013 at New Delhi

E-Resources

E-Resources provided by the Library:

- AIR database including SC and all High Court Reports
- Supreme Court Weekly
- Criminal Law Journal
- SCC on-line including reports of SC and High Courts, Privy Council, Constitutent Assembly Debates, Law Commission Reports, International Case Laws and Statutory materials.
- Manupatra on-line
- Lexis Nexis on-line covering International Case Laws and Articles from 1106 International Law Reviews and Journals
- Lexis India on-line (e-books) providing access to electronic version of commentaries on various law subjects published by Lexis Nexis

- Corporate Law Adviser (CLA) on-line
- Taxmann on-line
- N-LIST Programme of INFLIBNET providing access to more than 9000 e-journals and 57000 e-books.

Cells established and working with student initiative and participation:

- Gender Studies Cell
- Equal Opportunity / Enabling Cell
- Human Rights Cell
- Hariyali-The Environment Cell
- Corporate Law Cell
- Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) Cell
- Moot Court Society
- Debating Society

Instructions Related to Payment of Fees

N.B.

- i) Every fresh entrant in the College has to pay Rs.30/- for the medical examination he has to undergo as per the Pune University Rules.
- E.B.C. students will have to pay full fees at the time of admission. Tuition fee will be refunded
 after receiving the amount from the Government.
- iii) All fees are subject to change as per the University of Pune rules.
- by B.C. students have to submit their scholarship. If freeship form online after admission and if not submitted, full fee has to be paid at a later date. This fee will be refunded to them on receipt of their scholarship. If freeship from Government. For Fee Concessions refer Page No. 24, 25.
- v) For the amount of Tuition Fees to be paid by different categories of students, please refer Pune University Circular No. Law/2002/365 dated 30-10-2002. Pune University Circular Law/2002/365 dated 30-10-2002.
 - I. Notwithstanding anything provided otherwise, the Tuition fee and Laboratory fee are prescribed for the students from the State of Maharashtra.

The tuition fee (* See note) for the students who are from outside the State of Maharashtra will have to pay double the Tuition Fee and Non-resident Indian students, persons of Indian origin, Foreign Citizens / Foreign Nationals will have to pay five times the fees that is prescribed for the State of Maharashtra. The students from Bhutan, Nepal and Srilanka will pay three times the fees as prescribed.

- vi) For 'Maharashtra State Candidate',
 'Maharashtra Domiciled Candidate' and
 'Candidate from Outside Maharashtra State',
 please refer University of Pune Circular no. 39
 of 2010 as follows:
- vii) a) Maharashtra State Candidate: means a candidate passing SSC (Std. X) and higher education thereafter from the State of Maharashtra.
 - b) Maharashtra Domiciled Candidate: means a candidate should be domiciled of the State of Maharashtra.
- viii) a) Candidate from Outside Maharashtra State
 : means a candidate whose domicile status is
 outside Maharashtra and has passed his
 qualifying examination from University

- outside Maharashtra. He will be eligible for admission as candidate from outside Maharashtra.
- b) A candidate whose domicile status is Outside
 Maharashtra State, but who has passed his
 qualifying examination from a statutory
 University in the State of Maharashtra, but has
 passed his SSC or its equivalent examination
 from a recognized school outside the State of
 Maharashtra, will be eligible for admission to

- an institution which lies in the jurisdiction of the University. He will be considered as candidate from Outside Maharashtra State.
- c) A candidate whose domicile status is Outside
 Maharashtra and who has passed his/her
 qualifying examination from Pune University
 but has passed his/her SSC or equivalent
 examination from outside Maharashtra State,
 while filling in the application form for
 admission he/she should indicate their
 domicile status as "Other than Maharashtra"

Refund of Fees on cancellation of admission as per University Rules:

The candidate cancelling his / her admission will be entitled to receive the refund of fees after reducing the amounts as indicated in the following table:

No.	Cancellation of Admission	Amount to be deducted		
1.	Before the commencement of the course	Rs. 1000/- only	Provided vacant seat	
2.	1" day to 10 days from the date of commencement of the course	20% of the total fees	has been filled by	
3.	11th day to 30 days from the date of commencement	40% of the total fees	another candidate before last date	
4.	After 30 days	100% of the total fees		

Note: For NRI and SAARC Country Students Tuition fees and all other fees will be Five times and Three times respectively as per the circular issued by University of Pune.



Admission Procedure

- (I) The procedure for admissions to the Ist B.A. LL.B. (five year law course), Ist LL.B. (three year law course), DTL, DLL & LW and MLL and LW courses offered at the ILS Law College, Pune is given below. The programme and the procedure is liable to any change if required under any rules, directions or regulations made hereafter by the Pune University or the State Government.
- ii) Number of seats and qualifications:

Course	Seats	Qualifications
I year of B.A. LL.B. (five year law course)	240 seats	XIIth or equivalent examination with minimum 40% marks for candidates belonging to S.C. / S.T. and 45% marks for others.
I year of LL.B. (three year law course)	160 seats	Graduate of any faculty with minimum 40% marks for candidates belonging to S.C. / S.T. and 45% marks for others.
DTL	180 seats	
Ist year of MLL and LW	60 seats	Graduate of any faculty.
DLL & I.W	60 seats	

- (iii) Admissions to LL.B. and B.A. LL.B. will be based on merit, and to all other courses on first come first served basis.
- (iv) DTL and DLL & LW classes are held in the evening. MLL and LW classes are held in the morning. B.A. LL.B. and LL.B. classes are held through morning and afternoon.
- (v) Admissions are at the sole discretion and decision of the Principal of the college.
- (vi) Any enquiry may be addressed
 - a. by e-mail at ilslaw@vsnl.com with the words 'admission enquiry' in the subject of the mail, or
 - b. on telephone strictly between 9 a.m. and 3.45 p.m. on working days, and may be addressed to Ms. Aparna Tatke or Ms. Bharati Sawant. The telephone number is 020-25656775. Information will not be available on any other telephone numbers. Enquiries made after these hours cannot be replied, and enquiries at residence of the Hostel Rectors or the Principal are positively discouraged.
- (vii) Fees shall be paid on the same day in the form of D/D immediately after the interviews, else the student will be considered to have withdrawn his application. For fee Concessions, see page no. 24 and 25.
- (viii) All admissions are provisional, to be confirmed by the Principal and Admissions Committee and subject to further approval by the University of Pune.
- (ix) All students seeking admission shall do so in the prescribed form issued with this prospectus. Instructions to students for filling the admission form are also given along with the form. Documents indicated in the instructions must be submitted with the form. A duly completed admission form is one which gives all particulars sought and has all applicable documents attached. Incomplete forms will not be considered for admissions.
- (x) Foreign students desirous of securing admission to this college should contact the Foreign Students Cell at the University of Pune for obtaining proper letter of admission from them. They will be admitted to the college only if they produce such letter of admission issued by the University of Pune.
- (xi) The college follows the government policy and guidelines for reservation while allocating seats.

Scholarships, Aid & Prizes

At the ILS Law College, students can get scholarships, concessions, studentships, prizes and aid.

A. Government scholarships, freeships, concessions for eligible students according to prescribed norms:

- 1. Scholarships and Freeships to students of Backward Classes
 - i. The student must declare at the time of admission of his/her eligibility to such scholarship or freeship, and produce documentary evidence of such scholarship, freeship or concession enjoyed by him in the previous year.
 - ii. Students belonging to Backward Classes and Special Backward Classes as may be prescribed by the government from time to time availing of such scholarships or freeships have to pay at the time of admission, all fees other than tuition fees exempted by the government. If the scholarship or freeship is not sanctioned by the government, they will have to pay the tuition fees to the College immediately.
- 2. National Merit Scholarship
- 3. Government Open Merit Scholarship
- 4. Primary Teachers' Concession
- 5. Secondary Teachers' Concession
- 6. Freedom Fighters' Concession
- 7. Ex-servicemen's Concession
- 8. Service Personnel's Concession
- 9. Economically Backward Concession
- 10. Minority Scholarship

IMPORTANT: All students claiming such concessions, freeships or scholarships except SC, ST, OBC, VJNT and SBC students must submit their applications in forms prescribed for the purpose in the college office within <u>fifteen days</u> from the date of admission in the College.

B. Students Aid Fund

Financial aid under the Students Aid Fund is given to deserving students on the basis of their regular attendance, tutorial work, good behaviour and progress during the term. This is available for payment of tuition fees, examination fees, hostel rent, mess bill or purchase of books or clothing. Interested students may apply to the college for aid from the Fund.

C. Endowment studentships and scholarships

Studentships and aid are given to deserving students under various endowments entrusted with the institution for this purpose by generous patrons.

Applications are invited during the academic year. These are:

- 1. Shri S. Y. Abhyankar Studentship awarded to three students in the first year of the law courses, continued until the completion of the course subject to satisfactory progress.
- 2. Late Shri Vaman Vinayak Gadkari Studentship awarded to two deserving students passing the first year examination of the law course based on their performance in this examination, and continued till completion of the course subject to satisfactory progress, preference to be given to students belonging to Chandraseniya Kayastha Prabhu Community.
- 3. R. D. Nagarkar Studentship awarded to two deserving students of Chitpavan Koknastha Bramhin Community until completion of course subject of second year of LL.B. and continues as a student of the third year of LL.B. considering financial position, any physical handicap, devotion to studies, regularity in attendance etc.

D. Prizes

Prizes are awarded to students for meritorious performance from endowments entrusted with the institution for this purpose by generous patrons. These are:

 Prizes for outstanding performance during the entire course:

These prizes are awarded in the second term of the academic year to students studying in the last years of the LL.B. courses. Information about activities of students is invited in prescribed forms.

- The Late Shri Balwant Kulkarni Best Student Prize is awarded by nomination to the Final Year Student of 5 year Law Course, who is adjudged the best student of the College by the Faculty by consensus on the basis of his/her performance in curricular and extra curricular activities of the College during his entire period of study in the college.
- The late Smt. Saraswatibai Kanetkar Best Student Prize is awarded by nomination to the best outgoing student of the third year of the Three Year Law Course so adjudged by the Faculty by consensus on the basis of his/her performance in curricular and extra-curricular activities of the College during his entire period of study in the college.
- 2. Prizes for outstanding performance in specific activities
 - Dr. S.P. Sathe Prize for outstanding performance in legal aid activity.
 - Raghavendra Phadnis Prizes
 - One prize for performance in legal aid activities to a student who has done outstanding work in the Legal Aid Programme conducted by the college.

- Three prizes for moot-court performance for students who take first three positions in a Moot Court Competition held for the purpose.
- 1st prize for best **essay** in an Essay Competition for students from the first two years of the five year LL.B. course held for the purpose.
- Three prizes for best case comments in the case comment competition held for the purpose.
- Late Shri Narayan Vishnu Joshi Prize for moot-court performance to a student for outstanding performance in Moot Court Competitions.
- Shri Raghunath Vishwanath Thakar Prize for elocution to a student/s for outstanding performance in elocution competition.
- Ichalkaranji Sports Prize awarded every year to a student who is adjudged best sportsperson of the year.
- 3. Prizes for performance in examinations
 - Shri B. G. Nirgudkar Prize Highest marks in the BSLLL.B. Degree exam.
 - Shri D B alias Kakasaheb Barde Prize -First at the III LL.B. degree exam.
 - Late Shri K. N. Gokhale Prize First in the College in the final years of both the three and five year LL.B. courses.
 - Shri N. V. Saswadkar Prize Highest number of marks in the College in the final years of both the three and five year LL.B. courses.
 - Shri Baban Kondiba Chavan Prize -First at the III LL.B. degree exam belonging to Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe category.
 - R. P. Karandikar Prize First at the Ist and IInd LL.B. exam.

- Poona Old Honorary Magistrates Association Prize - First at the Ist LL.B. exam.
- Mrs Dwarkabai Yadav Ponkshe Prize -Highest number of marks at Ist LL.B. exam.
- Principal G V Pandit Memorial Prize = First at the IInd LL.B. exam.
- Shri S. Y. Abhyankar Prize Highest marks in Law of Contract, and pass at least in second class - I and II LL.B. exam.
- Late Shri Prabhakar M Panvalkar Prize

 Students obtaining highest marks in papers General English I and General English II at the I BSL examination.
- Principal Gharpure Hindu Law Prize -Highest marks in Hindu Law and at least second class - II LL.B. exam.
- Late Shri D B Bhopatkar Hindu Law Prize - Highest marks in Hindu Law and at least second class - II LL.B. exam.
- Late Shri Rajendra Parikh Hindu Law Prize - Highest marks in Hindu Law and at least second class - II LL.B. exam.
- Shri Abaji Ganesh alias Abasaheb Wagholikar Prize - Highest marks in Legal Theory and at least second class -IILL.B. exam.
- Late Raghunath Pabuji Phadke Prize -Highest marks in Law of Torts - II LL.B. and III BSL exam
- Late Shri Ramchandra Chandrarao Jain Prizes -Highest and second highest marks in papers Family Law I and II and at least second class in five year law course.
- Late Dr. T.C. Phadtare Prize First in Labour Law in III LL.B..
- Late Shri V.S. Shirgaonkar Prize First in III LL.B..

- Late Shri Sharad Raghunath Dunakhe Prize - Highest marks in papers Family Law I and II - in III BSL.
- Late Shri Keshav Mahadev Gokhale Prize -Highest marks in Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing and at least second class in III LL.B. exam.
- Prin G V Pandit Private International Law Prize Highest marks in Private International Law (minimum 50%) and at least second class in III LL.B. exam, if no such student, a student who obtains highest marks in the subject Legal Theory.
- Late Shri Rajaram Dhondo Nigudkar Prize - Highest marks in subject Practical Training at the V BSL LL.B. exam.
- Shri V S Deshpande Prize Highest marks in the subject Transfer of Property at the II LL.B. and V BSL LL.B. exam.
- Late Advocate Supriya Sarwate Prize Girl student who gets the highest marks in the final LL.B. (3 years) exam and the girl student obtaining highest marks in final LL.B. (5 years) exam.
- Late Shri G G Karnik Prize Student who stands 1st in the final exam of Law (5 years course).
- Shri Gulanikar Ambadas Prize -Student obtaining highest marks in final LL.B. exam in I) Criminal Law and ii) Family Law.
- Late Justice Behere Memorial Prize For Best Performance in Judgement Writing Competition.
- Nani Palkhivala Memorial Prize For students obtaining highest marks in Constitutional Law in both Law courses.
- 4. Prizes in other competitions Competitions are held throughout the academic year for various activities, and prizes awarded for best performance.

The B.A. LL.B. Programme (Five Year)

To pass all Examinations the student must obtain 35% of marks in each paper	Grading	
and 50% of the total marks obtainable in the examination	Above 70%	Distinction
The rules for the ATKT (Allowed to keep Term) are the same	60-69%	First Class
as prescribed by the University of Pune. The Semester System has been introduced for	55-59%	Higher Second Class
both 5 year and 3 year LL.B. courses from the academic year 2002-2003	50-54%	Second Class

The University of Pune, through its circular number 35 of 2014, awards the degree of B.A. LL.B. after completion of five years. Passing percentage for 1st and 2st year is 40 marks in each paper and 40% in aggregate.

A particular optional subject will be offered provided there are sufficient number of students opting for the same.

Qualifications

Any prospective student who has passed the Higher Secondary School Certificate Examination (10 + 2) onducted by the Higher Secondary School Examination 30 and of the State of Maharashtra or any other examination ecognized as an equivalent to the HSC examination by the Iniversity of Pune with a minimum of 45% aggregate is ligible to apply for admission to the first year of the 3.A. LL.B. programme. Admission is based on merit in the forementioned examination. The College also conducts nterviews of all applicants before admitting eligible andidates as students.

TRST YEAR

Course Description

Semester I

General English I

This course has been designed for the students of the ive year integrated B.A. LL.B. programme with an object of imparting basic skills in the English language. Imphasizing on the practical and functional knowledge of he language, the course teachers communication skills, ocabulary, correct use of grammar, comprehension and omposition skills.

Leonomics

Divided into two parts, the first part covers basic concepts of Micro Economics - the principles of demand and supply, markets, equilibrium, factors of production, national income etc. The second part introduces students o Indian Economics, its meaning, profile, importance in

agriculture, industrial growth, development strategy and foreign trade. For a law student this paper is important as it provides a theoretical framework for a later analysis of economic policies and related legislation.

History

This paper looks at the sweep of Indian History from the Vedic period to British rule. Dividing Indian history into 3 eras, this course examines the tumultuous changes in government, law and legal institutions that India has seen. It focuses on the socio-economic history from ancient times to the end of the Mughal period and the arrival of the English East India Company, which heralded the introduction of changes, ushering in a modern era. This paper acts as a step to a further study of judicial institutions, and the evolution of the Constitution of independent India.

Semester II

General English II

With the perspective of General English I, this course continues to impart the practicality of the language to all students. They are taught word building from Latin and French words, speech training, comprehending materials like petitions and notices and writing legal essays and reports.

Political Science I

For the true understanding of the background of law, this course looks at western philosophers - Plato, Aristotle, St. Augustine, Marx and Locke, and Indian political thinkers - Kautilya, Ranade, Gandhi and Vinoba Bhave.

This part of the paper also provides the background for a later study of jurisprudence. The second part of this course deals with organization of the Government into unitary, federal and quasi federal, the Executive, Judiciary and Legislature and the effectiveness of Public Opinion in the current day and age.

Sociology

Law being part of the larger society and the existing social system, this course prepares the students to understand the organization and development of social systems and the existing institutions. Emphasizing on social order, social control, society and law, social institutions of marriage, religion, political institutions and social stratification, this course also concentrates on the Indian society and the complex sociological issues of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and their upliftment, varied religious communities, the rural and urban divide. The course attempts to sensitize them for later study of dowry, rape, and other atrocities towards women and dalits.

SECOND YEAR

Course Description

Semester III

Law of Contract I

The first 'law' paper - Contract I introduces the students to the foundation of civil society - sanctity of contracts. This paper explores the concepts of acceptance, proposal, consideration, consent, capacity, performance and breach. It further deals with nature of Specific Relief from Ss. 9, 10, 14, 16, 20-24, 26, 27, 36 and 40 of the Specific Relief Act. This course is taught with special references to leading cases decided by English and Indian courts.

Political Science II

A traditional course, it is supplementary to Political Science I. It explores the concepts of power, authority, legitimacy and obligation of Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Marx and Dahl; utilitarianism of Bentham and Mill; civil disobedience of Gandhi; and also the Austinian concepts of political and legal sovereignty.

Political Science III

Radically different from Political Science II, this course awakens the students to many pressing global issues of the past and the present. The Cold War, East-West conflicts, peaceful settlement of disputes, balance of power and establishment of a world community are studies included in this course. An examination of international organs and regional organizations add to the global perspective of this course.

Semester IV

Contract II

This subject integrates the advanced principles of Bailment, Agency, Pledge, Indemnity and Guarantee through the Indian Contract Act, 1872. The Indian Partnership Act, 1932 is concerned with the setting up of partnerships, relationships of partners among themselves and with third parties, incoming and outgoing parties, dissolution of the firm and other concepts. The Sale of Goods Act, 1930 studies the formation of contracts, conditions and warranties, effect, performance and breach of contract among other allied topics.

History of Courts, Legislature and the Legal Profession in India

This paper introduces the study of the evolution of the present legal system from the 1600's - from the advent of the East India Company, setting up of Presidency Towns and Mofussils, judicial measures of Hastings and Cornwallis, the Indian Councils Act, 1861, the three Government of India Acts, the Law Commissions, the High Court Act, 1861, the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926, to the Advocates Act, 1961.

Legal Language

This course attempts at laying the foundation for building more effective, persuasive, precise and articulate lawyers for tomorrow. From vocabulary skills in legal parlance to comprehension and appreciation of legal prose, and composition skills, this course gives students sufficient exposure to specimens of legal writing and active practice in the use of precise and expressive language.

THIRD YEAR

Course Description

SemesterV

Law of Crimes

An introduction to the substantive law of crimes, this course delves into the sections of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 dealing with offences against the human body, property and general exceptions.

Family Law I

Our country, being secular in nature, is a melting pot of different communities, Diverse communities have diverse laws, and Family Law I is the study of personal laws of Hindus, Muslims, Parsis and Christians, in the raditional areas of marriage, divorce, adoption and maintenance.

Labour Laws

Labour Law should be of interest to all who believe in the rights of workers, Providing an in-depth knowledge of the subject, this course teaches industrial relations, social security legislation and Law of Wages and Wage Fixation through the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Factories Act, 1948, the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1925, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 and various other Acts. To enable an all round understanding, students are made aware of all the leading case laws on the subject.

OPTIONAL PAPER (any one)

a) Trust, Equity and Fiduciary Relationships

This course concerns a study of The Indian Trust Act, 1882 - its creation, objects, duties, inabilities, rights and powers of trustees and beneficiaries; The Bombay Trust Act, 1950; principles and maxims of equity; and fiduciary relationships.

b) International Economic Law

This course is an in-depth study of the nature, development, scope and sources of International Economic Law. Divided into five sections, it involves a critical evaluation of institutions like UNCITRAL, IMF; role of foreign investments with World Bank Guidelines, global financial markets and transnational corporations; an extensive coverage of the G.A.T.T. and the W.T.O., settlement of disputes; and cases and

panel reports on economic situations in various countries.

c) Woman and Law and Laws Relating to Child

A comprehensive course, it covers Constitutional rights of women, violence against women on the domestic and work front, labour laws for women and other protective legislations like Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986, the Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act 1987, Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1978 etc. Laws relating to Child include a study of Constitutional Provisions relating to the social and legal status of a child; neglected and juvenile children and children under litigation.

d) Criminology and Penology

This is a course which looks at crimes and criminals from a different perspective. The students examine the psychological aspects of a crime and the mind of a criminal, the concept of juvenile delinquency, the role of the police and prisons and prevention of crimes and delinquencies.

Semester VI

Tort and Consumer Protection Laws

The aim of this course is to promote a greater understanding of the general principles of tort - its definition, ingredients, defences etc. and specific torts like assault, defamation, trespass and negligence. Supplementary to this is a study of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986. This course is mainly taught by the case study method.

Constitutional Law

A study of the Constitution of India, its preamble, fundamental rights, directive principles of state policy and provisions relating to the Executive, the Legislatures and the Judiciary, the aim of this course is to create an awareness of Constitutional rights and duties. This course also studies centre-state relations, quasi federalism as prevalent in India, the system of checks and balances and deals with topical issues with relation to the Constitution.

Family Law II

This course focuses on provisions relating to property within the family. The concept of domicile, intestate and

testamentary succession of Hindus, Muslims, Parsis and Christians, Hindu Joint Family Property and types of wills and bequests are studied. Attempts are made to take a comparative approach in studying the personal laws of various communities.

Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar Bench Relations

To ensure the nobility and to uphold the dignity of the profession, this course strives to imbue the students with professional ethics, accountancy for lawyers and bar bench relations. It is taught by practicing lawyers on the basis of Mr. Krishnamurthy Iyer's Book of Advocacy, Contempt Law and Practice, the Bar Council's Code of Ethics and other books.

FOURTH YEAR

Course Description

Semester VII

Human Rights and International Law

This course is of great interest to students because of the varied range of subjects it covers. It has a very balanced mix of Indian Constitutional Law and International Law with specific discussions on International humanitarian law and refugee law. The study of International Law is as comprehensive as it is interesting, ranging from basic principles, sources and subjects to concepts of state responsibility and settlement of disputes with reference to Article 33 of the Charter of the United Nations.

"I remember Prof. G.V. Pandit, a very kind and helpful host and Principal G.R. Gharpure, a most positive patron. I would have done little in that year but for the support of such eminent and understanding men. My memories of ILS are rich and full. I have a considerable sentimental attachment to the place. Mingling with the ethnic Indian and their laws are unforgettable for me. India is of course made for the practice of law and I can not imagine India without its tribe of lawyers."

Prof. J. D. Derrett, D. D.
Reader in Oriental Laws, University of London
A research scholar at ILS in the years 1943-44
working on his treatises on Hindu Law

Environmental Law

Another course to complement the global perspective of the student, it examines the law in the international context through the Stockholm and Rio Conferences and then concentrates on basic questions of need, applicability of environmental law, the Constitutional provisions relating to environmental law and various Anti Pollution Acts in India. To add to a radical approach of this course, issues such as the controversial Narmada Valley Project and other environmental concerns such as big dams and irrigation projects have been included. This paper thus attempts to deal with the largely developing world problem - development versus environment.

Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternate Dispute Resolution System

The dispute resolution mechanism consists of resolution through courts and resolution alternative to courts. This course deals exclusively with the latter, emphasizing solely on the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. An analysis is made into arbitration agreements, arbitral tribunals, the proceedings, awards and appeals against the tribunal, enforcement of certain foreign awards and principles of conciliation.

Law of Evidence

The Law of Evidence is concerned with the fact-finding investigation implicit in the trial process. On the basis of the Indian Evidence Act, 1982 with the latest amendments and cases decided by the High Courts and the Supreme Court, it deals with the manner in which evidence has to be presented, the facts which may be proved as items of evidence and the facts which may not be adduced as evidence. Although the course covers both civil and criminal trials, the emphasis is on criminal trials wherein the exclusionary rules of evidence are perceived to have a more significant impact.

Semester VIII

Jurisprudence

Jurisprudence is by far the most important course for understanding the pith and substance of all laws. To provide a thorough grounding, this course spans the nature and concept of law, administration of justice, sources of law, legal rights and duties, concepts of ownership, property, possession and labially. Often regarded as the

ource of all legal thought, this course is intellectually thallenging, and crucial for Law practice and research.

Property Law involving Transfer of Property Law and the Easement Act

Property law involves the study of the ways in which he use and benefit of property is controlled. Students will examine two Acts in great detail. The Transfer of Property Act, 1872 and the Indian Easements Act, 1882.

Practical Training IV

This course is divided into two parts, lectures and practicals. Students are introduced to the concept of Public nterest Litigation and are expected to write essays on okAdalat, Role of Advocates in the implementation of legal Aid Schemes and Amicus Curiae. The provisions egarding legal aid in the Constitution of India, Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987, Maharashtra Legal Services Authorities Rule, 1998, and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 are analysed.

Participation in legal literacy camps or para legal raining courses to NGO's dealing with clients at Legal Aid Centres are integral parts of this course. To encourage the tudents further, this course provides them with an opportunity to write a case comment or a legal article for ny law journal.

OPTIONAL PAPER (any one)

Note: Only those optional subjects will be offered which teast a minimum number of students have opted for.

) Comparative Law

A historical and analytical study of substantive and procedural aspects of foreign legal systems, this course examines the roots of comparative law. The aim of the course is to comprehend the different types and functions of legal systems and the references for

"41 years ago I left ILS and felt thrilled to see that the atmosphere and the environment continue to be the same. Credit goes to those who have held the flag high of this glorious institution. I hope this good work goes on for all times to come."

Justice S. Madhusudan Rao Former Chairman, MRTP Commissionduring his visit to the College in 1982 comparison with different legal systems and finally discusses comparative dimensions of Contract, Tort, the Judiciary and the Courts.

b) Intellectual Property Law

This is one of the most innovative fields of law where a booming expansion seems to be the only form of growth, especially with advent of the internet and ecommerce. This course carefully examines the origins and the forms of Intellectual Property Law of copyright, designs, patents and trademarks; deals with the issues and subject matter of the terms of ownership, registration, infringement passing off, grant revocation and surrender and the international perspectives of copyright and patents.

c) Conflict of Laws

The legal system of any country reflects its history, philosophy, moral and economic order. Differences therefore abound not only in technical rules but in basic legal concepts. This course starts out examining the principles of Private International Law, the choice of jurisdiction, choice of law, concept of domicile and then analyses the law of persons or family law, including divorce, adoption, the law of property, including concepts of lex situs, lez actus, lex domicile, the law of obligation including contracts and torts, lex fori and proper law concepts and finally ends with recognition and enforcement of foreign judgements.

d) Insurance Law

To provide a wide exposure to the field of insurance law, the students study the general principles of insurance. The Insurance Act, 1938. The Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956, the General Insurance Business (Nationalization) Act, 1972 and insurance under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.

FIFTH YEAR

Course Description

Semester IX

Code of Civil Procedure and the Limitation Act

A study of the law of procedure, it is concerned with principles of res judicata, summons and discovery, execution of decrees, and appeals. The Limitation Act, 1963 is also studied in great detail.

Land Laws

The purpose of this course is to consider the land and property laws prevailing in India and in the State of Maharashtra. Through various statutes like the Agricultural Land Ceiling Act, 1961 and Urban Land Ceiling Act, 1976, it examines the rights and duties of owners and occupiers of land, purchase and sale of land and judicial and legislative control over land.

Interpretation of Statutes

This course is designed to train students to interpret laws through the rules of internal and external construction, operation of statutes, expiry and repeal of statutes, statutes regarding the Crown, jurisdiction of Courts and punishments and remedies and delegated legislations.

Administrative Law

The objective of this course is to provide a thorough and critical grounding in administrative law. It begins with an analysis of rule of law, separation of powers, delegated legislations, the role of tribunals, commissions of enquiry, judicial review and the power of writs are then examined. Finally, the concept of public corporation, suits against the Government and the concept of ombudsman are explored. Emphasis is given on comparative administrative law.

Semester X

Code of Criminal Procedure, Juvenile Justice Act and Probation of Offenders Act

This course is an introduction to the procedural aspects of the law of crimes. It surveys the basic concepts of criminal courts, first information reports, police diaries, police investigation, warrants, trials, bails, appeals and revisions. An overview of the Juvenile Justice Act and Probation of Offenders Act is also taken. This paper attempts to make the student understand the existing criminal process and review the same.

Company Law

Recognizing the role played by companies and corporations in the economy, this course is a comprehensive study in the structure, formation and everyday running of companies. This is taught with respect to the Companies Act, 1956 with amendments and relevant case laws in order to build an extensive knowledge of the subject.

Practical Training I

Moot Courts, Pre-trial Preparations and participations and Participation in trial proceedings (to be conducted throughout the academic year). Viva will be held at the end of the academic year.

Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing

The aim of this course is to equip the law students with the art and technique of legal drafting which includes Principles of Civil and Criminal Pleadings, Principles of Conveyancing and Drafting of Deeds and Documents.

OPTIONAL PAPER (any one)

Taxation Laws

A detailed study into one of the most discussed subject in Indian Law, this course primarily delves into the Income Tax Act, 1961 and all its provisions; the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1959 along with the Central Sales Tax Act; and provides an overview of the various provisions of the Central Excise Act.

Banking Laws Including Negotiable Instruments Act

With the changes in the Government policy due to liberalisation, there have been corresponding changes in the banking field. In keeping with the new trends, this course considers general regulation of banking, banking organizations, cheques, guarantees and securities, etc. There is also an in-depth coverage of the role of the RBI, ICICI, IFCI and other institutions. The provisions of Negotiable Instruments Act are also studied.

Co-Operative Law

This is a study of Co-Operative Law from 1900's when the movement first started, to its present day context. The Maharashtra Co-Operative Societies Act, 1960, is discussed in great details with emphasis on case laws. For an extensive coverage of the subject, the Maharashtra Ownership Flats Act, 1963, and the Maharashtra Apartment Owners Act is also covered.

Investment and Securities Laws

This paper deals with the historical evolution of securities laws and its perspectives Indian and International. It includes the history of capital markets in India, the need for securities legislation and investor protection.

The LL.B. Programme (Three Year)

Qualifications

In deciding whether to admit an applicant, the College takes into account factors such as academic ability and intellectual maturity, and will require a Bachelors degree in any stream of Arts, Science or Commerce or any other faculty of a recognized University with a minimum of 45% marks in the Bachelor degree programme. Admissions are based on merit

The College also conducts interviews of all applicants before admitting eligible graduates as students.

Note: The rules of passing the examination for this programme are the same as that for the B.A. LL.B. programme. Refer to page 33.

FIRST YEAR

Course Description

Semester I

Law of Contract I

Contract I introduces the students to the foundation of civil society - the sanctity of contracts. This paper explores the concepts of acceptance, proposal, consideration, consent, capacity, performance and breach. It further deals with certain sections of the Specific Relief Act. This course is taught with special reference to cases decided by English and Indian courts.

Law of Crimes

An introduction to the substantive law of crimes, this course delves into the sections of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 dealing with offences against the human body, property and general exceptions.

Family Law I

Our country, being secular in nature, is a melting pot of different communities, Diverse communities have diverse laws, and Family Law I is the study of personal laws of Hindus, Muslims, Parsis and Christians, in the traditional areas of marriage, divorce, adoption and maintenance.

Labour Law

Labour Law should be of interest to all who believe in the rights of workers, Providing an in-depth knowledge of the subject, this course teaches industrial relations, social security legislation and Law of Wages and Wage Fixation through the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the Factories Act, 1948, the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1925, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 and various other Acts. To enable an all round understanding, students are made aware of all the leading case laws on the subject.

OPTIONAL PAPER (any one)

a) Trust, Equity and Fiduciary Relationships

This course concerns a study of The Indian Trust Act, 1882 - its creation, objects, duties, inabilities, rights and powers of trustees and beneficiaries; The Bombay Trust Act, 1950; principles and maxims of equity; and fiduciary relationships.

b) International Economic Law

This course is an in-depth study of the nature, development, scope and sources of International Economic Law. Divided into five sections, it involves a critical evaluation of institutions like UNCITRAL, IMF; role of foreign investments with World Bank Guidelines, global financial markets and transnational corporations; an extensive coverage of the G.A.T.T. and the W.T.O., settlement of disputes; and cases and panel reports on economic situations in various countries.

c) Woman and Law and Laws Relating to Child

A comprehensive course, it covers Constitutional rights of women, violence against women on the domestic and work front, labour laws for women and other protective legislations like Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986, the Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act 1987, Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1978 etc. Laws relating to Child include a study of Constitutional Provisions relating to the social and legal status of a

child; neglected and juvenile children and children under litigation.

d) Criminology and Penology

This is a course which looks at crimes and criminals from a different perspective. The students examine the psychological aspects of a crime and the mind of a criminal, the concept of juvenile delinquency, the role of the police and prisons and prevention of crimes and delinquencies.

Semester II

Tort and Consumer Protection Laws

The aim of this course is to promote a greater understanding of the general principles of tort - its definition, ingredients, defences etc. and specific torts like assault, defamation, trespass and negligence. Supplementary to this is a study of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986. This course is mainly taught by the case study method.

Constitutional Law

A study of the Constitution of India, its preamble, fundamental rights, directive principles of state policy and provisions relating to the Executive, the Legislatures and the Judiciary, the aim of this course is to create an awareness of Constitutional rights and duties. This course also studies centre-state relations, quasi federalism as prevalent in India, the system of checks and balances and deals with topical issues with relation to the Constitution.

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This course focuses on provisions relating to property within the family. The concept of domicile, intestate and testamentary succession of Hindus, Muslims, Parsis and Christians, Hindu Joint Family Property and types of wills and bequests are studied. Attempts are made to take a comparative approach in studying the personal laws of various communities.

Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar Bench Relations

To ensure the nobility and to uphold the dignity of the profession, this course strives to imbue the students with professional ethics, accountancy for lawyers and bar bench relations. It is taught by practicing lawyers on the basis of Mr. Krishnamurthy Iyer's Book of Advocacy, Contempt Law and Practice, the Bar Council's Code of Ethics and other books.

SECOND YEAR

Course Description

Semester III

Human Rights and International Law

This course is of great interest to students because of the varied range of subjects it covers. It has a very balanced mix of Indian Constitutional Law and International Law with specific discussions on International humanitarian law and refugee law. The study of International Law is as comprehensive as it is interesting, ranging from basic principles, sources and subjects to concepts of state responsibility and settlement of disputes with reference to Article 33 of the Charter of the United Nations.

Environmental Law

Another course to complement the global perspective of the student, it examines the law in the international context through the Stockholm and Rio Conferences and then concentrates on basic questions of need, applicability of environmental law, the Constitutional provisions relating to environmental law and various Anti Pollution Acts in India. To add to a radical approach of this course, issues such as the controversial Narmada Valley Project and

Parvathy Tharamel,

Vth year B.S.L. LL.B.

Best Student Award (2013-14)

ILS was not just about learing law and giving exams. Being a student here has transformal me as a person. I learned to be a good listener. I became



confident being encouraged by teachers to express my views and opinions. Moot Court Competitions enabled me find solutions to problems. Acting as a co-ordinator has made me a team player. The requirement of 75% or more attendance has brought more punctuality and discipline in my life. Fortunately, making friends at ILS was easy and I'm sure they'll end up being friends for life. I thank the College for giving me a beautiful learning experience.

other environmental concerns such as big dams and irrigation projects have been included. This paper thus attempts to deal with the largely developing world problem - development versus environment.

Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternate Dispute Resolution System

The dispute resolution mechanism consists of resolution through courts and resolution alternative to courts. This course deals exclusively with the latter, emphasizing solely on the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. An analysis is made into arbitration agreements, arbitral tribunals, the proceedings, awards and appeals against the tribunal, enforcement of certain foreign awards and principles of conciliation.

Law of Evidence

The Law of Evidence is concerned with the fact-finding investigation implicit in the trial process. On the basis of the Indian Evidence Act, 1982 with the latest amendments and cases decided by the High Courts and the Supreme Court, it deals with the manner in which evidence has to be presented, the facts which may be proved as items of evidence and the facts which may not be adduced as evidence. Although the course covers both civil and criminal trials, the emphasis is on criminal trials wherein the exclusionary rules of evidence are perceived to have a more significant impact.

Semester IV

Law of Contract II

This course integrates the advanced principles of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 of bailment, agency, pledge, indemnity and guarantee with the Indian Partnership Act, 1932, the Sale of Goods Act, 1939 and other specific contracts like hire - purchase agreements.

Jurisprudence

Jurisprudence is by far the most important course for understanding the pith and substance of all laws. To provide a thorough grounding, this course spans the nature and concept of law, administration of justice, sources of law, legal rights and duties, concepts of ownership, property, possession and labially. Often regarded as the source of all legal thought, this course is intellectually challenging, and crucial for Law practice and research.

Property Law including Transfer of Property Law and the Easement Act

Property law involves the study of the ways in which the use and benefit of property is controlled. Students will examine two Acts in great detail. The Transfer of Property Act, 1872 and the Indian Easements Act, 1882.

Practical Training IV

This course is divided into two parts, lectures and practicals. Students are introduced to the concept of Public Interest Litigation and are expected to write essays on LokAdalat, Role of Advocates in the implementation of Legal Aid Schemes and Amicus Curiae. The provisions regarding legal aid in the Constitution of India, Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987, Maharashtra Legal Services Authorities Rule, 1998, and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 are analysed.

Participation in legal literacy camps or para legal training courses to NGO's dealing with clients at Legal Aid Centres are integral parts of this course. To encourage the students further, this course provides them with an opportunity to write a case comment or a legal article for any law journal.

"My time at ILS and in Pune has been academically enriching and personally fulfilling and I have managed to produce a significant amount of research while here. Both the city and the Law College have



their charms and my family and I have thoroughly enjoyed the opportunities of interacting with colleagues and students at ILS during our stay."

Professor Avinash GovindjeeFaculty of Law
Nelson Mandela Metropolitan University
Visiting Professor: ILS Law College, Pune, India
Consultant: Burmeister De Lange Soni Inc Attorneys

OPTIONAL PAPER (any one)

Note: Only those optional subjects will be offered which at least a minimum number of students have opted for.

a) Comparative Law

A historical and analytical study of substantive and procedural aspects of foreign legal systems, this course examines the roots of comparative law. The aim of the course is to comprehend the different types and functions of legal systems and the references for comparison with different legal systems and finally discusses comparative dimensions of Contract, Tort, the Judiciary and the Courts.

b) Intellectual Property Law

This is one of the most innovative fields of law where a booming expansion seems to be the only form of growth, especially with advent of the internet and ecommerce. This course carefully examines the origins and the forms of Intellectual Property Law of copyright, designs, patents and trademarks; deals with the issues and subject matter of the terms of ownership, registration, infringement passing off, grant revocation and surrender and the international perspectives of copyright and patents.

c) Conflict of Laws

The legal system of any country reflects its history, philosophy moral and economic order. Differences therefore abound not only in technical rules but in basic legal concepts. This course starts out examining the principles of Private International Law, the choice of jurisdiction, choice of law, concept of domicile and then analyses the law of persons or family law, including divorce, adoption, the law of property, including concepts of lex situs, lez actus, lex domicile, the law of obligation including contracts and torts, lex fori and proper law concepts and finally ends with recognition and enforcement of foreign judgements.

d) Insurance Law

To provide a wide exposure to the field of insurance law, the students study the general principles of insurance. The Insurance Act, 1938. The Life

Insurance Corporation Act, 1956, the General Insurance Business (Nationalization) Act, 1972 and insurance under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.

THIRD YEAR

Semester V

Course Description

Code of Civil Procedure and the Limitation Act

A study of the law of procedure, it is concerned with principles of res judicata, summons and discovery, execution of decrees, and appeals. The Limitation Act, 1963 is also studied in great detail.

Legal Writing

A subject recently introduced by the Bar Council of India, this paper aims at ensuring that students of the final year are aware of the finer details of legal writing. Essential for all legal work, be it interpretation, drafting or advocacy, this paper lays stress on details from a practical perspective.

Administrative Law

The objective of this course is to provide a thorough and critical grounding in administrative law. It begins with an analysis of rule of law, separation of powers, delegated legislations, the role of tribunals, commissions of enquiry, judicial review and the power of writs are then examined. Finally, the concept of public corporation, suits against the Government and the concept of ombudsman are explored. Emphasis is given on comparative administrative law.

Interpretation of Statutes

This course is designed to train students to interpret laws through the rules of internal and external construction, operation of statutes, expiry and repeal of statutes, statutes regarding the Crown, jurisdiction of

"A visit to ILS after a lapse of nearly thirty-six years is a pilgrimage to a temple of learning."

Justice E. S. Venkataramiah
Former Chief Justice of India (Class of 46)
....during his visit to the College in 1980.

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and Laws

The purpose of this course is to consider the land and roperty laws prevailing in India and in the State of Iaharashtra. Through various statutes like the gricultural Land Ceiling Act, 1961 and Urban Land leiling Act, 1976, it examines the rights and duties of wners and occupiers of land, purchase and sale of land adjudicial and legislative control over land.

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This course is an introduction to the procedural spects of the law of crimes. It surveys the basic concepts of iminal courts, first information reports, police diaries, olice investigation, warrants, trials, bails, appeals and visions. An overview of the Juvenile Justice Act and robation of Offenders Act is also taken. This paper tempts to make the student understand the existing iminal process and review the same.

ompany Law

Recognizing the role played by companies and prporations in the economy, this course is a emprehensive study in the structure, formation and veryday running of companies. This is taught with respect the Companies Act, 1956 with amendments and levant case laws in order to build an extensive knowledge of the subject.

ractical Training I

Moot Courts, Pre-trial Preparations and participations and Participation in trial proceedings (to be conducted

"Nostalgic memories come rushing to my mind and I am at a loss for words of appreciation. A great institution rendering dedicated service to the society and in the cause of democracy through legal education."

Justice K. Madhavan Reddy
Former Chief Justice of Bombay (Class of '44)
...during his visit to the College in 1984

throughout the academic year). Viva will be held at the end of the academic year.

Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing

The aim of this course is to equip the law students with the art and technique of legal drafting which includes Principles of Civil and Criminal Pleadings, Principles of Conveyancing and Drafting of Deeds and Documents.

OPTIONAL PAPER (any one)

Banking Laws Including Negotiable Instruments Act

With the changes in the Government policy due to liberalisation, there have been corresponding changes in the banking field. In keeping with the new trends, this course considers general regulation of banking, banking organizations, cheques, guarantees and securities, etc. There is also an in-depth coverage of the role of the RBI, ICICI, IFCI and other institutions. The provisions of Negotiable Instruments Act are also studied.

Taxation Laws

A detailed study into one of the most discussed subject in Indian Law, this course primarily delves into the Income Tax Act, 1961 and all its provisions; the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1959 along with the Central Sales Tax Act; and provides an overview of the various provisions of the Central Excise Act.

Co-Operative Law

This is a study of Co-Operative Law from 1900's when the movement first started, to its present day context. The Maharashtra Co-Operative Societies Act, 1960, is discussed in great details with emphasis on case laws. For an extensive coverage of the subject, the Maharashtra Ownership Flats Act, 1963, and the Maharashtra Apartment Owners Act is also covered.

Investment and Securities Laws

This paper deals with the historical evolution of securities laws and its perspectives Indian and International. It includes the history of capital markets in India, the need for securities legislation and investor protection.

Master Degree in Labour Law and Labour Welfare (M.L.L. & L.W.)

Qualifications

A candidate applying for the M.L.L. programme should be a graduate in any faculty from a recognized University and should have obtained a minimum of 40% marks in the qualifying examination.

Duration

The duration of the M.L.L. programme is a period of two academic years commencing in the month of June / July.

Examinations

The M.L.L. programme is divided into two parts and includes ten papers each carrying 100 marks. The examination is conducted at the end of every academic year as per the date schedule announced by the University of Pune.

Standards and grades of passing

A candidate has to secure a minimum of 35% marks in each paper and an aggregate of 50% in order to pass and would be declared to have passed the examination in Second Class. A candidate securing a minimum aggregate of 60% would be declared to have passed the examination in First Class.

Course Description

The aim of the MLL programme is to study labour and social problems in a scientific manner and to introduce the student to the principles of labour welfare as regards industrial relations. The programme also helps the student to hone professional attitudes and skills for leadership in welfare work and provides a sound foundation for a successful practice in the field of labour welfare. The student is also encouraged to publish research papers and articles as warranted by requirements of training.

Law relating to Labour Management Relations I

The object of this course is to provide a thorough understanding of industrial relations between the employer and the employee in India and the role of methods of negotiation, conciliation, etc. This course

covers the study of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. The Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and the Industrial Employment Act, 1946.

Law relating to Labour Management Relations II

This course examines the development of the labour movement as a result of industrialization and the various phases of the movement. It concentrates on Trade Unions, their policies, membership, personnel, economic development and social responsibilities. Focusing on India, the course traces the history of the Central Organization of Workers in India and aspects of collective bargaining. For a global perspective, it explores the international movement through ILO, ICFTH, WFTU and trade unionism in other countries.

The course also delves into the provisions of the Trade Unions Act, 1926, the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and the Maharashtra Recognition of Trade Unions Act and Prevention of Unfair Labour Practices Act, 1971.

Principles of Wage Fixation, Law of Wages and Social Security Legislation

This subject considers the concept of wage, the theories of wage, minimum fair wages, wage rates and national wage policy. Focus is also laid on the concept of social security, its origin, institutional growth, methods, assistance and insurance and the role of the ILO in this field. The Statutes covered are the Payment of Wages Act, 1948, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948, the Employees Provident Fund and Family Pension Act, 1952 and Maternity Benefits Act, 1961.

Research Methodology and Case Studies in Industrial Relations

The main objective of this course is to acquaint the students with the scientific method of Social Science Research. It is expected to provide the minimum knowledge of the Technique of selection, collection, and

nterpretation of Primary and Secondary data in Socioegal / Labour research. It includes application of tatistical methods, Census sampling. distribution correlation, time series, histograms and the cost of living ndex.

Practical Training - Field Work and Viva Voce

To understand all the theoretical concepts of this programme, this course involves local observation visits, tudy tour visits, concurrent placement in industrial concern and viva voca based on field work. Local Observation Visit includes visits to Industrial Court / Iribunal, Labour Court, ESI Corporation, office of Director Industrial Safety and Health, office of Employee's Provident Fund, Commissioner of Labour Office, Labour Welfare Centre, as well as one week's training. Study tour observation) visits not more than four weeks duration covers textile mills, engineering concerns, chemical and charmaceutical industries, printing press, and ports, ollowed by a placement in an industrial concern. The viva roce will be based on the practical training and field work risits.

aws Relating to Labour Welfare

This course explores the changing concepts of labour velfare and management, the scope, philosophies and principles of labour welfare, its development in India and the Gandhian approach. It also concentrates on the office of the Labour Officer, his duties, functions and role in the industry. Covering a total of ten statutes including the indian Factories Act, 1948, the Indian Mines Act, 1952, the Indian Dock Labour Act, the Contract Labour Act, 1971, this course is very comprehensive in its nature.

"The visit to ILS has been very educative and heartening. The environment of the institute is one of serious learning at all levels. My best wishes for the institute's further progress."

Justice J.S. Verma
Former Chief Justice of India

Personnel Management and Case Studies in Personnel Management

This course begins with the broad concepts of management of human resources, resource growth and development and then concentrates on the managerial aspects of personnel function, like planning, organization, staffing, direction, the operative functions of management of employment and selection, wage, salary, training, development and grievance settlement.

Attention is also paid to personnel management practices in major industries including textiles, engineering, petro-chemicals, chemicals and pharmaceuticals.

Industrial Sociology and Psychology

The main objective of this course is to discuss the nature, scope and significance of industrial sociology, emergence of industrial society, the factory systems, industrial bureaucracy, factory and social systems in India, Japan, Germany, Yugoslavia and the former U.S.S.R. and the psychological aspects of motivation, attitudes, and the human side of enterprise, personality and leadership.

Labour Economics and Indian Labour Problems

Labour economics being a study of the labour force, demand and supply, full employment, system of wage boards, wage policies, this course lays emphasis on labour markets, wages and earnings, employment of local people like educated persons, women, casual workers, and labour and technological change in India.

Practical Training - Viva Voce

Another course to supplement the various theories studied under the programme, it includes placement in industrial concerns for internship and a project report. The training may include a first hand study of techniques of personnel management, labour management relations etc. To complete the study of labour laws and labour welfare, a viva voce evaluation is conducted on the basis of the entire programme including theoretical and practical knowledge.

Diploma in Taxation Laws (D.T.L.)

Qualifications

Eligibility for admission requires the candidate to be a graduate of any faculty of any University whose degree is recognized to be equivalent to the corresponding degrees of Pune University.

Duration

The duration of this course shall be one academic year.

Examination

The examination is held at the end of the academic year on dates announced by the University. The course consists of five papers, each of hundred marks.

Standard and grades of passing

The candidate has to secure a minimum of 35% marks in each subject and an aggregate of 50% to pass in second class. A Candidate securing 60% or above aggregate would be declared to have passed in First class, and one securing 75% or above shall be declared to have obtained a distinction.

Course Description

The course of study of Diploma in Taxation Laws shall consist of compulsory papers of General Laws affecting Taxation, Income tax and Agricultural tax, Wealth tax, Central Sales tax, Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, and Book-keeping and Accountancy.

General Laws affecting Taxation

This course is designated to provide an overview of Taxation laws from the other fields of law such as Constitution, Hindu Law, Indian Partnership Act, Transfer of Property Act, Evidence Act, Civil Procedure Code, Indian Trust Act, and Indian Succession Act. It is a mix of the freedom of trade and commerce, Mitakshara concepts, Intestate and Testamentary succession concepts of immovable property, trust and trustees and execution of wills.

Income Tax Act A & B

This course is intended to provide an in-depth understanding of the Law relating to Income tax through the study of the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961 as amended up-to-date. Emphasis is given on solving Practical Problems and case Studies. Part B includes Banking cash Transactions Act 2005.

Wealth Tax, Central Excise Act and Service Tax

A purely statute oriented course, it deals with two Actsthe Wealth Tax Act, 1961 and the Central Excise Act, 1944 as amended up-to-date. Both Acts are dissected and discussed in great detail to enable the student to have comprehensive knowledge of the subject. Provision of Finance Act 1994 relating to Service Tax & Service Tax Rules including credit of Service Tax have also been included.

Central Sales Tax Act and Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act 2002

The Sales Tax, being fundamental to India, affects all areas of life and all consumers and manufacturers alike. This course deals with the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 as amended up-to-date. The syllabus also includes the concepts of buyer, delivery, specific goods, contract of sale and agreement to sell and other topics of the Sale of Goods Act. Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act 2002 and Rules and notification framed there under has also been made part of the syllabus.

Book Keeping and Accountancy

To complement the other subjects, this is a basic course on the principles of accountancy. It starts with the fundamentals like double entry book keeping, Bills, types of accounts like Manufacturing and Profit and Loss account, Balance Sheet followed by Partnership accounts, consignments and joint ventures, company accounts and valuation of Depreciation and Goodwill.

Diploma in Labour Law and Labour Welfare (D.L.L. & L.W.)

<u>Zualifications</u>

Graduate of any faculty of any university whose degree recognized to be equivalent to the corresponding degrees of rune University.

Duration

Duration of this course shall be one academic year.

Examination and Standard of Passing

The candidate has to secure a minimum of 35% marks in ach paper and an aggregate of 50%. A candidate securing 50% or above will be declared to have passed in First Class and above 75% will obtain a distinction.

Course of Study

The course of study leading to Diploma in Labour Laws and Labour Welfare consists of the following compulsory apers:

aperI

aws relating to Labour Management Relations

It includes the Trade Union Act, 1926, the Industrial Employment (Standing) Orders Act, 1946, the Bombay ndustrial Relations Act, 1946, the Industrial Disputes act, 1947 and the Prevention of Unfair Labour Practices act, 1971.

aper II

iocial Security Legislations

The syllabus includes the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948, the Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions

Act, 1952, the Bombay Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1953, the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 and the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

Paper III

Principles of Wage Fixation and Law of Wages

This paper covers the Principles of fixation of Wage and Bonus and the relevant statutes such as the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 and the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976.

Paper IV

Legislations Affecting conditions of work

This paper deals with legislative measures adopted to ensure proper healthy conditions of work and include the Factories Act, 1948, the Bombay Shops and Establishment Act, 1948, Mines Act, 1952, Motor Transport Workers Act, 1961, the Contract Labour Act, 1970, Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 and Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act, 1776.

Paper V

Practical Training

This includes field work and study Tour Reports and viva-voce. Visits include factory / industry, Labour / Industrial Court and the Offices of various labour departments of the government, such as Office of Labour Commissioner, Office of Director, Safety and Health and Office of the Regional Commissioner of Provident Fund. Visit to Trade Union Office or Labour Welfare Centre also are part of the visits.



Diploma/Certificate Courses

Under the auspices of the Ford Foundation, ILS Law College introduced a project called TCLE - Towards Conscious Legal Education and offered diplomas on various subjects of Importance in the present legal context, not included in the syllabus. They included Human Rights, Child and Law, Feminist Jurisprudence, Banking Laws, Special Corporate Laws, Environmental Law, Comparative Constitution, Communication Skills, Practice and Procedure of parliament and Medical Jurisprudence. However TCLE Project got over in 1999-2000, and a limited number of diplomas continued under the auspices of Indian Law Society.

The duration, fee structure of the courses and commencement dates are as given below.

Commencement Dates of the Diploma / Certificate Courses

Sr. No.	Name of the Diploma/Certificate Course	Duration of the course	Date of Commencement
1	Diploma in Corporate Laws	6 months	July 2014
2	Diploma in Cyber Laws & Information Technology	9 months	July 2014
3	Diploma in Human Rights & Law	8 months	July 2014
4	Diploma in Medical Jurisprudence & Forensic Science	9 months	July 2014
5	Certificate Course in Lawyering Skills	4 weeks	July 2014
6	Diploma in Competition Law	2 Semesters	July 2014

Fee Structure

Sr. No.	Name of the Diploma/Certificate Course	Fee for ILS Students Rs.	Fee for Non-ILS Students Rs.
1	Diploma in Corporate Laws	11000	13000
2	Diploma in Cyber Laws & Information Technology	8000	10000
3	Diploma in Human Rights & Law	9000	11000
4	Diploma in Medical Jurisprudence & Forensic Science	8000	10000
5	Certificate Course in Lawyering Skills	7000	7000
6	Diploma in Competition Law	37000	40000

Note: 1) Prospectus along with admission forms will be available from 1st week of June 2013 in the college office.

2) Fees and dates are subject to change.

3) Admissions are given on First Come First Served basis. 75% attendance compulsory.

4) Foreign non ILS students will have to pay Rs. 5000/- more than the fee charged to ILS students for each of the above courses.

Institute of Advanced Legal Studies - Diploma / Certificate Courses

Sr. No	Name of the Diploma / Certificate Course	Duration of the course	Date of Commencement	200	Fees for Non ILS Students
1	Diploma in Housing Laws	3 months	21" July 2014	Rs. 25000/-	Rs. 30000/-
2	Distance Learning Course in Diploma in Alternative Dispute Resolution Mechanisms (ADRMs)	6 months	1* August 2014	Rs. 25000/-	Rs. 30000/-

Note: The prospectus and application forms are available at IALS office between 10.00 a.m. to 3.00 p.m. on all working days.

Our Faculty

Students are instructed by a faculty comprising of scholars and rofessionals profound in their respective fields of interests. It has, an nparalleled commitment and divides its time among two omplementary activities, teaching and research. At ILS we have a iculty which, gives high priority to interactive teaching thus ncouraging the student-teacher relationship to go beyond the lassroom, in turn providing the students with a comfortable and varm study environment.



VAIJAYANTI JOSHI, Principal

B.A. with Sanskrit from the Fergusson College, Pune. LL.B. from the ILS Law College, LL.M. from the Pune University. Areas of interest are Family Law, Private International Law and Legal Theory. Book entitled 'Vrittapatra ani Kayada' (Newspapers and the Law) widely received. Contributed to

ne draft 'Uniform Civil Code' and a number of papers. Has been member of the Legal Education Committee of the Bar Council f India. Visited and lectured in 1999 in various law-schools in ISA, viz. the Brandeis School of Law, Louisville, the NewYork Iniversity Law School and the Centre for International and Comparative Law, University of Baltimore. Visited Hawaii to articipate in an international conference on 'Educating Lawyers or Trans-national Challenges' organized by Association of merican Law Schools. Visited Athens, Greece to participate in the Academy of European Public Law, 11th Session. Felicitated by Bar Council of India on the occasion of its Golden Jubilee elebration for her valuable services rendered to the field of legal lucation.



JAYA SAGADE, Vice Principal

B.Sc. from Fergussion College, Pune. LL.B. from the ILS Law College LL.M. and Ph.D. from the Pune University, SJD from University of Toronto Canada. Has been a UGC Fellow and also received ICSSR fellowship, Fulbright Scholarship, and Fellowship of the Netherlands Government

r Human Rights course at the Hague, University of Toronto holarship for SJD. Joined the teaching faculty in College in 379. Areas of interest are Human Rights, Feminist trisprudence, Family Law, and Rights of Women and Children. ontributed to the draft 'Uniform Civil Code'. Authored book hild Marriage in India: Sociological and Human Rights imension', published by OUP, New Delhi.



SITA BHATIA. Associate Professor

M.A. and Ph.D. from the Pune University in Political Science. LL.B. from the ILS Law College, LL.M. (Human Rights) from Bombay University. Joined the teaching faculty in 1984. Areas of interest are Political Science, Human Rights and Law and International Relations, Constitutional Law and Media Laws. Books titled 'Freedom of the Press', 1997 as author, and 'Dimensions of Law' as editor. Booklet on International Law and Human Rights, The Panchayat System in Maharashtra (Marathi) and Human Rights and Fundamental Rights and Duties under the Indian Constitution (Marathi). Halsbury's Laws of India V.24: Media, Technology and Communications, Lexis Nexis. Completed courses in Human Rights and Teaching from the International Institute of Human Rights, Strasbourg, Completed two certificate courses on 'Human Right to Food and Nutrition' and restorative justices from the CEU, Budapest. Member of the Amnesty International, People's Union of Civil Liberties. Coordinator and In-charge of Diploma on Human Rights and Law run by Indian Law Society. Working for the Legal Aid Centre of the College.



NILIMA BHADBHADE,

Associate Professor

LL.B. from the ILS College, awarded Best Student Award of the College and won Gold Medal for topping University in LL.B. in 1982 LL.M. of the Pune University. Awarded Ph.D. Degree by Pune University in 2012. Practiced in the Pune District and Civil

Courts from 1982 to 1993. Areas of interest are Laws relating to Contracts, Intellectual Property, Insurance and Advocacy Skills, especially Moot Courts. Invited for lectures in Contracts, Evidence, Procedure and Intellectual Property at MHADA, YASHADA, CDA and MCCIA etc. Also resource person in training programmes on Teaching Methods and seminars about Intellectual Property. Revised 12th, 14th and updated 14th edition of Pollock and Mulla's Indian Contract and Specific Relief Acts. Monograph on 'Contract' and two editions of 'Contract Law in India' Published by Kluwer Law International.



SMITA SABNE, Assistant Professor

B.Com. from the Bangalore University, LL.B. from the ILS Law College, and LL.M. from the Pune University. Worked as tax practitioner for 15 years. Joined part-time teaching faculty of the College in 1988, and associated full time in 1997. Areas of interest are Company Law, Labour Laws, Law relating

to Securities and Investment and Environment Laws. Visited University of Houston, USA in 2000. Co-investigator in UGC Research Project on Water Pollution Laws. Member of the team working in Higher Education Link Project of British Council and visited SOAS, London in 2004. Placement In-Charge and Co-Ordinator of Diploma in Corporate Laws and Investment and Securities Laws. Member, Internal Quality Assurance Cell of the college.



SANTOSH JAYBHAY,

Assistant Professor

B.Sc., LL.B. and LL.M. of the Pune University. Practised in Ahmednagar Court for one year. Joined the teaching faculty in 1997. Areas of interest are Contracts, Torts and Land Laws. Rector of ILS Hostel. Associated with Legal aid. Chairman,

Gymkhana Committee and In-charge, Cultural department. Coordinator of DLL & LW, DTL and MLL & LW Diploma Courses.



UJIWALA SAKHALKAR,

Assistant Professor

B.Com. LL.M. from University of Pune and joined ILS Law College as teaching faculty in 1995. Associated with 'Diploma in Medical Jurisprudence and Forensic Science', 'Diploma in Cyber Laws' and the Certificate Course in 'Lawyering Skills'. Conducted and

designed a Certificate Course for Doctors on 'Doctor, Patient and the Law'. In-charge and Academic Counsellor for ILS International Students' Cell. Associated with Legal Aid and Moot Court activities of the College. Area of interest and research are International Law, Human Rights, Women and Law and Clinical Legal Education. Participated in several international and national training programmes in different capacities.



SIKHA BHATTACHARYA, Librarian

M.A. (Political Science), Calcutta University, B. LIB. Sc. from Jadavpur University and Masters in Library Science from Documentation Research and Training Centre, Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore. SET (1995). Edited the College Magazine during 1994-2002. Editing the

Prospectus since 2001. In-charge UGC proposals and ICT Development activities in the college. Visited Bora Laskin Law Library of University of Toronto, Canada Under Ford Foundation Faculty Development Programme in November December 2000. NAAC Co-Ordinator during 2004-05 and joint coordinator, Internal Quality Assurance Cell of the college.



TEJASWINI MALEGAONKAR,

Assistant Professor

B.A. from Fergusson College, Pune, LL.B, DLL&LW from Symbiosis Law College Pune, LL.M. from Pune University, SET, Ph.D. from the Pune University. Worked for five years in University of Pune as a lecturer in Department of Law. Joined the teaching

faculty ILS Law College in June 2009. Worked for the Legal Aid Centre of the college. Areas of interest are Constitutional Law, Jurisprudence, Human Rights, Public International Law, Feminist Jurisprudence, Rights of Women And Children.



DEEPA PATURKAR, Assistant Professor

LL.B. from ILS law College in 1992 and LL.M. from University of Pune in 1995. Completed Doctoral research work and obtained Ph.D. in law relating to Transplantation of Human organs and Tissues in India in 2007. Worked as Junior Advocate with Dr. Avinash Shivade in the

High Court of Mumbai. Worked as a Lecturer in ILS law College under Ford Foundation Project during 1998-2002. Joined ILS Law College as a Full Time Faculty in September 2009. Awarded International Diploma in Mental Health and Law by World Health Organization and Indian Law Society.

Areas of interests are Medical Law, Health Laws and Environmental Laws.



K. S. WAGHMARE, Assistant Professor

M.A. (Pol. Sc.), LL.M., NET. Practiced as an Advocate from 1985 to 2002, worked as a Panel Advocate of M.S.R.T.C., National Insurance Co. and United India Insurance Co., Presenting Officer in Maharashtra State Administrative Tribunal, Mumbai Bench at Aurangabad in the year 1996-97. Lecturer in

Dr. Ambedkar College of Law, Aurangabad from June 2002 to June 2004. Full Time Lecturer in S.S. Maniyar Law College, Jalgaon. Since July 2004, working as Full Time Lecturer at the ILS Law College, Pune.



S.S. JAIN, Associate Professor

LL.B. (1994) from Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Law College, Nagpur University, Nagpur. LL.M. (1996) P.G.T.D. Law Department, Nagpur University, Nagpur. NET (1995). Awarded Ph.D. by the University of Nagpur on the theme of 'Feminist Critique of Indian Constitution'. Has received 'Most efficient

disabled teacher' award at the hands of President of India Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam in December 2004. YCMOU Nasik has published his text book on 'Implementation of Human Rights' in 2007. Co-edited 'Basic Structure Constitutionalism: Revisiting Keshavanand Bharti' published by Eastern Book Company in 2011. Areas of interest are Constitutional Law, Jurisprudence, Feminist Legal Theory, International Trade Law, etc.



DNYANESHWAR KENDRE,

Assistant Professor

LL.B. from M.P. Law College, Aurangabad in 2005. LL.M. in Criminal Law with first division from the Department of Law, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University, Aurangabad in 2007. Cleared the SET in Law in 2007. Completed one year PG

Diploma in Medical Jurisprudence and Forensic Science from Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Law College, Aurangabad in 1998.

tarted teaching at DES Law College in June 2008. Joined as full me fauchty at ILS Law College in December 2011. Currently ursuing Ph.D. in Land Laws from the University of Pune. Areas f interest are Criminal Laws, Land Laws, Law of Torts, rofessional Ethics.



SONALI JADHAV, Assistant Professor

BSL. LL.B. from Ismailsaheb Mulla Law College, Satara. LL.M. from Department of Law, University of Pune. Cleared NET in Law in 2006. Certificate Course on Forensic Science and Medical Jurisprudence from the University of Pune. Worked as Teaching Associate in Department of Law, University

f Pune (2006-07), and full time faculty in Law Marathwada fitra Mandal's Shankarrao Chavan Law College, Pune (2007-0). Co-ordinator for LL.M. course at ILS Law College (2010). Dined ILS Law College as full time faculty in November 2011. reas of Interest are Constitutional Law, Criminal Laws and Law f Arbitration.

ART TIME & VISITING FACULTY

Ir.A.A. Adhiya

Ir. N.M. Apte

Ar. A.B. Kulkarni

Ar. S.B. Malegaonkar

As Medha Kolhatkar

/Is Usha Ganesh

As Ragini Rammohan

/Is Sonali Shrikhande

As Anagha Kadolkar

•

/Is Shaila Daware

is Shikha Bhattacharya

/Is Swati Kulkarni

/is Rashmi Gupta

/r_M.A. Batki

fr. S.U. Shenoi

Ar. Dravid

/r. Rohit Dangre

/Is Angha Joshi

As Vishakha Atre

/Is Rajlaxmi Joshi

/Is Neha Pimpalwar

Ar. Vineet Gangwal

m. vineer Gangwa

Ar. Dhatrak

Mr. Ashok Shelke

Mr. Paradkar

Ms Isha Kaluskar

HONORARY FACULTY

Mr. S.V. Kanetkar

Ms Sathya Narayan

Ms Laxmi Paranjape

Mr. V.S. Atre

FACULTY FOR D.T.L.

Mr. Prateik Dhatrak

Ms Vinaya Chinchore

Mr. R.G. Nahar

Mr. Rohan Bhase

FACULTY FOR D.LL & L.W.

Mr. Santosh Jaybhay

Mr. Satyajeet Kulkami

Ms Ketki Dalvi

Mr. P.A. Naronha

FACULTY FOR MILL & L.W.

Mr. P.A. Naronha

Ms Swati Kulkarni

Ms Ketki Dalvi



SUVARNA NILAKH, Assistant Professor

BSL.LL.B from ILS Law College. LL.M from Pune University. Diploma in IPR Laws from Pune University cleared SET and NET in 2006. Worked as full time lecturer in Dr. D.Y. Patil Law College for 6 yrs. Areas of interest are Intellectual Property, Business Law, Labour Law, Administrative Law and

Environmental Laws. Co-ordinator for ILS Hariyali and Research Centre.



NITISH NAWSAGARAY,

Assistant Professor

LL.B. from Nanded and LL.M and Ph.D from University of Pune. Teaching experience of more than 12 years. Joined ILS Law College in December 2011. Areas of interest are Constitutional Law, Jurisprudence, Criminal law and

Administrative law. Visited Cardiff University, U.K for a teaching and research assignment in 2006. Contributed articles on various legal issues in reputed law Journals. Participated and presented papers in various National and International seminars and conferences. Contributes articles in Marathi Newspapers and Journals. Associated with many social organizations working for the upliftment of the downtrodden classes.

Institute of Advanced Legal Studies

The Institute of Advanced Legal Studies (IALS) was established in 1991 to complement and support the efforts of the ILS Law College to promote quality legal education. The Institute conducts research in Law, runs courses of socio-legal interests for a variety of clientele with a view to spreading legal education among people engaged in diverse pursuits.

The Institute is headed by:

Smt. Sathya Narayan, Honorary Director

- The Institute is currently researching a project, commissioned by the Ford Foundation, on 'Public Interest Litigation' in India (PIL). The Institute had previously completed a study on 'The Tribunal System in India.'
- The Institute organizes a number of Workshops, Seminars, Discussions, Lectures etc.
- Since 1992 the Institute has been conducting two diploma courses.

Diploma in Housing Laws

Diploma in Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Methods'.

Instructions to Students

- 1. Admission form must be completed by the student in his/her own and in clear handwriting. It may be given by hand or posted. Admission procedure must be completed by the student in person.
- 2. Admission form must be completed in all respects including certificates and documents as indicated below. Incomplete forms will not be considered for admission.
- 3. Student may apprise themselves of all the rules of admission and the procedure of admission as stated in the prospectus, and any changes made thereafter, which will be displayed on the notice-board of the college and will be available on the college website at www.ilslaw.edu. The time-table and procedure for admission can also be seen on the notice board and on the college web-site.
- 4. Students must carry with them additional copies of photographs for I card purpose and submit Attested true copies of the following documents and must produce the originals at the time of interviews / admission.
 - i. Statement of Marks of S.S.C. or equivalent & H.S.C. or equivalent examination.
 - ii. Statement of marks of the qualifying exam (Xllth for five year B.A. LL.B. course, and graduation from any faculty for three year LL.B. course, DTL, DLL & LW and MLL & LW)
 - (Where grade system is followed in assessment, student shall also give transcripts of marks or any other documents indicating marks in the qualifying examination).
 - iii. Passing certificate
 - iv. For date of birth purposes Certified copy of entry in birth register, or school leaving certificate, or certificate of SSC or equivalent examination
 - v. A student who has not completed SSC and HSC (or equivalent exams) from a recognised institution in Maharashtra, but who himself/herself or whose father or mother is domiciled in the State of Maharashtra must produce a domicile certificate of a Competent Authority that he/she/father/mother is domiciled in the State of Maharashtra; else such student will be treated as a Candidate from Outside Maharashtra for the purposes of admission and fees. (see page no 27 of the prospectus)
 - vi. A student coming from a College affiliated to the Pune University or Maharashtra Higher Secondary Board must produce a Transfer Certificate and School Leaving Certificate from that College/Board and School. A student coming from any other University or Board must produce a Migration Certificate, a Transfer Certificate and School Leaving Certificate from the University/College/Board/School. Else the student must Undertake to produce and must produce the same within fifteen days from the date of admission.
 - vii. If a student seeks admission and other benefits (fees, concessions etc.) in categories reserved for backward classes and other backward classes:
 - a) Caste certificate issued by appropriate authority b) In the case of such sub-categories among NT (C), NT (D), OBC to whom the creamy-layer criteria is applicable, a valid and subsisting certificate from the appropriate authority that the student does not belong to the creamy Layer.
 - IF SUCH CERTIFICATES ARE NOT SUBMITTED WITH THE ADMISSION FORM, THE STUDENT WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR ADMISSION IN THE OPEN CATEGORY FOR ALL PURPOSES INCLUDING ADMISSION MERIT LIST AND FEES.
 - viii. If the student seeks admission and benefits in categories reserved other than for backward classes, a certificate from the appropriate authority indicating that the student belongs to such category.
 - ix. if the student is employed, employers' permission to pursue the course and attend all the classes of the course.

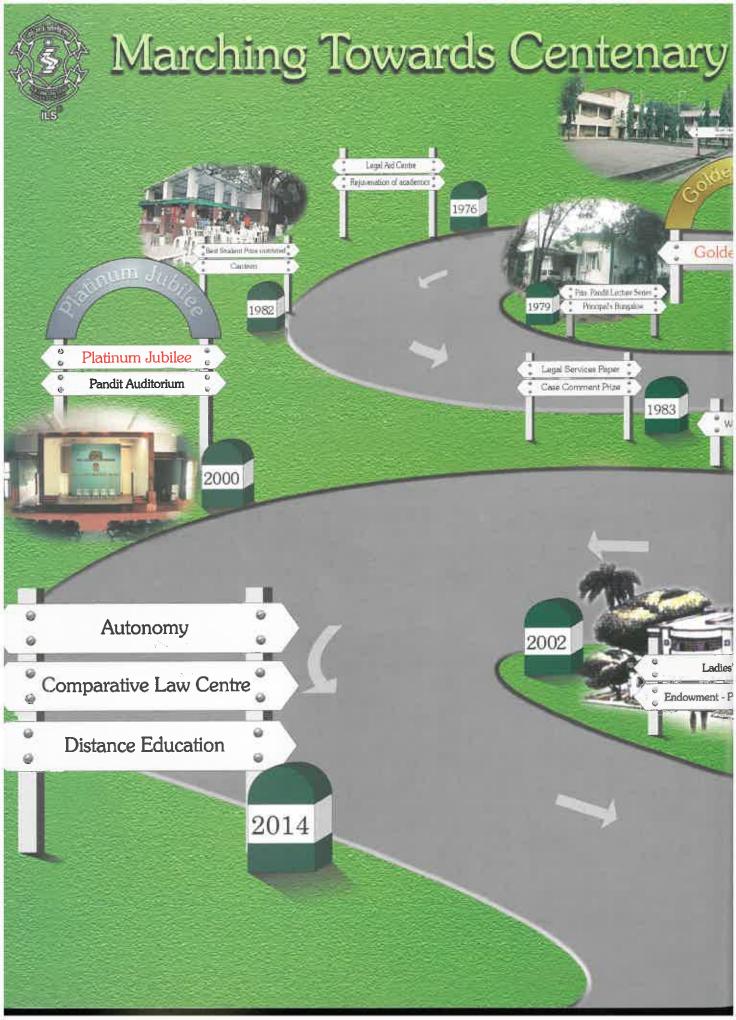
Undertakings

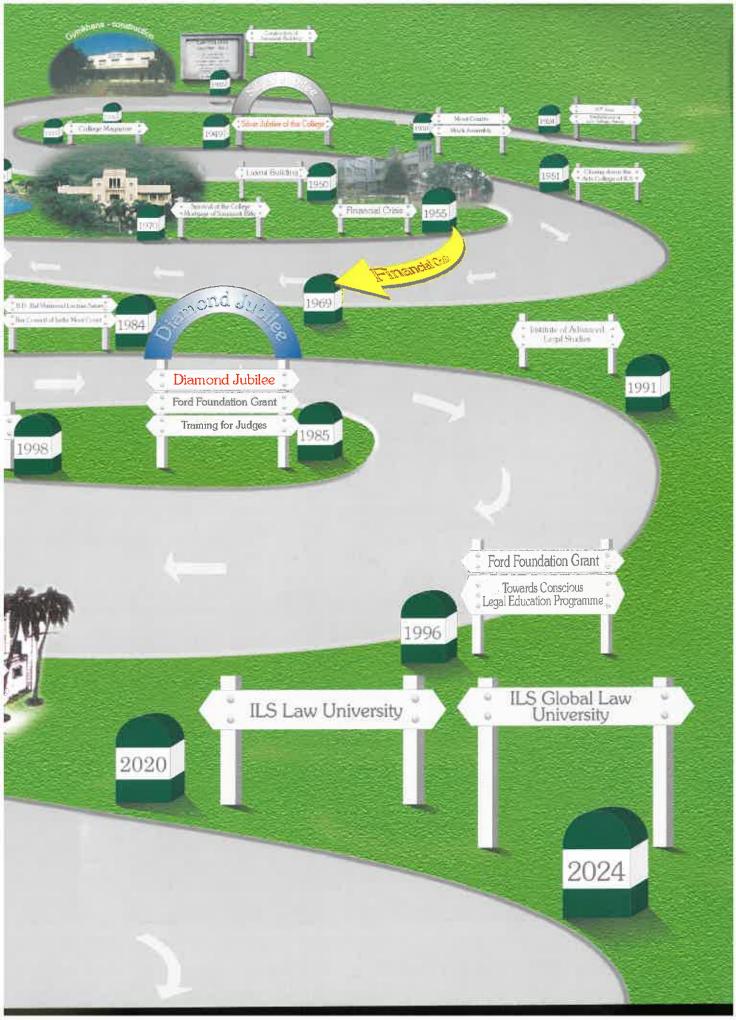
I hereby undertake, if admitted, to attend lectures (Minimum 75%) and all internal assessment programmes in the College. If I fail to do so, my term will not be granted..

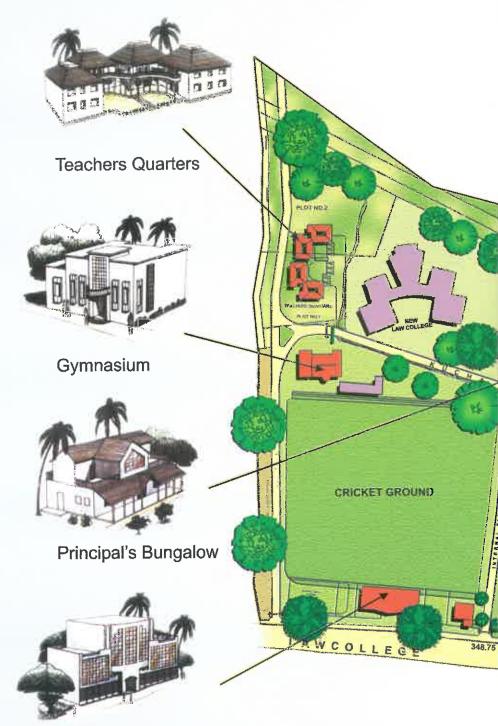
I hereby submit to the disciplinary jurisdiction of the authorities of the University / and the authorities of the College, and shall observe and abide by the rules made by them.

- I understand that if admitted, my admission will be confirmed only on my production of the Transference Certificate / Migration Certificate from my previous College or educational institution and the Final Eligibility Certificate of the University of Pune.
- I undertake to take an identity card immediately and carry it with me while in the College Premises and to produce it when demanded by college staff.
 - I understand that the curriculum and the fee structure and admission rules and criteria for this year, as well as for the law course over the years is likely to be revised from time to time by the University of Pune, or the State Government or the College and that fees might increase and I undertake to pay the increased fees whenever demanded by the college and to comply with the rules from time to time.
- I am aware that mobile phones, or similar electronic instruments have to be switched off in classrooms, library and during any activity in the College. If such instruments ring or are used during classes, in the library or during activities, the instruments are liable to be confiscated by the college authorities, and fine may be imposed by the college.
-) I am aware that smoking cigarettes or taking any addictive substance in College premises including the canteen, hostel, mess etc. is prohibited and if found doing these, I will be liable for disciplinary action.
- i) I am also aware that it is my responsibility to keep College premises clean.
 - I promise not to include in any ragging activity (As defined by 'The Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act. 1999') inside or outside the College

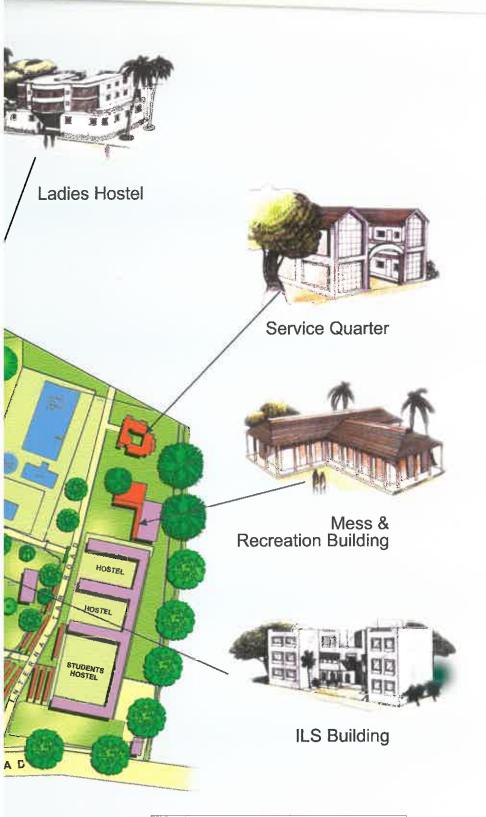








Commercial Complex



Existing building - Proposed building -

Price Rs. 1000/-By Post Rs. 1150/-©ILS Law College



ILS LAW COLLEGE PUNE



ILS LAW COLLEGE

Chiplunkar Road (Law College Road), Pune - 411 004 e-mail: ilslaw@vsnl.com website: www.ilslaw.edu

Our Mission

" कृण्वन्तो विश्वमार्यम् ।" - Rigveda, Mandala-9, Sukta-63, R.ca-5

We will make the whole world "Aaryam". The word "Aaryam" refers to moral, cultural and spiritual excellence leading to eternal happiness. It shall be the ideal of this Society, for accomplishment of which, its efforts will always be directed towards an all round elevation of the entire population of this vast country. It should be raised to a level of equality on a higher plane ensuring everlasting peace, prosperity and higher mentality. The Society looks forward to a period of time when as a result of advancement of the people in their morals and outlook on life, the distinctions on the ground of birth will disappear by reason of all reaching a higher level of mental and moral excellence. The prayer of the Society will be to raise the nation to that ideal and its efforts will always be directed with that end in view:

" कृण्वन्तो विश्वमार्यम् ।"

From The President's Chair



I feel privileged and proud to be associated with ILS Law College for a long time, first as student and then as Member of the Governing Body, its Vice-President and President. I joined the ILS Law College in 1951 following my elder brother Annasaheb Shinde (Former Central Minister) who completed Law from this College. I was involved in the 1942 freedom movement and other social struggles and incidentally, many great leaders who made a deep impact on my mind like Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Dr. Ambedkar, were from the legal profession - Barristers or Advocates.

Our College has an enviable campus, the best hostel, probably the best mess that used to be managed by Shri Vyankatrao Pai and above all, a wonderful team of teachers under the leadership of Principal Pandit whom I still consider as my 'Idol'.

I feel proud of the glorious past of the Indian Law Society and the Law College. The mantle of quality legal education with high dedication and commitment to the profession has passed through generations and still being carried on by the present day faculty members. I welcome the students to enjoy the serene beauty of the sprawling campus, take part in all enrichment activities, hone their professional skills and become enlightened citizens of a 'better tomorrow'.

Shri Raosaheb Shinde President, Indian Law Society (Class of 51)



Life is a better experience with a touch of legality. Since you've decided to pursue a career in legal studies, I welcome you to the fraternity of people for whom life is law.

What should be the essential requirements for a person to be a good lawyer-discipline to follow the law, restraint and courage to speak the truth. Compounded with this, a lawyer must also realize his commitment to the society - justice, equity and good conscience must rule his philosophy of law.

Only a good legal education, one that allows you to understand the framing of laws and also their correct implementation can promote such qualities. ILS Law College provides you with all this and more. ILS has always been instrumental in producing lawyers par excellence and has been at the forefront of education, research and innovations in the field of law.

It is due to the pure dedication and sincerity of its flag bearers, that ILS is, where it is today. I consider myself fortunate to have been a student and the Principal of this college - a part of its 80 year old glorious tradition.

I wish ILS and its students all success in their onward march.

Late Dr. S.P. Sathe Former Principal, ILS Law College (Class of '54)









Dear Students,

I congratulate you for making a right choice to select ILS Law College for studies of law. Today, ILS is a prestigious name in legal education. A+ ranking by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council - an autonomous body of the University Grants Commission and No. 1 ranking by media fortifies our claim for quality legal education. Generations of our students since the establishment of the ILS College in 1924 have strengthened its reputation. The College has strived to impart socially relevant and professionally designed legal education for last 90 years. ILS Law College was selected for the 'Institutional Excellence Awared 2013' by the Society of Indian Law Firms (SILF) and Menon Institute of Legal Advocacy Training (MILAT), and Asian 'Best Private Education Institute 2012-13' award by World Consulting and Research Organisation in 2013. Law, according to us, is not an activity of the State, but part of our life. There is no activity of human life with which law is not concerned. Law is the foundation of the Universe and everything is centered in law. This belief is expressed in our motto धर्मे सर्वं प्रतिष्ठितम्। (Everything is centered in law). Guided by this philosophy of law, ILS has nurtured its own educational culture. Law and legal profession have acquired a central place in the global economy. Along the legal complexities, it has become necessary to study impact of globalization on social and political institutions. To facilitate such study, we have made efforts to effectively combine the theory and practice of law. The classroom teaching is supported by moot courts, legal aid, legal literacy and legal research. This will introduce you to court crafts and expose you to social realities.

You will enjoy learning law among the multi-cultural and multi-lingual student body, in the beautiful surroundings and free but disciplined ambience.

Join our mission on the path of Justice, Liberty and Equality.

I look forward to meeting you at the ILS

Vaijayanti Joshi

v. & V.

ILS Law College, Pune is an equal opportunity institution. It does not discriminate on the grounds of race, age, religion, caste, sex, disability, colour and origin.

It observes the principle of equality as quaranteed under the constitution of India and other Statutes.



भारत सरकार मॅट्रीकोत्तर शिष्यवृत्ती / फ्रीशीप योजनेअंतर्गत अ.जाती, भ.जा. व वि.जाती, इ.मा.वर्ग, वि.मा. प्रवर्गातील विद्यार्थ्यांनी

https://mahaeschol.maharashtra.gov.in या वेबसाईटवर व अ.जमातीच्या विद्यार्थ्यांनी https://etribal.maharashtra.gov.in या वेबसाईटवर ऑनलाईन पध्दतीने अर्ज भरुन त्याची हार्डकॉपी महाविद्यालयात आवश्यक कागदपत्रांसहित सादर करावी.

सुचना: वरील शिष्यवृत्ती / फ्रिशिप योजना इतर मागासवर्गीय विद्यार्थ्यांना (ओ.बी.सी.) लागू नाही. या विद्यार्थ्यांना पूर्ण फि भरावी लागेल.

आवश्यक कागदपत्रे *

अ. भारत सरकार मॅट्रीकोत्तर शिष्यवृत्ती योजना

- १. पासपोर्टआकाराचा १ फोटो.
- उत्पन्नाचा दाखला (मूळ प्रत)
 उत्पन्नाचा दाखला सक्षम अधिकाऱ्याचा असावा. विद्यार्थ्याचे पालक नोकरीत असल्यास तेथील एकूण
 उत्पन्नाचा दाखला (उदा. मूळ वेतन + महागाई भत्ता + इतर भत्ते मिळून मिळणारे उत्पन्न) तसेच इतर
 मार्गांनी मिळणारे उत्पन्न. वडील हयात नसल्यास विडलांचा मृत्यू दाखला आवश्यक. विवाहित
 विद्यार्थीनींच्या बाबतीत पतीच्या उत्पन्नाचा दाखला जोडणे आवश्यक आहे.
- ३. जातीचा सक्षम अधिकाऱ्यांचा दाखला व अ.जमाती साठी जात वैधता प्रमाणपत्र (साक्षांकित प्रत).
- प्रवेशीत अभ्यासक्रमासाठी पात्रता परीक्षा ते मागील वर्षी उत्तीर्ण झाल्याचे गुणपत्रके (साक्षांकित प्रत).
 शिक्षणात खंडपडलेला असल्यास सक्षाम अधिकाऱ्याचे गॅप प्रमाणपत्र व शपथपत्र (मूळ प्रत).
- ५. विद्यार्थी दुसऱ्या जिल्हयातून शिक्षणासाठी आला असल्यास जिल्हा बदल प्रमाणपत्र. विद्यार्थ्यांने त्याच जिल्हयातून महाविद्यालय बदलल्यास मागील वर्षी शिष्यवृत्ती मिळाल्याच्या आदेश क्रमांकाचे प्रमाणपत्र (मूळ प्रत).
- ६. विद्यार्थी खाजगी किंवा महाविद्यालयाच्या वसतिगृहात राहात असल्यास वसतिगृह प्रमाणपत्र (मूळ प्रत).
- ७. शाळा / कॉलेज सोडल्याचा दाखला (साक्षांकित प्रत).

ब. भारत सरकार मॅट्रीकोत्तर शिक्षण शुल्क व परीक्षा शुल्क (फ्रीशीप) योजना

- १. उत्पन्नाचा दाखला (मूळ प्रत) उत्पन्नाचा दाखला सक्षम अधिकाऱ्याचा असावा. विद्यार्थ्याचे पालक नोकरीत असल्यास तेथील एकूण उत्पन्नाचा दाखला (उदा. मूळ वेतन + महागाई भत्ता + इतर भत्ते मिळून मिळणारे उत्पन्न) तसेच इतर मार्गांनी मिळणारे उत्पन्न. वडील हयात नसल्यास विडलांचा मृत्यू दाखला आवश्यक. विवाहित विद्यार्थीनींच्या बाबतीत पतीच्या उत्पन्नाचा दाखला जोडणे आवश्यक आहे.
- २. जातीचा सक्षम अधिकाऱ्यांचा दाखला व अ.जमाती साठी जात वैधता प्रमाणपत्र (साक्षांकित प्रत).
- प्रवेशीत अभ्यासक्रमासाठी पात्रता परीक्षा ते मागील वर्षी उत्तीर्ण झाल्याचे गुणपत्रके (साक्षांकित प्रत).
 शिक्षणात खंडपडलेला असल्यास सक्षम अधिकाऱ्याचे गॅप प्रमाणपत्र व शपथपत्र (मूळ प्रत).
- ४. नॉन क्रिमीलेअर प्रमाणपत्र (फक्त भ.जा. व वि.जा., इ.मा.व., वि.मा.वर्ग जातीसाठी) (साक्षांकित प्रत) (उत्पन्नाची मर्यादा रु. ४,५०,०००/-).
- ५. शाळा / कॉलेज सोडल्याचा दाखला (साक्षांकित प्रत).

 $[^]st$ या कागदापत्राव्यतिरिक्त शासन नियमामध्ये बदल झाल्यास त्याप्रमाणे आवश्यक कागदपत्रे आणावी लागतील.











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Why Law

ILS Law College is a community of students and staff dedicated to bringing out the best in all of its members. Our aim is to provide the finest opportunities and environment for teaching, learning and research. We have a long and distinguished record of academic excellence and innovation since the foundation of the college in 1924. The basic principle behind the foundation of ILS Law College was to establish a regularized system of imparting legal education. From 1924 to 2013 for over 89 years, we have endeavoured and achieved this ambition and maintained our standards of excellence. Ranked amongst the top Law Colleges in the country, we believe in creating a relaxed and flexible environment to allow students to grow and develop at their own pace. The courses offered here are a product of critical thought and careful experiment over many productive years. We offer an education characterized by a mixture of theory and practice and a commitment to public service. This college has always been a firm believer in innovation, both in pedagogy and curriculum. In tune with the recent globalization of the profession, a new experiment in learning and teaching of law was proposed to the Ford Foundation at New Delhi for funds under their programme 'Rights & Social Justice' and was implemented. Striving further to harbour individuality of

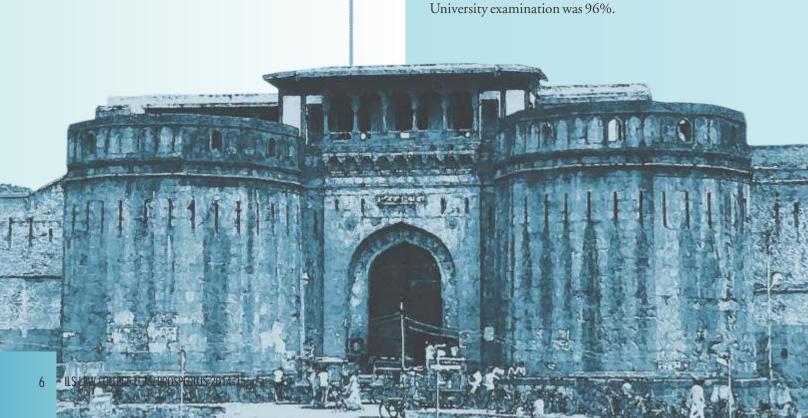
thought and expression and the stimulation to reach the acme of the legal profession, this college organizes a multitude of workshops, conferences and lectures. It has always been the foremost aim of this college to insist on giving students the independence to use the abounding opportunities available and carve out their own niche in college life.

At this college, we give special emphasis on perspectives and insights from other disciplines and encourage an integrated approach to law and an exploration of the legal profession's socio-economic role and ethical commitments.

COMMENCEMENT OF MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) PROGRAMME:

The ILS Law College earlier conducted a LL.M. programme, which was then affiliated to the Bombay University and subsequently to the Pune University in 1948. After the establishment of Department of Law by the University of Pune, the LL.M. programme at ILS Law College was discontinued. Nearly after four decades in 2010 -11 the LL.M. programme commenced at ILS Law College.

In the academic year 2013-14, 40 students enrolled for the first year of the LL.M course. Keeping in with the legacy students of ILS Law College secured University ranks at the 7th and 9th position respectively, and the overall success rate for the academic year 2012-2013 at the University examination was 96%.



Five Reasons to Choose Pune - the City & University



If you are looking for complete education - look no further. Students from all over the country and abroad are flocking to Pune, as apart from the academic infrastructure, the culture and ethos of the city too seems to have won the hearts of many a student.

RECOGNITION

Pune University is ranked among the top five in the country. Almost 30% of foreign students in India are at Pune. The University has over 40 engineering and

management institutes. Pune is also the fastest growing centre for studies in IT. Called the 'Oxford of the East', the city has an enormous student population and a number of renowned institutions



including the National Defence Academy, Film and Television Institute of India, Fergusson College, Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics and ILS Law College.

ACCESSIBILITY



Pune is an easily accessible city benefiting from excellent road, rail and air communications. It is well connected to all important cities by direct train services and also has a domestic airport.

AFFORDABLE LIVING

Pune has the charm of the small city with facilities expected from a bustling metro. Perfect for students, as almost everything is available at an affordable price - from eating joints to internet cafes. Residential accommodation is easily available and is very economical. The city benefits

from an efficient public transport system and general cost of transportation is relatively low. Pune is one of the most preferred destinations for students in India, from South East Asia and Africa. It has a cosmopolitan population imparting it the character of a world city. With the same facilities one would expect from a busy metro, Pune retains the coziness of a small town. It is a very safe place to stay in, the low crime rates being a proof of that. The denizens of this city are helpful by nature, and to settle down in this place does not take much effort.

CULTURAL CAPITAL

Pune is the cultural capital of Maharashtra. Whatever be your area of interest - Pune's got a lot to offer. Be it theatre or films, dance or music, debating or elocution, yoga or sports – Pune is always abuzz with encouraging and entertaining activities. Associations like the SPIC-MACAY, AIESEC, Lalit Kala Academy, give students ample opportunities to hone their talents.

ENVIRONMENT

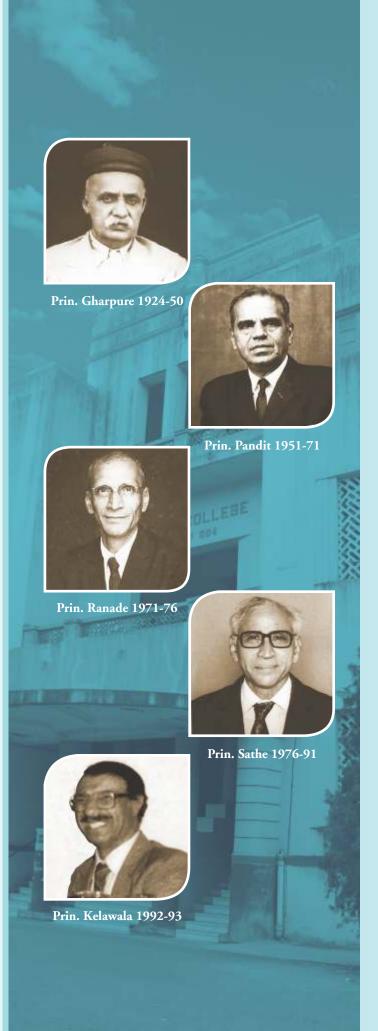
Pune is nature lover's paradise. Within a radius of 5 km from the heart of the city, you have numerous places to visit including the Sinhagad fort, the NDA, the Khadakwasla dam and the natural wonders like the Pashan lake and the hills surrounding the city add to its beauty. Pune has a salubrious climate conducive to work.



Our Roots - the early Days

The early days of the Indian Law Society's Law College date back as far as the year 1902, when Mr. J.R. Gharpure and Mr. P.B. Singhe decided to make a new beginning in the direction of a regularized system of imparting legal education. 'The New Law Class, Bombay' was therefore started in 1903. After running this class for five years, it was thought desirable to start a regular law college, which would be affiliated to a university. Accordingly, the Fergusson College Law Class was started in 1908, and was conducted by Mr. Gharpure. More than 125 students were registered on roll. However within a few weeks, this institution was disaffiliated from the University of Bombay. After a period of more than fifteen years the above experiment was still under trial. The scope for improvement was recognised and on 4th March, 1923, a new society called the 'Indian Law Society' was inaugurated, whose first President was Dr. Sir Narayan Rao C. Chandawarkar. It was proposed at this meeting that a private law college be set up in Pune. After preliminary preparations, the Law college formally commenced operation on the 20th of June 1924, under the banner of the Indian Law Society. It was then known as the 'Poona Law College'. The Society acquired 200 acres of land and the first building called the Saraswati Building was built in 1935. The foundation stone was laid down at the hands of the Late Honourable Srinivas Shastri on 7th January 1935.

The Saraswati building was thoughtfully architectured to look like a sage meditating in the 'lotus' position. Subsequently the hostel for resident students, a Gymkhana and a pavilion were also built. The construction of a swimming pool further enriched the facilities. The Laxmi building was later added to meet the growing needs of the College. All this was done under the auspices of the first principal of the college, Nana Saheb Gharpure - a man of great vision & foresight.



Our Faculty

Students are instructed by a faculty comprising of scholars and professionals profound in their respective fields of interests. It has, an unparalleled commitment and divides its time among two complementary activities, teaching and research. At ILS we have a faculty which, gives high priority to interactive teaching thus encouraging the student-teacher relationship to go beyond the classroom, in turn providing the students with a comfortable and warm study environment.



VAIJAYANTI JOSHI, Principal

B.A. with Sanskrit from the Fergusson College, Pune. LL.B. from the ILS Law College, LL.M. from the Pune University. Areas of interest are Family Law, Private International Law and Legal Theory.

Book entitled 'Vrittapatra ani Kayada' (Newspapers and the Law) widely received. Contributed to the draft 'Uniform Civil Code' and a number of papers. Has been a member of the Legal Education Committee of the Bar Council of India. Visited and lectured in 1999 in various law-schools in USA, viz. the Brandeis School of Law, Louisville, the NewYork University Law School and the Centre for International and Comparative Law, University of Baltimore. Visited Hawaii to participate in an international conference on 'Educating Lawyers for Transnational Challenges' organized by Association of American Law Schools. Visited Athens, Greece to participate in the Academy of European Public Law, 11th Session. Felicitated by Bar Council of India on the occasion of its Golden Jubilee Celebration for her valuable services rendered to the field of legal education.



JAYA SAGADE, Vice Principal

B.Sc. from Fergussion College, Pune. LL.B. from the ILS Law College LL.M. and Ph.D. from the Pune University, SJD from University of Toronto Canada. Has been a UGC Fellow and also received

ICSSR fellowship, Fulbright Scholarship, and Fellowship

of the Netherlands Government for Human Rights course at the Hague, University of Toronto scholarship for SJD. Joined the teaching faculty in College in 1979. Areas of interest are Human Rights, Feminist Jurisprudence, Family Law, and Rights of Women and Children. Contributed to the draft 'Uniform Civil Code'. Authored book 'Child Marriage in India: Sociological and Human Rights Dimension', published by OUP, New Delhi.



MS. SHAILA DAWARE,

Associate Professor

BSL. LL.B (Symbiosis Law College, Pune), LL.M (University of Pune). Joined ILS Law college in 2004. Areas of interest are Interpretation of Statues,

Comparative Law, Jurisprudence. Research Associate, Institute of Advanced Legal Studies, Pune. Assisted Ms. Sathya Narayan for editing the book "Mulla on the Law of Insolvency in India" and took active part in the reading selected articles of Professor S.P. Sathe, for carrying on editorial corrections for the anthology – Selected Works of S.P. Sathe, being published by Oxford University Press, New Delhi. Co-ordinator, Diploma in Housing Law's, and Post Graduate Diploma in Alternative Dispute Resolution Mechanisms.



MS. PRIYA SODHI,

Associate Professor

Ms Priya Sondhi stood first in the order of merit in LL B and LL M from RTM, Nagpur University. She has topped in the institutions like NALSAR University

of Law and PGTD (Law), RTM, Nagpur University. She has presented papers in several National Conferences / seminars and published Articles in reputed Journals. Her areas of interest/specialization are Business Laws, Research & Methodology and Law & Social Transformation.

The Campus

Situated at the foot of the Law College hill, the college has a calm and picturesque surrounding encompassing a spacious 195 acres of land. Nature has endowed the campus with a unique aesthetic quality that helps to maintain a congenial environment for study and reflection.

The College facilities combine stately architecture and state-of-the-art resources. The campus stretches







from the Sarswati Building which houses the library, the reading room, the administrative office, the conference hall and the Principal's office, besides the chambers of other faculty members and computer facilities for research students, to the Laxmi Building that houses over fifteen halls for regular lectures, the legal aid centre and an auditorium with a capacity of 400 people, used for guest lectures, college functions and presentations.

Apart from the academic and administrative buildings, the College facilities ate further enriched with a huge residential complex for male students; the newly constructed Ladies Hostel, a gymnasium, a sprawling cricket and football ground, a sports



The college campus is 8 kms. from the Railway Station and 16 kms. from the Airport. So, if you are at ILS Law College, you can be rest assured to experience law in a congenial environment compounded with an amiable atmosphere.

pavilion housing the indoor sports facilities, tennis courts and a swimming pool. With all this and more the College facilities are unmatched by any other institution for legal studies in the country.

ILS Law College is located in the academic hub of the city, with renowned institutions like the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Symbiosis Institute, SNDT University and Fergusson College just a stones throw away. It is also not very far from the University of Pune.

The College stands facing the Law College Road, which links Senapati Bapat Road and Karve Road, both leading to important commercial as well as educational zones like Deccan Gymkhana and the University Circle.





The Law Library

Keeping in mind the importance of a well equipped library in a law institution, the College has given the Library top priority in funding allocations. Housed at Saraswati Building, the College Library has an impressive collection of books dating back to 1865. New books are continuously added to the collection. The Library subscribes to around 102 Indian and foreign journals including American Journal of International Law, Cambridge Law Journal, Oxford Journal of Legal Studies, All India Reporter, Indian Bar Review, the Indian Journal of International Law etc. Along with an extensive collection of text books, reference books - international and Indian, on all subjects, the Library collection includes volumes of American Jurisprudence and Halsbury's Laws and Statutes of England.

Keeping pace with the revolution in Information and Communication technology, ILS has facilitated Seamless Access of students to the world of legal knowledge. The computer lab, set up for students, is functional since 2006. The students have access to well known Indian Legal databases like AIR, Criminal Law Journal, SCC online and Corporate Law Adviser online service. Campus license for





Manupatra online and renowned International database service - LexisNexis have also been obtained. Membership of UGC sponsored INFLIBNET programme provides access to 9000 e-journals and 57000 e-books published be renowned international publishers like Oxford, Cambridge, Wilson, Thomson Reuter etc.

During the year 2007-08, Fiber Optic cable was laid throughout the campus, connecting all buildings including Boys' and Girls' Hostels. Dedicated 24 hours 20 MBPS leased line has also been installed to provide faster connectivity. Wi-Fi connectivity has been provided in the Class Rooms, Girls' Hostel and the library. A great achievement of 2110-11 was the internal network cabling of the boys' hostel facilitating access of the students to internet and all the subscribed databases from their hostel rooms. Two additional floors measuring 14000 sq.ft. were added to the existing library during 2011-12. Lift and ramps have been provided for the convenience of physically challenged people. A video conferencing room and cubicles have also been provided for teachers and students. Infrastructure developments and improved facilities will help the budding professionals face the growing challenge of the profession and realize their fullest potential.

Student Activities

To strike a healthy balance between academic and non-academic activities, the College emphasizes on the participation of each student in all the extra and co-curricular activities held, by encouraging them to organize and take part in various enriching activities.

DEBATING ASSOCIATION

Keeping in mind the requirement for strong positive arguing skills in Law, debate competitions are crucial for law students. The College has a Debating and Elocution Society for this purpose. The Society organizes various debating, elocution & declamation competitions. It also conducts selections for various Inter College and University competitions. Students of ILS Law college, have participated and won prizes in many prestigious debates



including Mumbai British Parliamentary Debate, the NALSAR Hyderabad BP, the IIT Mumbai British Parliamentary Debate, NLIU Bhopal Parliamentary Debate, Model United Nations Competitions like Cambridge MUN, Symbhav MUN, GLC MUN, Mumbai, and elocution competitions like N.G. Pandit, Thane, Jijau elocution in Jejuri, Rambhau Mhalgi Competition, Mumbai to name a few. They also won competition on Client interviewing, Counselling etc. This year Justic V.M. Tarkunde National Parliamentary Debate Competition and a State Level Marathi Elocution Competition were organised by the Debating Society.

LITERARY AND CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

Students of the College also take part in various other competitions including Quiz, Dramatics, Creative writing, Mock UN Assembly etc. The last year saw the College winning various competitions in Pune as well as in other parts of the country. During the College Week held



in December various inter class and individual competitions were also organized. This year the College teams participated and won different prizes in Purushottom Karandak one act play competition, Suman Karandak, Sarpotdat Karandak Pu La Deshpande Karandak, Pratibimba and Firodiya Karandak competitions.

SPORTS

A sprawling cricket, football and volleyball ground, a gymnasium, a swimming pool, tennis courts and an indoor sports complex with table tennis, chess and carom facilities make sports an integral part of any student's life at the College. The College has a Gymkhana Managing Committee with a full time faculty member as the chairperson and representatives from all divisions to organize the activities. The College encourages students to participate in competitions organized by the University of Pune and other colleges. Athletics and inter-class competitions are held around December - January providing students with the requisite opportunity to interact with each other.



Clinical Legal Education

The ILS Legal Aid Programme was started in 1976. It has received grants from CILAS, UGC, State of Maharashtra and the Ford Foundation. While the Legal Aid Cell is devoted to dispensing free legal advice and litigational assistance to the economically underprivileged, the conciliation cell makes attempt to settle disputes amicably. The Centre works four days a week and inculcates in the students a sense of social responsibility. The programme is a compulsory part of the curriculum of Practical Training (skills of advocacy), incorporating client interviews and pre-litigational preparation.

The College Legal Aid Centre started its activities in August 2013 for the academic year 2013-14. The Centre in collaboration with other NGOs and voluntary organizations like Deepgriha, Saheli, Disha,



Ashta-no-Kai, J.P. Naik Mahila Vikasani, Inner Wheel Club, Centre for Police Research, Pune and Police Training Center, Yerawada Prison organized various legal aid / legal literacy camps to create awareness among people about their legal rights and duties under various acts, thereby helping the poor and needy to have access to justice.

The Legal Aid center works under the guidance of a teacher-in-charge who is assisted by other full time faculty members. The student volunteers guided by teachers work in the Centre and receive cases for legal advice and litigational help. This year 12 legal literacy camps were organized at village Nane, Maval Taluka; Rajgurunagar, Pune; Undri, Pisoli village; Loni-Bhakar village; Nav Bharat High School, Shivane; and schools in Tadiwala Road, Mangalwar Peth, Kothrud and BMCC Road, Pune. Students performed street plays and spoke on various issues like Rights of Women, Dowry, Consumer Protection Law, Right to Information etc.

Presently, the centre has its legal aid clinics working in three different places: Deepgriha (NGO), Tadiwala Road, Deepgriha, Market Yard and Karve Institute of Social Service.

The Centre also undertakes publication of legal literacy material on various legal issues like environment, succession, jurisdiction of various courts, etc. A few booklets have already been published. The Legal Aid Centre strives to ingrain a commitment to pro bono service in each student, encouraging them to participate in the program providing legal services to the weaker sections of the society. Such an activity gives them an opportunity to practice and expand the legal skills acquired in the classroom while providing much-needed assistance to underprivileged members of the community. The centre encourages student's participation and also recognizes their dedication and services through special legal Aid Awards. Ajinkya Kale (LL.M – Part II) received the Raghavendra Phadnis Legal Aid Award and Geetika Jain(LL.M – Part II) received a Letter of Appreciation for their outstanding work. The faculty and students organised and actively participated in Legal Aid Camps.



Justice Hidayatulla
Inaugurating Bal Memorial
Lecture Series

Justice B.D. Bal Lecture Series

This was a lecture series instituted in the memory of the Late Justice B.D. Bal, Former Judge of the Bombay High Court and Senior Advocate in the Supreme Court of India. He was faculty member of ILS Law College for a number of years and a senior patron of the society. Shri. M. Hidayatullah, Former Vice-President of India, inaugurated the lecture series. The speakers at the lecture series include eminent people like:

- Justice Yacoob, Judge Constitutional Court, South Africa
- Mr. Arun Shourie, Minister in Central Cabinet
- Dr. Upendra Baxi, Visiting Professor at the Warwick University, U.K.
- Mr. Soli Sorabjee, Attorney General of India
- Dr. C. Subramaniam, Former Governor of Maharashtra
- Dr. Jayant Naralikar, Director, IUCAA
- Dr. Werner Menski, Professor at the School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London
- Mr. Nani Palkhiwala, Eminent Jurist & Former Ambassador to the USA
- Prof. Antony Blackshield, Macquaire University, Sydney
- Dr. Venkat Iyer, Senior Lecturer in Law, University of Ulster
- Justice N. Chapalgaonkar
- Justice P. B. Sawant

Special Lectures & Visitors

In addition to the Justice B.D. Bal and G.V. Pandit Foundation Lecture Series, the College provides special lectures and seminars conducted by visitors who have made distinguished contributions to the law, civil rights and public policy. These events have included presentations by Shri P.M. Bakshi, member of the Law Commission of India; Mr. Leo Burnett, Professor of Law at the Brandeis School of Law, Louisville; USA, Prof. Clarence Dias, Director of the International Centre for Law in Development, New York; Dr. Werner Menski, Professor at the School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London, Dr. Murli Manohar Joshi, Human Resource Development Minister, Mrs. Niloufer Bhagwat, Advocate, High Court of Bombay, Late Mr. P.R. Kumarmangalam, Minister for Power and Energy, Late Mr. V.N. Gadgil, Congress Spokesperson. The presentations embraced subjects such as Constitutional Law, Environmental Law, Cyber Law, Medical Jurisprudence, Human Rights and various other topical issues.

The Principal Pandit Lecture Series

Principal G.V. Pandit took over the reigns of the College from Principal Gharpure in 1951. He was a scholar of great eminence and inspired generations of students with his originality of thought and lucid exposition of the law. He retired in 1971 after taking the College to its zenith during his tenure.

This lecture series started in 1979 with the inaugural lecture by Dr. Vasudha Dhagamwar, who was at that time, Reader in the Department of Law, University of Pune. The series were enriched by the speeches of the following eminent persons.

- Prof. M.S. Gore, former Director of Tata Institute of Social Sciences and Vice Chancellor of The University of Bombay;
- Justice C.S. Dharmadhikari, Judge of the Bombay High Court
- Shri Ashok Desai, Former Solicitor General and Senior Advocate of the Supreme Court
- Prof. H.K. Paranjape, Leading economist, member of the MRTP Commission
- Prof Alice Jacob, Former Director of the Indian Law Institute, New Delhi
- Shri Dara P. Mehta, Senior Partner, Little & Company, Mumbai
- Justice Sujata Manohar, Former Judge of the Supreme Court of India
- Shri M.R. Pai, Consumer Activist
- Prof. Marc Galanter, Professor at the University of Wisconsin Law School, USA
- **Dr. Gerard Quinn,** Director, Centre for disability Law and Policy of National University of Ireland's School of Law.



Moot Court

Moot courts are simulated court competitions which involve the arguing of points of law by student 'advocates' before a bench of 'judges' usually comprised of members of the faculty and practicing advocates. Synonymous with the tradition of ILS Law College, moot courts were introduced by Principal J.R. Gharpure, in consonance with the movement started by Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the then Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court. The Bar Council of India has now included them in the curriculum. Mooting allows the students to practice the art of advocacy and the College lays emphasis on this activity to equip students for their future profession. To imbibe the 'mooting culture' in all the students, the College has four annual internal Moot Court Competitions. The prestigious Raghavendra Phadnis Moot Court Competition is held every year in the month of August and is the basis for selecting the students to represent the College in the national and international moot court competitions. The Novice Moot Court is a relatively recent addition to our repertoire of intramural moot courts. Every first year student is encouraged to participate in it and is ably guided by the senior students. This competition has become very popular with students and professors alike, as it has helped to discover the latent talent of the students. Another important event this year was Fouth ILS Intra College Trial Advocacy Moot Court Competition which is a unique team event.

The ILS Public International Law Moot Court Competition is held for students of first two years of three year and five year courses to encourage students to undertake Study and research in Public International Law. The International Students' Cell of the college, with a view to enable the foreign students join the mainstream organized the First International Students' Moot Court Competition in December 2008.

Among the National Moot Court Competitions, the college has been a regular participant at competitions held by the Bar Council of India Trust; the Kerala Law Academy; University Law College, Bangalore; University Law College, Dharwad; Government Law College, Mumbai; Raj Anand Intellectual Property Moot Court Competition. Our students have also represented India at Philip C. Jessup International Law Moot Court Competition at Washington D.C., the Stetson International Law Moot Court Competition, at Florida, International Commercial Arbitration Moot at Vienna and Oxford Intellectual Property Moot Court at Oxford, UK.

ILS Law College organized Surana & Surana International Moot Court Competition on Technology Laws from 2002-2007. The college is conducting Professor S.P. Sathe Memorial National Moot Court Competition since 2007. The Student Moot Court Society ensures smooth and co-ordinated running of all the intra-mural and extra-mural competitions giving exposure to mooting culture to as many students as possible. It also assists the selected students in their preparation to represent the College at various national and international moot court competitions.



Student Services

PLACEMENT CELL AND CAREER SERVICES

Recognizing the requirement of the Corporate Sector and Law Firms for well trained graduates of law, the Placement Cell acts as a liaison between the students of the college and the Corporate & Legal Sectors.

The Placement Cell promotes students' interests, providing them opportunities to work with leading Law Firms, Lawyers, Non Governmental Organizations and the Corporate World. The Placement Cell is instrumental in attracting various firms and companies to recruit students from the college. During this year, students have been placed all over the country. The Placement Programmes also aim to provide the students of the college with internship during the Summer and Diwali vacations with prominent Advocates, Law Firms and Companies. Students who wish to participate in the Placement Programme are required to fill in the prescribed form and

submit the same, along with their Curriculum Vitae, to the concerned professors. During the year 2012-13, students were recruited through the cell and placed in different firms and companies. The college also got students placed at various law firms and organizations for internship during 2013-14. Students of LL.M. may also avail the Placement Cell services offered to the students studing in B.A. LL.B. programme.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

With a history of over 90 years, ILS Law College can boast of an enviable alumnus. To maintain the bonds the College has an Alumni Association. Students leaving the college may register as members of the Association. The Alumni Association undertakes events and programmes as and when necessary to bring the Alumni and the College closer in terms of information sharing and networking.

PROUD MOMENTS INSTITUTIONAL EXCELLENCE AWARD 2013 INDIAN LAW SOCIETY (ILS) LAW COLLEGE PUNE



Principal Vaijayanti Joshi receiving Institutional Excellence Award 2013 at the hands of Shri Fali S. Nariman, President Emeritus, Bar Association of India on 1st September 2013 at New Delhi

Residential Accommodation

One of the main concerns for a prospective university student, coming from outside the city of Pune, is the availability of accommodation. The students of ILS Law College enjoy an advantage as, apart from the college hostel for both male and female students, there are a large number of hostels, paying-guest accommodations and student apartments available within a 3 k.m. radius of the college.



ILS HOSTEL FOR MALE STUDENTS

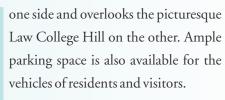
The Indian Law Society provides accommodation for male students of the college, at the Hostel, which is situated in the campus. Such accommodation is provided strictly on the basis of merit. The hostel offers a total of 154 rooms out of which 46 are





double rooms and 108 are single occupancy rooms. S.C. and S.T. students can avail of the reservation quota solely on the basis of merit. The administration of the hostel is taken care of by the Rectors.

The Hostel has three wings. It is flanked by tennis court on



ACCOMMODATION FOR FEMALE STUDENTS



Although Pune is a safe city and its extremely low crime rate boasts of this fact, the College believes that a hostel within the premises will provide greater security to the female students, who come to Pune from various parts of India and aborad. Recognizing their need the Society commenced the construction of the ILS Ladies Hostel in the year 2001 and completed it in June 2002. The Hostel was ready for occupation by July 2002 and became functional since then. It provides the basic furniture including a bed, chair, table and cupboard. There is a Dining Hall, Study Room, and Sick Room and Telephone facilities. Recreational facilities also are provided.

Note: ILS Ladies Hostel accommodation is subject to availability.

CHARGES

Annual charges for Girls' Hostel (including food) are as follows:

Rs. 1,25,000/-

Rs. 1,50,000/- for NRI Students

Annual charges for Boys' Hostel (excluding food) are as follows:

Rs. 40,000/- for all students

MEDICAL FACILITIES

An Honorary Medical Officer is available to students twice a week in the Medical Room of the hostel. In case of emergencies, the Medical Officer can be contacted through the Rectors.

OTHER FACILITIES

The student is provided with basic furniture in the room which includes a study table, a chair and a bed. Hot water is available 24 hours a day. Water coolers, to provide



safe drinking water, are present in each wing. STD / ISD facility is available in the campus. The college also has a Dining Hall for meals and a Canteen. Outside caterers also supply meals at nominal rates to the students.

INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS' CELL

The International Students' Cell was established in the academic year 2008-09 to provide a single window system

to help international students. The Cell receives foreign students under the Student Exchange Programme and assists the aspirant students in obtaining information regarding eligibility, fee structure, courses offered, accommodation, etc. The College gets students from Bhutan, Nepal, Kenya, UAE, etc. The Cell aims to undertake faculty and student exchange programmes, research projects, organize expert lecture series etc. It also plans to organize summer/winter schools.

WOMEN & LAW CENTRE

'The Women and Law Centre' was established with the objective of examining law from the feminist perspective. The Centre also undertakes research projects and conducts studies and seminars in related areas. The centre attracts visitors and students from all over India and abroad. Accommodation to such visitors are provided at the Ladies' Hostel.

Institute of Advanced Legal Studies

The Institute of Advanced Legal Studies (IALS) was established in 1991 to complement and support the efforts of the ILS Law College to promote quality legal education. The Institute conducts research in Law, runs courses of socio-legal interests for a variety of clientele with a view to spreading legal education among people engaged in diverse pursuits.

The Institute is headed by:

Smt. Sathya Narayan, Honorary Director

- The Institute is currently researching a project, commissioned by the Ford Foundation, on 'Public Interest Litigation' in India (PIL). The Institute had previously completed a study on 'The Tribunal System in India.'
- The Institute organizes a number of Workshops, Seminars, Discussions, Lectures etc.
- Since 1992 the Institute has been conducting two diploma courses.

Diploma in Housing Laws

Diploma in Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)
Methods

Highlights of 2013-14

Remembering S.P. Sathe

Professor S.P. Sathe, former Principal of the ILS Law College and the Founder Director of the Institute of Advanced Legal Studies (IALS) was a renowned expert in



Constitutional and Administrative Law. A prolific writer with large number of books and articles to his credit, he was well known among the legal fraternity across the globe.

After his passing away in March 2006, to commemorate his contribution to Indian Jurisprudence and Social Action, Professor S.P. Sathe Foundation was set up by the Indian Law Society with a view to encourage academic pursuit of law students.

Like earlier years, this year also, three memorial events were organized to mark the 8th death anniversary of Professor S.P. Sathe. The events were Memorial Lecture, National Level Moot Court Competition and National Conference on Land Laws. The theme for this year's moot court and memorial lecture also was 'Current Issues on Land Laws'.

The National Conference on Land Laws was held on 8-9th



February 2014. The Conference was attended by over 175 participants including students, faculty members from ILS and other law schools as well as officials concerned with Land and related issues.

The aim of the Conference was to stimulate active and broad based discussion and debate on certain issues like socio-legal implications of Land Acquisition, Right to Fair Compensation, Fraudulent Transfers, Rehabilitation and Resettlement and Land Record and Title Laws. The Conference was shaped by inputs from people like Mr. Mohan Parasaran, Solicitor General of India; Mr. Ganesh Patil, Addl. Collector, Pune; Mr. Tushar Thombre, Dy. Collector, Pune; Ms. Jyotsna Choubal Deshpande, Council Member, Institution of Engineers, India, and others.

The memorial lecture was delivered by Mr. Shreehari Aney, Senior Advocate, Bombay High Court, on 8th February 2014. The topic was 'The evolution and scope of Land Laws in India'. His speech covered the historical aspect of land ownership, social and political changes the concept of land ownership has undergone, the purpose of land



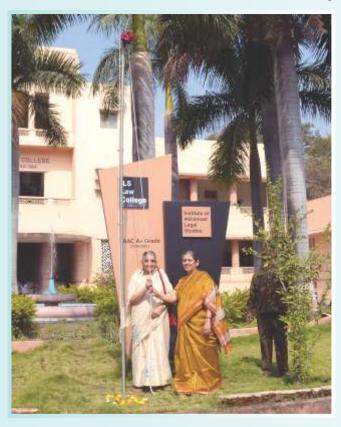
legislation and the current scenario in the country.

The S.P. Sathe Memorial National Moot Court Competition was held on 1-2nd February 2014. The problem was based on Land Laws and was drafted to encourage law students to develop an interest in this topic of immense practical relevance. 18 teams from all over India took part in the Competition. The final round was judged by a panel of practicing advocates including Shri V.P. Shintre, Shri Shrikant Kanetkar, Shri Bhalchandra Patwardhan and Shri Bhushan Panse.

The Competition was won by Christ University, Bangalore, and ILS Law College team was the Runner-up. Justice V.A. Naik Prize for the Best Team in Maharashtra was also bagged by ILS Law College, Pune.

Foundation Day Celebration

The 92nd Foundation Day of the Indian Law Society was observed on 4th March 2014. The ILS flag was hoisted by the Chief Guest Ms. K.D. Advani, Chairman, Governing



Council, Indian Law Society. The Best Student award was given away by the Chief Guest. The convocation of various diploma courses conducted by the Indian Law Society was held on the Foundation Day.

International Diploma in Mental Health Law & Human Rights

The Centre for Mental Health Law & Policy in ILS, in collaboration with the World Health Organization (WHO) continued 'International Diploma in Mental Health Law & Human Rights' for the sixth batch of students. The Course was taught by a faculty of renowned international experts, actively involved in WHO's work to improve the Human Rights situation for people with mental disabilities. The faculty among others included Dr. Itzhak Levav, Consultant to WHO and Adviser to the Ministry of Health, Israel; Oliver Lewis, Executive



Director, Mental Disability Advocacy Center (MDAC), Budapest, Hungary; Peter Bartlett, Professor of Mental Health Law, Faculty of Social Science, Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Trust, The University of Nottingham, UK; Sylvester Katontoka, President of Mental Health Users Network of Zambia (MHUNZA); Natalie Drew, Technical Officer, Mental Health Policy and Service Development, Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse, WHO Geneva; Dr Soumitra Pathare, Coordinator at CMHLP, ILS, Pune; Dr Jaya Sagade, Coordinator at CMHLP, ILS, Pune.

The Diploma is aimed at equipping students with knowledge and skills to support health laws in line with international human rights standards such as U.N. Convention on Rights of Persons with disability.

Include: An International Collaboration

An international collaboration between the VU University, Amsterdam, Netherlands; the Indian Law Soceity (ILS), Pune; the Tata Institute of Social Sciences (TISS), Mumbai; and the Banyan Academy of Leadership in Mental Health, Chennai was launched on 9th December 2012 at ILS, with a view to contributing to the development of research and training capacity in the field of mental health.

The network is comprised of Ph.D. programmes at ILS and TISS, and social action research laboratories – the Law & Policy Action Lab at the ILS in Pune and the Mental Health Social Action Lab at the Banyan in Chennai in collaboration with the Athena Institute, VU University, Amsterdam.

Alumni Meet

Like previous years, the Annual Alumni Meet was organized on 25th December 2013 as part of the Annual Day Celebration. An alumnus, former Vice-Principal of



the College and Chairman, Governing Council, Indian Law Society Ms. K.D. Advani graced the occasion. Large number of ex-students including part time and full time faculty members participated in the meet and promised to help and stand by the College in all its endeavours.

Seminars / Workshops / Conferences held

- Two days national seminar on 'Political and Judicial Perspective on Electoral Reforms in India' on 6-7th September 2013.
- Two days national seminar on 'Key Aspects of Taxation Laws' in January 2014.
- One day seminar on 'Oral Talaq' on 10th August 2013.
- Prof. S.P. Sathe Memorial national conference on 'Current issues in Land Laws' on 8-9th February 2014. Chhaya Golatgaonkar(LL.M-Part I) presented a paper on Socio-legal issues in Land Acquisitions and Ajinkya Kale (LL.M-Part II) presented a paper on Right to just and fair compensation for land acquisitions: A basic Constitutional Right.
- Seminar on 'Labour Laws' on 24th August, 2013
- Workshop on 'Sexuality and Human Rights' by Mr. Jasmir Thakur, Secretary, Samabhavana Society-NGO, on Human Rights Day i.e. 10th December 2013.

Guest Lectures

- ◆ Mr. Neeraj Jain, Director of Lokayat-NGO on 'Secularism in Indian Constitution', 31st July 2013.
- Mr. Dominic D'Souza, Deputy Vice- President-Legal at Zee Entertainment Enterprises Ltd., on 'Intellectual Property in Media and Entertainment Industry', 3rd August 2013.
- ◆ Ms Tejaswi Sevekari, Director of Saheli-NGO, on 'Sex Workers & Human Rights' on 13th August 2013.
- Mr. Ravindra Kedari, Deputy IGP (Retd.) and Training Manager, Centre for Police Research, Pune, on 'Police and Human Rights', 27th August 2013.
- Nine-day lecture series on 'Dimensions of Gender Equality' in August 2013.
- Mr. Ebe Chaney, Entrepreneur, on 'EQ and IQ', 3rd October 2013.
- ◆ Dr. Upendra Baxi on "Human Dignity with and since Naz 1 and after Naz 2" on 24th January 2014.
- Ms Chiteshri Devi, Advocate, on 'Environmental Law', 5th February 2014.
- Mr. Ram Jethmalani, Senior Advocate, Supreme Court and Member of Parliament, on Electoral Disqualifications under Indian constitution with special reference to Bal Thackeray's case on 7th September, 2013.
- Dr. A. Y. Kulkarni, "Ballistics" on 7th February 2014
- Mr. Vaibhav Salunke, Advocate "Cyber Crimes" on 20th Feb 2014
- Dr. Kishore Mahabal, Associate Professor, RTM Nagpur University - "Methods of Citation" 5th March 2014



MOOT COURTS AND LAW FESTS

ILS teams participated regularly in many Moot Court and Client Counseling Competitions organized by various law schools like Amity Law School, Delhi, Raisoni Law School, Nagpur, University Law College, Banglore, National university of Juridical Science, Kolkata, Government Law College of Mumbai, by professional bodies like Bar council of India Trust, Indian Institute of Company Secretaries, Law firm like Anand and Anand advocates, Surana and Surana International Attorney, and organization like Indian Society for International Law, Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO) and International Institute of Space Law.

Students at ILS love moot-courts. They participate in competitions, research extensively in the library, assist college teams in research and help organize competitions. College teams are selected from the Raghavendra Phadnis



Samiha Dabholkar, Jeevita Pillai, Nilasha Mukherjee, Shahzar Hussain at The 12th Annual Oxford International Intellectual Property Moot Court Competition, 2014 organized at the University of Oxford, United Kingdom by the Oxford Intellectual Property Research Centre.

The team was amongst 24 teams that qualified to the World Rounds for the oral rounds of the competition. The qualification was on the basis of written arguments (memorial rounds)



Moot Court Competition held in the first term. Last year 329 participants vied for a place in the College teams. The Public International Law competition for students of first two years of the two law courses was held in September 2013 and Novice Moot Court for 1st B.S.L. and 1st LL.B. students was held in February 2014. There was tremendous response for both the Competitions and number of participants was 70 teams and 224 individuals respectively. Mooting enables development of essential advocacy skills, which require selection of facts, analysing them, study of provisions of law and their application, devising new arguments, writing briefs and memorials, citation and originality of argument and presentation, and most of all - the skill of arrangement and persuasiveness in the presentation of arguments. One has the benefit of an excellent Law library at the ILS.

ILS has excelled in Law Fests and Client Interviewing and Counselling Competitions organized at various places like Kerala, Nagpur, Goa, Mumbai and Bangalore. Students have won prizes in individual events like topic study, law-quiz, cross-word, debates, antakshari, advertisements, client-counselling, poster-making, street-plays.



Assessment and Accreditation

The National Assessment and Accreditation Council, Bangalore is an autonomous body set up by the University Grants Commission (UGC) to assess and accredit institutions of higher education in the country.

As per requirement, the College prepared and submitted the Self Study Report in prescribed format consisting of four volumes in February 2004. A three member Peer Committee appointed by the NAAC visited the College for three days in August 2004 and had interaction with the Principal, Faculty Members, Students and Alumni, Parents, Management and a number of organizations including NGOs associated with the College for various activities.





There was an overwhelming response from the past students, and their meeting with the Peer Committee was presided over by Justice Y.V. Chandrachud, our ex-student and former Chief Justice of India. Parents came from far off places like Delhi, Chandigarh, Karnataka and other parts of Maharashtra, and shared their experiences with the Peer Committee.

The NAAC announced the result of assessment in September 2004 and the College was awarded A+ grade. It is the only law college in the country to have received A+ grade so far.

The assessment was valid for five years and the College is preparing for reassessment. It is our responsibility not only to maintain the standards but also to achieve much more.



Admission Rules

- 1. The duly completed admission forms must accompany all relevant documents i.e. mark sheets certificates etc. Those desirous of getting admission in any of the reserved categories must provide supporting documents at the time of submission of forms. Failing which the application will be considered for open category.
- 2. Students are required to pay fees the same day immediately after the interview.
- 3. All caste certificates must be issued by the competent authority. Non creamy layer certificates must be issued by sub-divisional officer and be valid on 15th June 2014.
- 4. Students who have applied and secured admission in NRI category, will not subsequently be accommodated in any other category.
- 5. Students who have applied for open category, will not subsequently be considered for any reserved category.
- **6.** Students seeking admission **in any course** must submit marksheets of S.S.C. or equivalent, H.S.C. or equivalent and LL.B. examination.
- 7. Applicants who have obtained 10+2 or graduation/post graduation through open university system directly without having any basic qualification for prosecuting such studies are not eligible for admission in law courses. (Bar council of India circular dt. 20.12.2010).
- 8. International Students:

All admissions for international students are made through the International Students Centre, University of Pune, who have the relevant information. The International Students Centre forwards applications to the Department of Law, which then admits the students.

Strict Disciplinary Action will be taken against students indulging in any kind of Ragging activity (as defined by 'The Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act 1999') inside or outside the College.

Students passed out of Universities declared by UGC as 'Fake Universities' are not eligible for admission. Please refer UGC website in this connection.

Law courses taught in the college are Professional Courses and Students must dress appropriately for the same.

Shorts, short tops, short skirts and Bermudas are not allowed.

Dress code for Girls

Dress code for Boys

- Full Jeans / Trousers and Tops
- Full Jeans / Trousers
- Salwar Kameez

• Shirts / T-Shirts

Sarees

It is mandatory for every student to attend at least 85% of total lectures held in each term in the College.

ELIGIBILITY:

Every candidate seeking admission to the Master of Laws Course (LL.M. Degree Course) must have passed the LL.B. Degree after completing three years of the LL.B. course or all the five years of the Five-Year course of this University or its equivalent degree of another statutory University recognized as equivalent to said degree of this University.

Time Table for Admission

Date	Particulars
1st July 2014	Prospectus and Admission Form Available.
18 th July 2014	Last date for receipt of duly completed admission forms by post/by hand.
21 st July 2014	List of students arranged in order of Merit will be displayed on College Notice Board and website: www.ilslaw.edu at 4 pm.
23 rd July 2014	Last date for receiving written objections to Merit List. Objection shall be restricted to category of admission and position in the Merit List. Objections must be in writing and may be sent by fax at 020 256568665 or e-mail at indianlawsociety@ilslaw.in and must mention the form no., name, telephone no., fax no. and e-mail address of the sender.
24 th July 2014	First Merit List of students along with Time Table for interview will be displayed on college notice board and on website: www.ilslaw.edu at 4 pm.
28 th July 2014	Interview and admission of students whose names appear in the first merit list
30 th July 2014	Second Merit List of students will be displayed on College notice Board and website: www.ilslaw.edu at 4 pm.
31 st July 2014	Interview and admission of students whose names appear in the second merit list (Timings for the Interview shall be announced later.)
1 st August 2014	Commencement of LL.M lectures

Note: 1) If there is any change in the admission schedule, it will be notified on the College notice board and website: www.ilslaw.edu

- 2) Students appearing for interview must bring with them DD of any nationalized bank in the name of 'Principal, ILS Law College' payable at Pune.
- 3) For DD amount, please see the College notice board/website on



Fees for the Academic Year 2014-15

Fee Structure for LL.M. 2014-15

Sr.	Sr. Paris I. Santa				NRI
No.	Particulars Particulars	* Within Maharashtra Rs.	Outside Maharashtra	SAARC - Bhutan, Nepal, Srilanka, Bangladesh Rs.	Rs.
1	Tuition Fees	27700	55400	83100	138500
2	Admission Fees	30	30	90	150
3	Library Fee	200	200	600	1000
4	Gymkhana Fee	100	100	300	500
5	Medical Fee	-	-	-	-
6	Student Welfare Fund	100	100	300	500
7	Computerization Fee	50	50	150	250
8	Pro-rata Contribution for Ashwamegh	30	30	90	150
9	Diaster Management	20	20	60	100
10	Development Fee	250	250	750	1250
11	Student Safety Insurance	10	10	30	50
12	Student Aid Fund	25	25	75	125
13	Registration Fee	25	25	75	125
14	Gathering & Prize Distribution Fee	200	200	600	1000
15	Terminal & Tutorial Fee	150	150	450	750
16	Identity Card Charges	150	150	450	750
17	Magazine Fee	200	200	600	1000
18	Eligibility Fee	500	1000	0	0
19	Field Work Fee		-	-	-
	Other Activities Fees				
20	Debate, Elocution and Quiz Fee	1000	1000	3000	5000
21	Seminar Fee	3200	3200	9600	16000
22	Legal Aid Fee	2000	2000	6000	10000
23	Law Review Fee	500	500	1500	2500
24	Physical Fitness (Swimmig/Gymnasium)	2500	2500	7500	12500
25	Abhivyakti Law Journal	500	500	1500	2500

Fees for the Academic Year 2014-15

Fee Structure for LL.M. 2014-15

Sr. No.	Particulars	* Within Maharashtra Rs.	Outside Maharashtra	SAARC - Bhutan, Nepal, Srilanka, Bangladesh Rs.	NRI Rs.
26	Cultural Activities Fee	2300	2300	6900	11500
27	Maintenance of Equipment	2000	2000	6000	10000
28	Research Activities	2000	2000	6000	10000
29	Training Placement & Skills Development	-	-	-	
30	Barcouncil Registration	-	-	-	
31	E-learning Equipments	5000	5000	15000	25000
	1. Computer Lab				
	2. LCD(Classroom)				
	3. Wi-Fi Access				
32	Print Resources	5000	5000	15000	25000
	1. Text Books				
	2. Reference Books				
	3. Law Reports				
	4. Law Journals				
	5. Govt. Publications (Gazettes)				
33	Electronic Resources	4500	4500	13500	22500
	1. E-books				
	2. E-journals				
	3. E-data bases legal				
34	Email Facility	1000	1000	3000	5000
35	Games & Recreation	2000	2000	6000	10000
	Total Amount Rs	63240	91440	188220	313700

^{*} Note: Students belonging to Reserved category should contact in the office for concession.
For instructions related to payment of fees, please refer page no 26

Instructions Related to Payment of Fees

N.B.

- All fees are subject to change as per the University of Pune rules.
- ii) B.C. students have to submit their scholarship / freeship form at the time of admission only and if not submitted, full fee has to be paid at the time of admission. This fee will be refunded to them on receipt of their scholarship / freeship from Government. For Fee Concessions refer Page No. 24, 25.
- iii) For the amount of Tuition Fees to be paid by different categories of students, please refer Pune University Circular No. Law/2002/365 dated 30-10-2002.
 - I. Notwithstanding anything provided otherwise, the Tuition fee and Laboratory fee are prescribed for the students from the State of Maharashtra. The tuition fee (* See note) for the students who are from outside the State of Maharashtra will have to pay double the Tuition Fee and Non-resident Indian students, persons of Indian origin, Foreign Citizens / Foreign Nationals will have to pay five times the fees that is prescribed for the State of Maharashtra. The students from Bhutan, Nepal and Srilanka will pay three times the fees as prescribed.

iv) For the definition of 'Candidates from outside Maharashtra' please refer Pune University circular No. 39 of 2010, relevant extract from which is given below:

Pune University order dated 30-10-2002.

For 'Maharashtra State Candidate', 'Maharashtra Domiciled Candidate' and 'Candidate from Outside Maharashtra State', please refer University of Pune Circular no. 39 of 2010 as follows:

- v) a) Maharashtra State Candidate: means a candidate passing SSC (Std. X) and higher education thereafter from the State of Maharashtra.
 - b) Maharashtra Domiciled Candidate: means a candidate should be domiciled of the State of Maharashtra.
- vi) a) Candidate from Outside Maharashtra

 State: means a candidate whose domicile

 status is outside Maharashtra and has

 passed his qualifying examination from

 University outside Maharashtra. He will

 be eligible for admission as candidate

 from outside Maharashtra.
 - b) A candidate whose domicile status is Outside Maharashtra State, but who has passed his qualifying examination from a statutory University in the State of

Maharasthra, but has passed his SSC or its equivalent examination from a recognized school outside the State of Maharashtra, will be eligible for admission to an institution which lies in the jurisdiction of the University. He will be considered as candidate from Outside Maharashtra State.

c) A candidate whose domicile status is

Outside Maharashtra and who has passed his/her qualifying examination from Pune University but has passed his/her SSC or equivalent examination from outside Maharashtra State, while filling in the application form for admission he/she should indicate their domicile status as "Other than Maharashtra".

Refund of Fees on cancellation of admission as per University Rules:

The candidate cancelling his / her admission will be entitled to receive the refund of fees after reducing the amounts as indicated in the following table:

No.	Cancellation of Admission	Amount to be deducted		
1.	Before the commencement of the course	Rs. 1000/- only	Provided vacant seat	
2.	1st day to 10 days from the date of commencement of the course	20% of the total fees	has been filled by another candidate before last date	
3.	11th day to 30 days from the date of commencement	40% of the total fees		
4.	After 30 days	100% of the total fees		

* Note: For NRI and SAARC Country Students Tuition fees and all other fees will be Five times and Three times respectively as per the circular issued by University of Pune.



Admission Procedure

- (I) The procedure for admission to LL M, a course offered at ILS Law College, Pune is given below. The programme and the procedure are liable to any change if required under any rules, directions or regulations made hereafter by the Pune University or the State Govt.
- (ii) Number of seats and qualifications:

Course	Seats	Qualifications
LL M (Part I)	60	LLB (3 years) or BSL LLB (5 years)
LL M (Part II)	27	LL M Part I

- (iii) Admissions for LL.M. will be based on merit.
- (iv) Admissions are at the sole discretion and decision of the Principal of the college.
- (v) Any enquiry may be addressed
 - a. by e-mail at ilslaw@vsnl.com with the words 'admission enquiry' in the subject of the mail, or
 - b. on telephone strictly between 9 a.m. and 3.45 p.m. on working days, and may be addressed to Aparna Tatke and Smita Wadikar. The telephone number is 020-25656775. Information will not be available on any other telephone numbers. Enquiries made after these hours cannot be replied, and enquiries at residence of the Hostel Rectors or the Principal are positively discouraged.
- (vi) Fees shall be paid on the same day in the form of D/D immediately after the interviews, else the student will be considered to have withdrawn his application. For fee Concessions, see page no. 24 and 25.
- (vii) All admissions are provisional, to be confirmed by the Principal and Admissions Committee and subject to further approval by the University of Pune.
- (viii) All students seeking admission shall do so in the prescribed form issued with this prospectus. Instructions to students for filling the admission form are also given along with the form. Documents indicated in the instructions must be submitted with the form. A duly completed admission form is one which gives all particulars sought and has all applicable documents attached. Incomplete forms will not be considered for admissions.
- (ix) Foreign students desirous of securing admission to this college should contact the Foreign Students Cell at the University of Pune for obtaining proper letter of admission from them. They will be admitted to the college only if they produce such letter of admission issued by the University of Pune.
- (x) The college follows the government policy and guidelines for reservation while allocating seats.



Course Description

NOTE: Credit System is introduced for the assessment at the Post-graduate level from the academic year 2014-15. For details please refer to the website: www.unipune.urnet.in www.unipune.urnet.ac.in

Pune University circular no PU/MVVM/111 dt 8.4.2013.

General Objectives of LL.M. Studies (Regular):

- 1. To make the students aware of the conceptual basis, nature of the law and its formulation.
- 2. To familiarize them with the basic principles underlying each course of study.
- 3. To acquaint them with the evolutionary processes of each law in the context of social, political, economic and other factors.
- Exposition of the subject-matter in detail with the help of legislative, judicial and other materials.
- 5. To inculcate the capacity to:
 - (a) Interpret and evaluate law, legal processes and legal institutions.
 - (b) Analyze fact situations and suggest probable legal solutions.
 - (c) Evaluate societal needs, and suggest viable solutions through modification in the existing laws, processes and institutions.
- To familiarize the students with the use of the library and to develop the capacity to search and collect reading and reference materials on a given topic.
- 7. To develop the capacity for coherent and reasoned expression.
- 8. (a) To introduce them to research methodology and its practical applications.
 - (b) To train them in the writing of research papers/dissertations.
 - (c) To train the students in skills for collection of empirical data and applying the law to

practical situation to study role of law in social change (practical ramification).

Expectations of Students' Attainment:

The students shall be expected to exhibit:

- 1. Understanding of the basic principles in each course.
- 2. Acquaintance with up-to-date statutory, judicial and other materials.
- 3. Appreciation of leading juristic writings.
- 4. Coherent and reasoned expression.
- 5. Solution of given problems in the context of laws and principles.
- 6. Anticipation of legal solutions to evolve societal needs.
- 7. Capacity for critical appreciation of the materials studied, and ability for independent thinking.
- 8. Familiarity with the elementary rules of research methodology and practice in legal research and writing.
- 9. To understand practical implication and ramification of theoretical law with interdisciplinary approach.

ATKT Rules:

No student shall be allowed to take an admission and appear in the examination of LL.M. Semester III unless he/she passes LL.M. Semester I in all the four papers with aggregate 50% marks and similarly no student will be permitted to take an admission and appear in the examination of Semester IV unless he/she passes LL.M. Semester II in all the four papers with aggregate 50% marks.

List of Subjects

Semester I

- LW-101 Constitutional and legal order I
- LW-102 Legal Theory and feminist jurisprudence-I

- LW-103 Law, Social Transformation And Judicial Process in India- I
- LW-104 Research Methods and Legal Education-I

Semester II

- LW-201 Constitutional and Legal Order II
- LW-202 Legal Theory and Feminist Jurisprudence II
- LW-203 Law, Social Transformation and Judicial Process in India II
- LW-204 Research Methodology and Legal Education II

Semester III

- LW-301 International Law and Practice
- LW-302 International Organizations their Role and International law
- LW-303 Principles of Criminal Law and Procedure
- LW-304 Criminology
- LW-305 Law of Contracts
- LW-306 Company Law
- LW-307 Trade Unionism and Collective Bargaining
- LW-308 Law relating to Social Security and Wages
- LW-309 Medical Law
- LW-310 Information Technology Law
- LW-311 Concept and Development of Human Rights
- LW-312 Human Rights and International Order
- LW-313 Administrative Process Nature and Scope
- LW-314 Administrative Process and Judicial Control
- LW-315 Public International Trade Law Role of UNO-I

- LW-316 Public International Trade Law-II
- LW-317 Resource Management and Law

The College offers the optional subjects when minimum 15 students opt for a particular subject.

Note to students regarding Syllabus:-

The students are requested to refer Syllabus of LLM prescribed by University of Pune for the details like Objectives of the course, Expectations from the students, Bibliography/ suggested Readings and the detailed syllabus contents:

(website Reference - www.unipune.urnet.in www.unipune.ac.in)

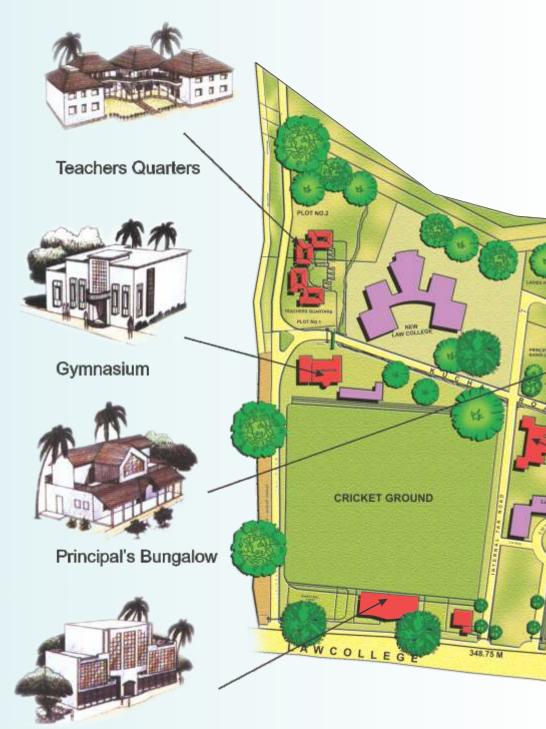
Instructions to Students

- 1. Admission form must be completed by the student in his/her own and in clear handwriting. It may be given by hand or posted. Admission procedure must be completed by the student in person.
- 2. Admission form must be completed in all respects including certificates and documents as indicated below. Incomplete forms will not be considered for admission.
- 3. Student may apprise themselves of all the rules of admission and the procedure of admission as stated in the prospectus, and any changes made thereafter, which will be displayed on the notice-board of the college and will be available on the college website at www.ilslaw.edu. The time-table and procedure for admission can also be seen on the notice board and on the college web-site.
- 4. Students must carry with them additional copies of photographs for I card purpose and submit Attested true copies of the following documents and must produce the originals at the time of interviews / admission.
 - i. Statement of Marks of S.S.C. or equivalent & H.S.C. or equivalent examination.
 - Statement of marks of the qualifying exam i.e. LL.B. marksheet
 (Where grade system is followed in assessment, student shall also give transcripts of marks or any other documents indicating marks in the qualifying examination).
 - iii. Passing certificate
 - iv. For date of birth purposes Certified copy of entry in birth register, or school leaving certificate, or certificate of SSC or equivalent examination
 - v. A student who has completed neither SSC nor HSC (or equivalent exams) from a recognised institution in Maharashtra, but who himself/herself or whose father or mother is domiciled in the State of Maharashtra must produce a domicile certificate of a Competent Authority that he/she/father/mother is domiciled in the State of Maharashtra; else such student will be treated as a Candidate from Outside Maharashtra for the purposes of admission and fees.
 - vi. A student coming from a College affiliated to the Pune University or Maharashtra Higher Secondary Board must produce a Transfer Certificate and School Leaving Certificate from that College/Board and School. A student coming from any other University or Board must produce a Migration Certificate, a Transfer Certificate and School Leaving Certificate from the University/College/Board/School. Else the student must Undertake to produce and must produce the same within fifteen days from the date of admission.
 - vii. If a student seeks admission and other benefits (fees, concessions etc.) in categories reserved for backward classes and other backward classes:
 - a) Caste certificate issued by appropriate authority b) In the case of such sub-categories among NT (C), NT (D), OBC to whom the creamy-layer criteria is applicable, a valid and subsisting certificate from the appropriate authority that the student does not belong to the creamy Layer.
 - IF SUCH CERTIFICATES ARE NOT SUBMITTED WITH THE ADMISSION FORM, THE STUDENT WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR ADMISSION IN THE OPEN CATEGORY FOR ALL PURPOSES INCLUDING ADMISSION MERITLIST AND FEES.
 - viii. If the student seeks admission and benefits in categories reserved other than for backward classes, a certificate from the appropriate authority indicating that the student belongs to such category.

Undertakings

- I) I hereby undertake, if admitted, to attend lectures (Minimum 85%) and all internal assessment programmes in the College. If I fail to do so, my term will not be granted..
- ii) I hereby submit to the disciplinary jurisdiction of the authorities of the University / and the authorities of the College, and shall observe and abide by the rules made by them.
- iii) I understand that if admitted, my admission will be confirmed only on my production of the Transference Certificate / Migration Certificate from my previous College or educational institution and the Final Eligibility Certificate of the University of Pune.
- iv) I undertake to take an identity card immediately and carry it with me while in the College Premises and to produce it when demanded by college staff.
- v) I understand that the curriculum and the fee structure and admission rules and criteria for this year, as well as for the LL.M. law course over the years is likely to be revised from time to time by the University of Pune, or the State Government or the College and that fees might increase and I undertake to pay the increased fees whenever demanded by the college and to comply with the rules from time to time.
- vi) I am aware that mobile phones, or similar electronic instruments have to be switched off in classrooms, library and during any activity in the College. If such instruments ring or are used during classes, in the library or during activities, the instruments are liable to be confiscated by the college authorities, or fine may be imposed by the college.
- vii) I am aware that smoking cigarettes or taking any addictive substance in College premises including the canteen, hostel, mess etc. is prohibited and if found doing these, I will be liable for disciplinary action.
- viii) I am also aware that it is my responsibility to keep College premises clean.
- ix) I promise not to indulge in any ragging activity (As defined by 'The Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act. 1999') inside or outside the College
- x) I promise not to indulge in cyber crime or post any derogatory comment about the college, teachers or fellow students in social media.





Commercial Complex